

# t:slim X2

Insulin Pump
with Control-IQ TECHNOLOGY

User Guide

**UNITS OF MEASURE** 

MMOL/L



#### T:SLIM X2 INSULIN PUMP WITH CONTROL-IQ TECHNOLOGY USER GUIDE

Software Version: Moonlight (7.4)

Congratulations on the purchase of your new t:slim  $X2^{TM}$  insulin pump with Control-IQ<sup>TM</sup> technology.

This user guide is designed to assist you with the features and functions of the t:slim X2 insulin pump with Control-IQ technology. It provides important warnings and cautions on proper operation as well as technical information to ensure your safety. It also provides step-by-step instructions on how to properly program, manage and care for your t:slim X2 insulin pump with Control-IQ technology.

Changes in equipment, software, or procedures occur periodically; information describing these changes will be included in future editions of this user guide.

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, nor transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, without the prior written permission of Tandem Diabetes Care.

Please contact your local customer support service to obtain a replacement copy of the user guide that is the correct version for your pump. For contact information in your region see the back cover of this user guide.

Tandem Diabetes Care, Inc. 11075 Roselle Street San Diego, CA 92121 USA tandemdiabetes.com

#### **WARNINGS:**

Control-IQ technology should not be used in anyone under the age of six years old. Control-IQ technology should also not be used in patients who require less than a total daily insulin dose of 10 units per day or who weigh less than 55 pounds, as those are the required minimum values needed in order for Control-IQ technology to operate safely.

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

# Section 1: Before You Begin

Chapter 1	I • Introduction	
1.1	Conventions of This Guide	14
1.2	Explanation of Symbols	16
1.3	System Description	
1.4	About this User Guide	
1.5	Indications for Use	
1.6	Contraindications	
1.7	Compatible CGMs	
1.8	Important User Information	
1.9	Important Pediatric User Information	20
1.10	Emergency Kit	
Sectio	on 2: t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Features	
Chapter 2	• Important Safety Information	
2.1	t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Warnings	
2.2	t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Precautions	27
2.3	Potential Benefits From Using Your Pump	30
2.4	Possible Risks From Using Your Pump	30
2.5	Working with your Healthcare Provider	31
2.6	Verification of Proper Functionality	31

Chapter 3	Getting to Know Your t:slim X2 Insulin Pump	
3.1	What your t:slim X2 Pump Package Includes	. 34
3.2	Pump Terminology	. 34
3.3	Explanation of t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Icons	. 37
3.4	Explanation of Pump Colors	. 39
3.5	Lock Screen	. 40
3.6	Home Screen	. 42
3.7	Current Status Screen	. 44
3.8	Bolus Screen	. 46
3.9	Options Screen	. 48
3.10	My Pump Screen	. 50
3.11	Device Settings Screen	. 52
3.12	Number Keypad Screen	. 54
3.13	Letter Keypad Screen	. 56
Chapter 4	Getting Started	
4.1	Charging the t:slim X2 Pump	. 60
4.2	Turning the Pump On	. 61
4.3	Using the Touchscreen	. 61
4.4	Turning the t:slim X2 Pump Screen On	. 62
4.5	Selecting Your Language	. 62
4.6	Turning the Pump Screen Off	. 62
4.7	Turning the Pump Off	. 62
4.8	Unlocking the t:slim X2 Pump Screen	. 63
4.9	Edit Time	. 63
4.10	Edit Date	. 63
4.11	Basal Limit	. 64
4.12	Display Settings	. 65
4.13	Mobile Connection Security	. 65

4.14	Sound Volume	55
4.15	Turn Security PIN On or Off6	6
Chapter 5	Insulin Delivery Settings	
5.1	Personal Profiles Overview	O
5.2	Creating a New Profile	O
5.3	Programming a New Personal Profile	2
5.4	Editing or Reviewing an Existing Profile	
5.5	Duplicating an Existing Profile	6
5.6	Activating an Existing Profile	6
5.7	Renaming an Existing Profile	7
5.8	Deleting an Existing Profile	7
5.9	Starting a Temporary Basal Rate	7
5.10	Stopping a Temp Rate	8
Chapter 6	Infusion Site Care and Loading Cartridge	
6.1	Infusion Site Selection and Care	śΟ
6.2	Cartridge Instructions for Use	
6.3	Filling and Loading a t:slim Cartridge	
6.4	Filling Tubing	37
6.5	Filling Cannula	
6.6	Setting Site Reminder	Ю
Chapter 7	Manual Bolus	
7.1	Manual Bolus Overview	12
7.2	Correction Bolus Calculation	
7.3	Bolus Override	
7.4	Food Bolus Using Units	16
7.5	Food Bolus Using Grams	
7.6	Extended Bolus	

7.7	Max Bolus
7.8	Quick Bolus         99
7.9	Canceling or Stopping a Bolus
Chapter 8	Start, Stop, or Resume Insulin
8.1	Starting Insulin Delivery
8.2	Stopping Insulin Delivery
8.3	Resuming Insulin Delivery
8.4	Disconnecting When Using Automated Insulin Dosing
Chapter 9	• t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Information and History
9.1	t:slim X2 Pump Info
9.2	t:slim X2 Pump History
Chapter 1	0 • t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Reminders
10.1	Low BG Reminder
10.2	High BG Reminder
10.3	After Bolus BG Reminder
10.4	Missed Meal Bolus Reminder
10.5	Site Reminder
Chapter 1	1 • User Settable Alerts and Alarms
11.1	Low Insulin Alert
11.2	Auto-Off Alarm
11.3	Max Basal Alert
Chapter 1	2 • t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Alerts
12.1	Low Insulin Alert
12.2	Low Power Alerts
12.3	Incomplete Bolus Alert

12.4	Incomplete Temp Rate Alert
12.5	Incomplete Load Sequence Alerts
12.6	Incomplete Setting Alert
12.7	Basal Rate Required Alert 120
12.8	Max Hourly Bolus Alert
12.9	Max Bolus Alerts
12.10	Max Basal Alert
12.11	Min Basal Alerts
12.12	Connection Error Alert
12.13	Pairing Code Timeout
12.14	Power Source Alert
12.15	Data Error Alert
Chapter 13	• t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Alarms
-	·
13.1	Resume Pump Alarm
13.2	Low Power Alarm
13.3	Empty Cartridge Alarm
13.4	Cartridge Error Alarm
13.5	Cartridge Removal Alarm
13.6	Temperature Alarm
13.7	Occlusion Alarms
13.8	Screen On/Quick Bolus Button Alarm
13.9	Altitude Alarm
13.10	Reset Alarm
Chapter 14	• t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Malfunction
14.1	Malfunction
Chapter 15	Taking Care of Your Pump
15.1	Overview

-	6 • Lifestyles Issues and Travel  Overview
10.1	
Sectio	n 3: CGM Features
Chapter 1	7 • Important CGM Safety Information
17.1	CGM Warnings
17.2	CGM Precautions
17.3	Potential Benefits From Using the t:slim X2 System
17.4	Possible Risks From Using the t:slim X2 System
Chapter 1	8 • Getting to Know Your CGM System
18.1	CGM Terminology
18.2	Explanation of CGM Pump Icons
18.3	CGM Lock Screen
18.4	CGM Home Screen
18.5	My CGM Screen
Chapter 1	9 • CGM Overview
19.1	CGM System Overview
19.2	Receiver (t:slim X2 Insulin Pump) Overview
19.3	Transmitter Overview
19.4	Sensor Overview
Chapter 2	0 • CGM Settings
20.1	About Bluetooth
20.2	Disconnecting from the Dexcom Receiver
20.3	Entering Your Transmitter ID

20.4 20.5	Setting CGM Volume
Chapter 21	Setting CGM Alerts
21.1	Setting Your High Glucose Alert and Repeat Feature
21.2	Setting Your Low Glucose Alert and Repeat Feature
21.3	Rate Alerts
21.4	Setting Your Rise Alert
21.5	Setting Your Fall Alert
21.6	Setting Your Out of Range Alert
21.0	Cotting Four Cut of Hainge More Therefore The Cotting Four Cut of the Cotting
Chapter 22	2 • Start or Stop a CGM Sensor Session
22.1	Start the Sensor
22.2	Sensor Startup Period
22.3	Automatic Sensor Shut-Off
22.4	Ending a Sensor Session Before Automatic Shut-Off
22.5	Removing the Sensor and Transmitter
Chapter 23	B ● Calibrating Your CGM System
23.1	Calibration Overview
23.2	Startup Calibration
23.3	Calibration BG Value and Correction Bolus
23.4	Reasons You May Need to Calibrate
20.1	Todastic Fourthay Nood to Gallistate First
Chapter 24	I • Viewing CGM Data on Your t:slim X2 Insulin Pump
24.1	Overview
24.2	CGM Trend Graphs
24.3	Rate of Change Arrows
24.4	CGM History
24.5	Missed Readings

Chapter 25	CGM Alerts and Errors	
25.1	Startup Calibration Alert	15
25.2	Second Startup Calibration Alert	16
25.3	12 Hour Calibration Alert	17
25.4	Incomplete Calibration	18
25.5	Calibration Timeout	
25.6	Wait 15 Minute Calibration Error Alert	
25.7	Calibration Required Alert	
25.8	CGM High Alert	
25.9	CGM Low Alert	
25.10	CGM Fixed Low Alert	
25.11	CGM Rise Alert	
25.12	CGM Rapid Rise Alert	_
25.13	CGM Fall Alert	
	CGM Rapid Fall Alert	
	Unknown Sensor Glucose Reading	
25.16	Out of Range Alert	
25.17	Low Transmitter Battery Alert	
25.18	Transmitter Error	
25.19	Failed Sensor Error	
25.20	CGM Unavailable	
25.21	CGM System Error	35
Chapter 26	CGM Troubleshooting	
26.1	CGM Pairing Troubleshooting	38
26.2	Calibration Troubleshooting	
26.3	Unknown Sensor Reading Troubleshooting	
26.4	Out of Range/No Antenna Troubleshooting	
26.5	Failed Sensor Troubleshooting	

26.6	Sensor Inaccuracies
Sectio	n 4: Control-IQ Technology Features
Chapter 2	7 • Control-IQ Technology Important Safety Information
27.1 27.2	Control-IQ Warnings
Chapter 2	3 ● Getting to Know Control-IQ Technology
28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5	Responsible Use of Control-IQ Technology248Explanation of Control-IQ Technology Icons249Control-IQ Lock Screen250Control-IQ Home Screen252Control-IQ Screen254
Chapter 2	9 • Introduction to Control-IQ Technology
29.1 29.2 29.3	Control-IQ Technology Overview258How Control-IQ Technology Works258Control-IQ Technology and Activity267
Chapter 3	O • Configure and Use Control-IQ Technology
30.1 30.2 30.3 30.4	Required Settings
30.5 30.6 30.7 30.8	Schedule Sleep272Activate or Deactivate a Sleep Schedule273Manually Start or Stop Sleep274Manually Start or Stop Exercise275

30.9	Control-IQ Technology Information on Your Screen
Chapter 3	1 ● Control-IQ Technology Alerts
31.1	Out of Range Alert – Control-IQ Technology Off
31.2	Out of Range Alert - Control-IQ Technology On
31.3	Control-IQ Technology Low Alert
31.4	Control-IQ High Alert
31.5	Max Insulin Alert
Chapter 3	2 • Overview of Control-IQ Technology Clinical Studies
32.1	Introduction
32.2	Clinical Study Overview         288
32.3	Demographics
32.4	Intervention Compliance
32.5	Primary Analysis
32.6	Secondary Analysis
32.7	Insulin Delivery Differences
32.8	Control-IQ Technology High and Low Alert Accuracy
32.9	Additional Analysis of Glucose Value Auto-Population with CGM
Section	n 5: Technical Specifications and Warranty
-	3 • Technical Specifications
33.1	Overview
33.2	t:slim X2 Pump Specifications
33.3	t:slim X2 Pump Options and Settings
33.4	t:slim X2 Pump Performance Characteristics
33.5	Electromagnetic Compatibility

Wireless Co-existence and Data Security	
Electromagnetic Emissions	
Electromagnetic Immunity	
Distances Between the t:slim X2 Pump and RF Equipment	
Quality of Wireless Service	
FCC Notice Concerning Interference	
? Warranty Information	
Returned Goods Policy	
t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Event Data (Black Box)	
Product List	
	332
9	FCC Notice Concerning Interference  Warranty Information  Returned Goods Policy  t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Event Data (Black Box)

**CHAPTER 1** 

Introduction

## 1.1 Conventions of This Guide

The following are conventions used in this user guide (such as terms, icons, text formatting, and other conventions) along with their explanations.

## Formatting Conventions

Convention	Explanation
Bolded Text	Text that is in bold in a sentence or step indicates an on-screen icon or physical button name.
Italic Text	Text that is in italics indicates the name of a screen or menu on the pump display.
Numbered Items	Numbered items are step-by-step instructions for how to perform a specific task.
Blue Text	Calls out a reference to a separate user guide location or website link.

## **Terminology Definitions**

Term	Definition
Touchscreen	The front glass screen of your pump, which displays all programming, operating, and alarm/alert information.
Тар	Quickly and lightly touch the screen with your finger.
Press	Use your finger to depress a physical button (the Screen On/Quick Bolus button is the only physical/hardware button on your pump).
Hold	Keep pressing a button or touching an icon or menu until its function is complete.
Menu	A list of options on your touchscreen that allow you to perform specific tasks.
Icon	An image on your touchscreen that indicates an option or item of information, or a symbol on the back of your pump or its packaging.

## Symbol Definitions

Symbol	Definition
	Calls out an important note regarding the use or operation of the system.
A	Calls out safety precautions which, if ignored, could result in minor or moderate injury.
A	Calls out critical safety information which, if ignored, could result in serious injury or death.
$\checkmark$	Indicates how the pump responds to the previous instruction.

## 1.2 Explanation of Symbols

The following are symbols (and their descriptions), which you may find on your pump, pump supplies and/or their packaging. These symbols tell you about the proper and safe use of the pump. Some of these symbols may not be relevant in your region, and are listed for informational purposes only.

#### Explanation of t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Symbols

Symbol	Definition
$\triangle$	Caution
<b>(3)</b>	Follow instructions for use
m ROnly	For sale by or on the order of a physician only (U.S.)
REF	Catalogue number
LOT	Batch code
IPX7	International Protection (IP) Code
***	Manufacturer
سا	Date of manufacture

Symbol	Definition
☀	Type BF Applied Part (patient isolation, not defibrillator protected)
i	Consult instructions for use
<b>(</b> (( <u>\(\(\)\)</u> ))	Non-ionizing Radiation
SN	Serial number
MD	Medical Device
EC REP	Authorized Representative in the European Community
C € ××××	CE marking of conformity
	Regulatory Compliance Mark

# Explanation of t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Symbols (Continued)

Symbol	Definition
===	Direct Current (DC) voltage
X	Separate collection for waste electrical and electronic equipment
	Electric Equipment Designed Primarily for Indoor Use
	IEC Class II Equipment
(X)	Wall Power USB Adapter
	Cartridge Removal Tool
ψ	USB Cable

Symbol	Definition
<u></u>	Humidity limitation
1	Temperature limit
<del>*</del>	Keep Dry
(Z)	Outlet Adapter
	Pump Case
	User Guide

## 1.3 System Description

The t:slim X2™ insulin pump is made up of the t:slim X2 insulin pump, the t:slim X2 3mL (300 units) cartridge, and a compatible infusion set. In this user guide, the t:slim X2 insulin pump may be referred to as the "pump" or the "t:slim X2 pump."

The combination of the t:slim X2 pump with Control-IQ technology and a compatible continuous glucose monitor (CGM) may be referred to as the "System."

The Dexcom G6 transmitter may be referred to as the "transmitter." The Dexcom G6 sensor may be referred to as the "sensor." Together, the Dexcom G6 transmitter and Dexcom G6 sensor may be referred to as the "CGM."

The pump delivers insulin in two ways: basal insulin delivery (continuous) and bolus insulin delivery. The disposable cartridge is filled with up to 300 units of U-100 insulin and attached to the pump. The cartridge is replaced every 48–72 hours.

The t:slim X2 pump comes preloaded with an automated insulin dosing feature, or can be updated to include an automated insulin dosing feature. The addition of this feature enables the t:slim X2 System to automatically adjust the delivery of insulin based on CGM sensor readings; however, the feature is not a substitute for your own active diabetes management. The automated insulin dosing feature utilizes the CGM sensor readings to calculate a predicted glucose value 30 minutes into the future. For more information on how the automated insulin dosing feature is activated, see Chapter 29 Introduction to Control-IQ Technology.

The pump can be used for basal and bolus insulin delivery with or without a CGM. If a CGM is not used, sensor glucose readings will not be sent to the pump display and you will not be able to use the automated insulin dosing feature.

The sensor is a disposable device that is inserted under the skin to continuously monitor glucose levels. The transmitter connects to the sensor pod and wirelessly sends readings to

the pump, which acts as a receiver for the therapeutic CGM, every 5 minutes. The pump shows sensor glucose readings, a trend graph, as well as the direction and rate of change arrows.

The sensor measures glucose in the fluid under the skin—not in blood, and sensor readings are not identical to readings from a blood glucose (BG) meter.

#### 1.4 About this User Guide

This user guide covers important information on how to operate your System. It provides step-by-step instructions to help you properly program, manage, and care for the System. It also provides important warnings and cautions on proper operation and technical information to ensure your safety.

The user guide is organized into sections. Section 1 provides important information you need to know before you start using the System. Section 2 covers instructions for using the t:slim X2 pump. Section 3 covers instructions for using CGM with your pump. Section

4 covers instructions for using the automated insulin dosing feature on your pump. Section 5 provides information on the technical specifications of your pump.

The pump screens used in this user guide demonstrate how to use features, and are examples only. They should not be considered as suggestions for your individual needs.

Additional product information may be provided by your local customer support service.

#### 1.5 Indications for Use

The t:slim X2 insulin pump is intended for the subcutaneous delivery of insulin, at set and variable rates, for the management of diabetes mellitus in persons requiring insulin. The pump is able to reliably and securely communicate with compatible, digitally connected devices.

Control-IQ technology is intended for use with a compatible continuous glucose monitor (CGM) and the t:slim X2 insulin pump to automatically

increase, decrease, and suspend delivery of basal insulin based on CGM readings and predicted glucose values. It can also deliver correction boluses when the glucose value is predicted to exceed a predefined threshold.

The pump is indicated for use in persons six years of age and greater.

The pump is intended for single patient use.

The pump is indicated for use with NovoRapid or Humalog U-100 insulin.

### 1.6 Contraindications

The t:slim X2 pump, transmitter, and sensor must be removed before Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Computed Tomography (CT) scan, or diathermy treatment. Exposure to MRI, CT, or diathermy treatment can damage the components.

DO NOT use Control-IQ technology if you are taking hydroxyurea, a medication used in the treatment of diseases including cancer and sickle cell anemia. Your Dexcom G6 CGM readings may be falsely elevated and

result in over-delivery of insulin that could result in severe hypoglycemia.

### 1.7 Compatible CGMs

Compatible CGMs include the following:

Dexcom G6 CGM

For information about Dexcom G6 CGM product specifications and performance characteristics, visit the manufacturer's website for applicable user guides.

The Dexcom G6 sensors and transmitters are sold and shipped separately by Dexcom or their local distributors.

#### **■ NOTE**

**Device Connections:** The Dexcom G6 CGM currently allows pairing with one medical device at a time (either the t:slim X2 pump or the Dexcom receiver), but you can still use the Dexcom G6 CGM app and your t:slim X2 pump simultaneously using the same transmitter ID.

#### **■** NOTE

Use of CGM for Treatment Decisions: Product information for the Dexcom G6 CGM System includes important information on how to use the Dexcom G6 CGM information (including sensor glucose readings, trend graph, trend arrow, alarm/alerts) to make treatment decisions. Ensure that you have reviewed this information and discussed it with your healthcare provider, who can guide you in correctly using your Dexcom G6 CGM information when making treatment decisions.

## 1.8 Important User Information

Review all instructions in this user guide before using the System.

If you are not able to use the System according to the instructions in this user guide and other applicable user guides, you may be putting your health and safety at risk.

If you are new to using CGM, continue using your BG meter until you are familiar with CGM usage.

If you are currently using the pump without Dexcom G6 CGM, or if you are currently using Dexcom G6 CGM, it is

still very important that you review all instructions in this user guide before using the combined System.

Pay special attention to Warnings and Precautions in this user guide. Warnings and Precautions are identified with a  $\triangle$  or  $\triangle$  symbol.

If you still have questions after reading this user guide, contact your local customer support service.

# 1.9 Important Pediatric User Information

The following recommendations are meant to help younger users and their caregivers program, manage, and care for the System.

Younger children may inadvertently press or tap the pump, leading to unintentional delivery of insulin.

It is the responsibility of the healthcare provider and caregiver to determine if the user is appropriate for treatment with this device.

We recommend reviewing the Quick Bolus and Security PIN capabilities of the pump and determining how they best fit with your care plan. These features are detailed in Chapters 7 Manual Bolus and 4 Getting Started.

Inadvertent dislodgement of the infusion site may occur more frequently with children so consider securing the infusion site and tubing.

#### **▲ WARNING**

Control-IQ technology should not be used by people who use less than 10 units of insulin per day or weigh less than 24.9 kilograms (55 pounds), which are the minimum inputs required to initiate Control-IQ technology and for it to operate safely.

#### WARNING

The t:slim X2 insulin pump with Control-IQ technology should not be used in children under the age of six years old.

#### WARNING

DO NOT allow small children (either pump users or non-users) to ingest small parts, such as the rubber USB port cover and cartridge components. Small parts could pose a choking hazard. If ingested or swallowed, these small component pieces may cause internal injury or infection.

#### WARNING

The pump includes parts (such as the USB cable and infusion set tubing) that could pose a strangulation or asphyxiation hazard. Always use the appropriate length of infusion set tubing and arrange cables and tubing to minimize the risk of strangulation. **ENSURE** that these parts are stored in a secure place when not in use.

#### WARNING

For patients who do not self-manage their disease, the Security PIN function should **ALWAYS** be on when the pump is not being used by a caregiver. The Security PIN function is intended to prevent inadvertent screen taps or button presses that may lead to insulin delivery or changes in the pump settings. These changes can potentially lead to hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events. See Section 4.15 Turn Security PIN On or Off for details on how to turn the Security PIN function on.

#### WARNING

For patients whose insulin administration is managed by a caregiver, ALWAYS turn off the Quick Bolus feature to avoid inadvertent bolus delivery. If the Security PIN is turned on, the Quick Bolus feature is automatically disabled. Inadvertent screen taps, button presses, or

tampering with the insulin pump could result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events. See Section 4.15 Turn Security PIN On or Off for details on how to turn the Security PIN function off.

## 1.10 Emergency Kit

Make sure that you always have an insulin syringe and vial of insulin or a prefilled insulin pen with you as a backup for emergency situations. You should also always have an appropriate emergency kit with you. Talk with your healthcare provider regarding what items this kit should include.

Supplies to carry every day:

- BG testing supplies: meter, strips, control solution, lancets, meter batteries
- Fast-acting carbohydrate to treat low BG
- Extra snack for longer coverage than fast-acting carbohydrate
- · Glucagon emergency kit

- Rapid-acting insulin and syringes or a prefilled insulin pen
- Infusion sets (minimum of 2)
- Insulin pump cartridges (minimum of 2)
- Infusion site preparation products (antiseptic wipes, skin adhesive)
- Diabetes identification card or jewelry

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 2** 

# Important Safety Information

The following includes important safety information related to your t:slim X2™ pump and its components. The information presented in this chapter does not represent all warnings and precautions related to the System. Pay attention to other warnings and precautions listed throughout this user guide as they relate to special circumstances, features, or users.

# 2.1 t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Warnings

#### WARNING

DO NOT start to use your pump before reading the user guide. Failure to follow the instructions in this user guide can result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events. If you have questions or need further clarification on your pump use, ask your healthcare provider or call your local customer support.

#### WARNING

**DO NOT** start to use your pump before you have been appropriately trained on its use by a certified trainer or through the training materials available online if you are updating your pump.

Consult with your healthcare provider for your individual training needs for the pump. Failure to complete the necessary training on your pump could result in serious injury or death.

#### WARNING

Only U-100 Humalog and NovoRapid have been tested and found to be compatible for use with the pump. The use of lower or higher concentration insulin may cause over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### WARNING

DO NOT put any other drugs or medications in the pump. The pump has only been tested for continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion (CSII) with U-100 Humalog or U-100 NovoRapid insulin. The pump may be damaged if other medicines are used and an infusion may result in damage to health.

#### WARNING

The pump is not intended for anyone unable or unwilling to:

» Use the pump, CGM, and all other system components in accordance with their respective instructions for use

- » Test BG levels as recommended by a healthcare provider
- » Demonstrate adequate carbohydratecounting skills
- » Maintain sufficient diabetes self- care skills
- » See a healthcare provider(s) regularly

The user must also have adequate vision and/or hearing in order to recognize all functions of your pump, including alerts, alarms, and reminders

#### WARNING

DO NOT start to use your pump before consulting with your healthcare provider to determine which features are most appropriate for you. Only your healthcare provider can determine and help you adjust your basal rate(s), carb ratio(s), correction factor(s), target BG, and duration of insulin action. In addition, only your healthcare provider can determine your CGM settings and how you should use your sensor trend information to help you manage your diabetes. Incorrect settings can result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### WARNING

ALWAYS be prepared to inject insulin with an alternative method if delivery is interrupted for any reason. Your pump is designed to deliver insulin reliably, but because it uses only rapidacting insulin, you will not have long-acting insulin in your body. Failure to have an alternative method of insulin delivery can lead to very high BG or Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA).

#### WARNING

ONLY use cartridges and infusion sets with matching connectors and follow their instructions for use. Failure to do so may result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin and may cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **▲** WARNING

**DO NOT** place your infusion set on any scars, lumps, moles, stretch marks or tattoos. Placing your infusion set in these areas can cause swelling, irritation or infection. This can affect insulin absorption and cause high or low BG.

#### WARNING

**ALWAYS** carefully follow the instructions for use accompanying your infusion set for proper insertion and infusion site care, as failure to do

so could result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin or infection.

#### **A** WARNING

NEVER fill your tubing while your infusion set is connected to your body. Always ensure that the infusion set is disconnected from your body before filling the tubing. Failure to disconnect your infusion set from your body before filling the tubing can result in over delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) events.

#### **A** WARNING

**NEVER** reuse cartridges or use cartridges other than those manufactured by Tandem Diabetes Care. Use of cartridges not manufactured by Tandem Diabetes Care or reuse of cartridges may result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A** WARNING

ALWAYS twist the tubing connector between the cartridge tubing and the infusion set tubing an extra quarter of a turn to ensure a secure connection. A loose connection can cause insulin to leak, resulting in under delivery of insulin. If the connection comes loose, disconnect the infusion set from your body

before tightening. This can cause hyperglycemia (high BG).

#### WARNING

DO NOT disconnect the tubing connector between the cartridge tubing and the infusion set tubing. If the connection comes loose, disconnect the infusion set from your body before tightening. Failure to disconnect before tightening can result in over delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG).

#### **A** WARNING

**DO NOT** remove or add insulin from a filled cartridge after loading onto the pump. This will result in an inaccurate display of the insulin level on the *Home* screen and you could run out of insulin before the pump detects an empty cartridge. This can cause very high BG, or Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA).

#### **A** WARNING

DO NOT deliver a bolus until you have reviewed the calculated bolus amount on the pump display. If you deliver an insulin amount that is too high or too low, this could cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events. You can always adjust the insulin units up or down before you decide to deliver your bolus.

#### WARNING

DO NOT allow small children (either pump users or non-users) to ingest small parts, such as the rubber USB port cover and cartridge components. Small parts could pose a choking hazard. If ingested or swallowed, these small component pieces may cause internal injury or infection.

#### WARNING

The pump includes parts (such as the USB cable and infusion set tubing) that could pose a strangulation or asphyxiation hazard. ALWAYS use the appropriate length of infusion set tubing and arrange cables and tubing to minimize the risk of strangulation. ENSURE that these parts are stored in a secure place when not in use.

#### WARNING

For patients who do not self-manage their disease, the Security PIN function should **ALWAYS** be on when the pump is not being used by a caregiver. The Security PIN function is intended to prevent inadvertent screen taps or button presses that may lead to insulin delivery or changes in the pump settings. These changes can potentially lead to hypoglycemic or hyperglycemic events.

#### WARNING

For patients whose insulin administration is managed by a caregiver, ALWAYS turn off the Quick Bolus feature to avoid inadvertent bolus delivery. If the Security PIN is turned on, the Quick Bolus feature is automatically disabled. Inadvertent screen taps, button presses, or tampering with the insulin pump could result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

# Radiology and Medical Procedures and Your t:slim X2 System

#### WARNING

ALWAYS notify the provider/technician about your diabetes and your pump. If you need to discontinue use of the pump for medical procedures, follow your healthcare provider's instructions to replace missed insulin when you reconnect to the pump. Check your BG before disconnecting from the pump and again when you reconnect and treat high BG levels as recommended by your healthcare provider.

#### WARNING

**DO NOT** expose your pump, transmitter, or sensor to:

- » X-rav
- » Computed Tomography (CT) scan
- » Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)
- » Positron Emission Tomography (PET) scan
- » Other exposure to radiation

The System is magnetic resonance (MR) unsafe. You must take off your pump, transmitter, and sensor and leave them outside the procedure room if you are going to have any of the above procedures.

#### **A WARNING**

In addition to the above, **DO NOT** expose your pump, transmitter, or sensor to:

- Pacemaker/Automatic Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (AICD) placement or reprogramming
- » Cardiac Catheterization
- » Nuclear Stress Test

You must take off your pump, transmitter, and sensor and leave them outside the procedure

room if you are going to have any of the above medical procedures.

#### **A** WARNING

There are other procedures where you should proceed with caution:

- » Laser Surgery Your System can usually be worn during the procedure. However, some lasers can create interference and cause the System to alarm.
- » General Anesthesia Depending on the equipment being used, you may or may not need to remove your System. Be sure to ask your healthcare provider.

#### **A** WARNING

There is no need to disconnect for electrocardiograms (EKGs) or colonoscopies. If you have questions, contact your local customer support.

#### **A** WARNING

**DO NOT** use the pump if you have a condition which, in the opinion of your healthcare provider, would put you at risk. Examples of individuals who should not use the pump include those with uncontrolled thyroid disease, renal failure (e.g. dialysis or eGFR <30),

hemophilia, or another major bleeding disorder, or unstable cardiovascular disease.

# 2.2 t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Precautions

#### **A PRECAUTION**

DO NOT open or attempt to repair your insulin pump. The pump is a sealed device that should be opened and repaired only by Tandem Diabetes Care. Modification could result in a safety hazard. If your pump seal is broken, the pump is no longer watertight and the warranty is voided.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHANGE your infusion set every 48 to 72 hours as recommended by your healthcare provider. Wash your hands with anti-bacterial soap before handling the infusion set and thoroughly clean the insertion site on your body to avoid infection. Contact your healthcare provider if you have symptoms of infection at your insulin infusion site.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**ALWAYS** remove all air bubbles from the pump before beginning insulin delivery. Ensure there are no air bubbles when drawing insulin into the filling syringe, hold the pump with the white fill port pointed up when filling the tubing, and ensure that there are no air bubbles in the tubing when filling. Air in the system takes space where insulin should be and can affect insulin delivery.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK your infusion site daily for proper placement and leaks. REPLACE your infusion set if you notice leaks around the site. Improperly placed sites or leaks around the infusion site can result in under delivery of insulin.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK your infusion set tubing daily for any leaks, air bubbles, or kinks. Air in the tubing, leaks in the tubing, or kinked tubing may restrict or stop insulin delivery and result in under delivery of insulin.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK the tubing connection between your cartridge tubing and infusion set tubing daily to ensure it is tight and secure. Leaks around the tubing connection can result in under delivery of insulin.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

DO NOT change your infusion set before bedtime or if you will not be able to test your BG 1–2 hours after the new infusion set is placed. It is important to confirm that the infusion set is inserted correctly and delivering insulin. It is also important to respond quickly to any problems with the insertion to ensure continued insulin delivery.

#### PRECAUTION

ALWAYS check that your cartridge has enough insulin to last through the night before going to bed. If you are sleeping, you could fail to hear the Empty Cartridge Alarm and miss part of your basal insulin delivery.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK your pump's personal settings regularly to ensure they are correct. Incorrect settings can result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. Consult with your healthcare provider as needed.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

ALWAYS make sure that the correct time and date are set on your insulin pump. Not having the correct time and date setting may affect safe insulin delivery. When editing time, always check that the AM/PM setting is accurate, if

using the 12 hour clock. AM is to be used from midnight until 11:59 AM. PM is to be used from noon until 11:59 PM.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CONFIRM that the screen display turns on, you can hear audible beeps, feel the pump vibrate, and see the green LED light blinking around the edge of the Screen On/Quick Bolus button when you connect a power source to the USB port. These features are used to notify you about alerts, alarms, and other conditions that require your attention. If these features are not working, discontinue use of the pump and contact your local customer support.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK your pump regularly for potential alarm conditions that may display. It is important to be aware of conditions that may affect insulin delivery and require your attention so you can respond as soon as possible.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**DO NOT** use the vibrate feature for alerts and alarms during sleep unless otherwise directed by your healthcare provider. Having the volume for alerts and alarms set to high will help ensure that you don't miss an alert or alarm.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

ALWAYS look at the screen to confirm correct programming of the bolus amount when you first use the Quick Bolus feature. Looking at the screen will ensure that you are correctly using the beep/vibration commands to program the intended bolus amount.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

DO NOT use your pump if you think it might be damaged due to dropping it or hitting it against a hard surface. Check that the pump is working properly by plugging a power source into the USB port and confirming that the display turns on, you hear audible beeps, feel the pump vibrate, and see the green LED light blinking around the edge of the Screen On/Quick Bolus button. If you are unsure about potential damage, discontinue use of the pump and contact your local customer support.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**AVOID** exposure of your pump to temperatures below  $5^{\circ}$ C ( $40^{\circ}$ F) or above  $37^{\circ}$ C ( $99^{\circ}$ F). Insulin can freeze at low temperatures or degrade at high temperatures. Insulin that has been exposed to conditions outside of the manufacturer's recommended ranges can affect the safety and performance of the pump.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

AVOID submerging your pump in fluid beyond a depth of 0.91 m (3 feet) or for more than 30 minutes (IPX7 rating). If your pump has been exposed to fluid beyond these limits, check for any signs of fluid entry. If there are signs of fluid entry, discontinue use of the pump and contact your local customer support.

#### **▲ PRECAUTION**

**AVOID** areas where there may be flammable anesthetics or explosive gases. The pump is not suitable for use in these areas and there is a risk of explosion. Remove your pump if you need to enter these areas.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

MAKE SURE to not move further than the length of the USB cable when you are connected to the pump and to a charging source. Moving further than the length of the USB cable may cause the cannula to be pulled out of the infusion site. For this reason it is recommended not to charge the pump while sleeping.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**DISCONNECT** your infusion set from your body while on high-speed/high gravity amusement park thrill rides. Rapid changes in altitude or

gravity can affect insulin delivery and cause injury.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

DISCONNECT your infusion set from your body before flying in an aircraft without cabin pressurization or in planes used for aerobatics or combat simulation (pressurized or not). Rapid changes in altitude or gravity can affect insulin delivery and cause injury.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CONSULT your healthcare provider about lifestyle changes such as weight gain or loss, and starting or stopping exercise. Your insulin needs may change in response to lifestyle changes. Your basal rate(s) and other settings may need adjustment.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK your BG using a BG meter following a gradual elevation change of up to each 305 meters (1,000 feet), such as when snow skiing or driving on a mountain road. Delivery accuracy can vary up to 15% until 3 units of total insulin have been delivered or elevation has changed by more than 305 meters (1,000 feet). Changes in delivery accuracy can affect insulin delivery and cause injury.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

ALWAYS check with your healthcare provider for specific guidelines if you want or need to disconnect from the pump for any reason. Depending on the length of time and reason you are disconnecting, you may need to replace missed basal and/or bolus insulin. Check your BG before disconnecting from the pump and again when you reconnect, and treat high BG levels as recommended by your healthcare provider.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

ENSURE that your personal insulin delivery settings are programmed into the pump before use if you receive a warranty replacement. Failure to enter your insulin delivery settings could result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events. Consult your healthcare provider as needed.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

Interference with your pump's electronics by cell phones can occur if worn in close proximity. It is recommended that your pump and cell phone be worn at least 16.3 cm (6.4 inches) apart.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

ALWAYS dispose of used components such as cartridges, syringes, needles, infusion sets, and CGM sensors following the instructions from your healthcare provider. Wash your hands thoroughly after handling used components.

# 2.3 Potential Benefits From Using Your Pump

- The pump provides an automated way to deliver basal and bolus insulin. Delivery can be fine-tuned based on up to six customizable Personal Profiles, each with up to 16 time-based settings for basal rate, carb ratio, correction factor, and target BG. In addition, the temp rate feature allows you to program a temporary basal rate change for up to 72 hours.
- The pump gives you the option of delivering a bolus all at once, or delivering a percentage over an extended period of time without navigating to different menus. You can also program a bolus more discreetly using the Quick Bolus feature, which can be used without

- looking at the pump, and can be programmed in increments of either units of insulin or grams of carbohydrate.
- From the Bolus screen, the "calculator within a calculator" feature allows you to enter multiple carbohydrate values and add them together. The insulin pump's bolus calculator will recommend a bolus based on the entire amount of carbohydrates entered, which can help eliminate guesswork.
- The pump keeps track of the amount of active insulin from food and correction boluses (IOB). When programming additional food or correction boluses, the pump will subtract the amount of IOB from the recommended bolus if your BG is below the target set in your active Personal Profile. This can help prevent insulin stacking, which can lead to hypoglycemia (low BG).
- You can program a number of reminders that will prompt you to retest your BG after a low or high BG is entered, as well as a "Missed Meal Bolus Reminder" which will

- alert you if a bolus isn't entered during a specified period of time. If activated, these can help reduce the likelihood that you will forget to check your BG or bolus for meals.
- You have the ability to view a variety of data right on your screen, including the time and amount of your last bolus, your total insulin delivery by day, as well as broken into basal, food bolus, and correction bolus.

# 2.4 Possible Risks From Using Your Pump

As with any medical device, there are risks associated with using your pump. Many of the risks are common to insulin therapy in general, but there are additional risks associated with continuous insulin infusion and continuous glucose monitoring. Reading your user guide and following the instructions for use are critical for the safe operation of your System. Consult your healthcare provider about how these risks may impact you.

Inserting and wearing an infusion set might cause infection, bleeding, pain or skin irritations (redness, swelling, bruising, itching, scarring, or skin discoloration).

There is a remote chance that an infusion set cannula fragment could remain under your skin if the cannula breaks while you are wearing it. If you think a cannula has broken under your skin, contact your healthcare provider and call your local customer support.

Other risks associated with infusion sets include occlusions and air bubbles in the tubing or dislodged cannula, which can affect insulin delivery. If your BG does not decrease after initiating a bolus, or you have other unexplained high BG, it is recommended that you check your infusion set for an occlusion or air bubbles, and verify that the cannula has not dislodged. If the condition persists, call your local customer support or seek medical attention as required.

Risks that could result from pump failure include the following:

- possible hypoglycemia (low BG) from over-delivery of insulin due to a hardware defect or software anomaly.
- hyperglycemia (high BG) and ketosis possibly leading to Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA) due to pump failure resulting in cessation of insulin delivery due to either a hardware defect, software anomaly, or infusion set failure. Having a backup method of insulin delivery greatly reduces your risk of severe hyperglycemia or DKA.

## 2.5 Working with your Healthcare Provider

Any clinical language presented in this user guide is based on the assumption that you have been educated by your healthcare provider on certain terms and how they apply to you in your diabetes management. Your healthcare provider can help you establish diabetes management guidelines that best fit your lifestyle and needs.

Consult your healthcare provider before using the pump to determine which

features are most appropriate for you. Only your healthcare provider can determine and help you adjust your basal rate(s), insulin-to-carbohydrate ratio(s), correction factor(s), target BG, and duration of insulin action. In addition, only your healthcare provider can determine your CGM settings and how you should use your sensor trend information to help you manage your diabetes.

# 2.6 Verification of Proper Functionality

A power supply (AC adapter with micro-USB connector) is provided with your pump. Before using your pump, ensure that the following occur when you connect a power supply into the USB port of your pump:

- You hear an audible alert
- You see the green light illuminate from the edge around the Screen On/Quick Bolus button
- You feel a vibratory alert
- You see a charge symbol (lightning bolt) on the battery level indicator

In addition, before using your pump, ensure the following:

- Press the Screen On/Quick Bolus button to turn the screen on so that you can see the display
- When the display screen is on, the touchscreen responds to your finger tap

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CONFIRM that the screen display turns on, you can hear audible beeps, feel the pump vibrate, and see the green LED light blinking around the edge of the Screen On/Quick Bolus button when you connect a power source to the USB port. These features are used to notify you about alerts, alarms, and other conditions that require your attention. If these features are not working, discontinue use of your pump and contact your local customer support.

**CHAPTER 3** 

# Getting to Know Your t:slim X2 Insulin Pump

# 3.1 What your t:slim X2 Pump Package Includes

Your pump package should include the following items:

- 1. t:slim X2™ insulin pump
- 2. pump case
- 3. t:slim X2 Insulin Pump with Control-IQ™ Technology User Guide
- 4. USB cable
- 5. wall power USB adapter
- 6. cartridge removal tool

If any of these items are missing, contact your local customer support.

If you use a CGM, the Dexcom G6 sensors and transmitters are sold and shipped separately by Dexcom.

Your pump is shipped with a clear screen protector. Do not remove the screen protector.

Your pump comes with a protective cover in the place where the cartridge is normally inserted. This cover must be removed and replaced with a cartridge prior to initiating insulin delivery.

The t:slim X2 3 mL cartridge with t:lock™ connector consists of the reservoir chamber and a micro-delivery chamber for the delivery of very small amounts of insulin. A variety of compatible infusion sets with the t:lock connector are available from Tandem Diabetes Care, Inc. The t:lock connector allows a secure connection between the cartridge and the infusion set. Use only t:slim X2 cartridges and compatible infusion sets with t:lock connectors manufactured for Tandem Diabetes Care, Inc.

Your pump also includes consumable components that may require replacement during the life of your pump, including:

- pump case(s)/clip(s)
- screen protector
- USB rubber door
- USB cable

#### Supply Reordering

To order cartridges, infusion sets, supplies, accessories, screen protectors, please contact your local customer support or your usual supplier of diabetes products.

#### 3.2 Pump Terminology

#### Basal

Basal is a slow continuous delivery of insulin, which keeps glucose levels stable between meals and during sleep. It is measured in units per hour (units/hr).

#### BG

BG is the abbreviation for blood glucose, which is the level of glucose in the blood, measured in mmol/L.

#### **BG** Target

BG target is a specific BG or glucose value goal, an exact number, not a range. When a glucose value is entered in the pump, the calculated insulin bolus will be adjusted up or down as needed to attain this target.

#### Bolus

A bolus is a quick dose of insulin that is usually delivered to cover food eaten or correct high glucose. With the pump it can be delivered as a Standard, a Correction, an Extended, or a Quick Bolus.

#### Cannula

The cannula is the part of the infusion set that is inserted under the skin through which insulin is delivered.

#### Carb

Carb or Carbohydrate refers to sugars and starches that the body breaks down into glucose and uses as an energy source, measured in grams.

#### Carb Ratio

The carb ratio is the number of grams of carbohydrate that 1 unit of insulin will cover. Also known as insulin-to-carbohydrate ratio.

#### Correction Bolus

A correction bolus is given to correct high glucose.

#### Correction Factor

A correction factor is the amount of glucose that is lowered by 1 unit of

insulin. Also known as the Insulin Sensitivity Factor (ISF).

#### **Extended Bolus**

An extended bolus is a bolus that is delivered over a period of time. It is commonly used to cover food that takes longer to digest. When administering an extended bolus with your pump, enter the DELIVER NOW portion to dose a percentage of insulin immediately and the remaining percentage over a period time.

#### Grams

Grams are the measurement for a carbohydrate.

#### Insulin Duration

Insulin duration is the amount of time that insulin is active and available in the body after a bolus has been delivered. This also relates to the calculation for Insulin on Board (IOB).

#### Insulin On Board (IOB)

IOB is the insulin that is still active (has the ability to continue to lower the glucose) in the body after a bolus has been delivered.

#### Load

Load refers to the process of removing, filling, and replacing a new cartridge and infusion set.

#### Personal Profile

A personal profile is a personalized group of settings that defines the delivery of basal and bolus insulin within specific time segments throughout a 24 hour period.

#### Quick Bolus

Quick bolus (using the Screen On/ Quick Bolus button) is a way to deliver a bolus by following beep/vibration commands without navigating through or viewing the pump screen.

#### Temp Rate

Temp rate is an abbreviation for a temporary basal rate. It is used to increase or decrease the current basal rate for a short period of time to accommodate special situations. 100% is the same basal rate as programmed. 120% means 20% more and 80% means 20% less than the programmed basal rate.

## CHAPTER 3 • Getting to Know Your t:slim X2 Insulin Pump

#### Units

Units are the measurement for insulin.

#### **USB** Cable

USB is the abbreviation for Universal Serial Bus. The USB cable connects into the pump's micro USB port.

## 3.3 Explanation of t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Icons

The following icons may appear on your pump screen:

## Pump Icon Definitions

Symbol	Definition
80%	The amount of charge left in the pump battery.
I	A system reminder, alert, error, or alarm is active.
Ī	All insulin deliveries are stopped.
В	Basal insulin is programmed and being delivered.
***	Bluetooth® wireless technology
<b>~</b>	Accept. Tap to continue to the next screen or to answer yes to a message on the pump screen.
<b>*</b>	Save. Tap to save settings on the screen.
<b>-</b>	New. Tap to add a new item.
×	Delete. Tap to delete characters or digits on a keypad.

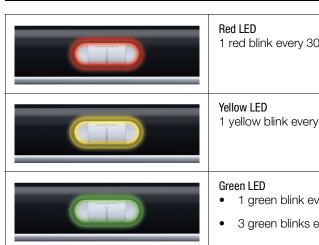
Symbol	Definition
235 u	Amount of insulin remaining in the cartridge.
T	A temporary basal rate is active.
0	A basal rate of 0 u/hr is active.
T	A temporary basal rate of 0 u/hr is active.
	A bolus is being delivered.
×	Cancel. Tap to cancel the current operation.
×	Decline. Tap to exit the screen or answer no to a message on the pump screen.
<b>+</b>	Back. Tap to navigate to the previous screen.
	Total. Tap to total values on a keypad.

## Pump Icon Definitions (Continued)

Symbol	Definition
	Space. Tap to enter a space on the character keypad.
	The associated setting is turned on.
	Security PIN has been enabled. See Section 4.15 Turn Security PIN On or Off.

Symbol	Definition
ок	OK. Tap to confirm the current instruction or setting on the screen.
	The associated setting is turned off.

## 3.4 Explanation of Pump Colors



1 red blink every 30 seconds indicates a malfunction or alarm condition.

1 yellow blink every 30 seconds indicates an alert or reminder condition.

- 1 green blink every 30 seconds indicates the pump is functioning normally.
- 3 green blinks every 30 seconds indicate the pump is charging.

#### Orange Highlight

When editing settings, changes are highlighted in orange for review before saving.

#### 3.5 Lock Screen

The Lock screen appears anytime you turn on the screen. You must tap 1–2–3 in sequential order to unlock the pump.

- 1. Time and Date Display: Displays the current time and date.
- Alert Icon: Indicates a reminder, alert or alarm is active behind the Lock screen.
- Battery Level: Displays the level of battery power remaining. When connected for charging, the charging icon (lightning bolt) will display.
- 4. 1-2-3: Unlocks pump screen.
- Insulin On Board (IOB): Amount and time remaining of any active insulin on board.
- 6. Active Bolus Icon: Indicates a bolus is active.
- 7. Status: Displays current system settings and insulin delivery status.

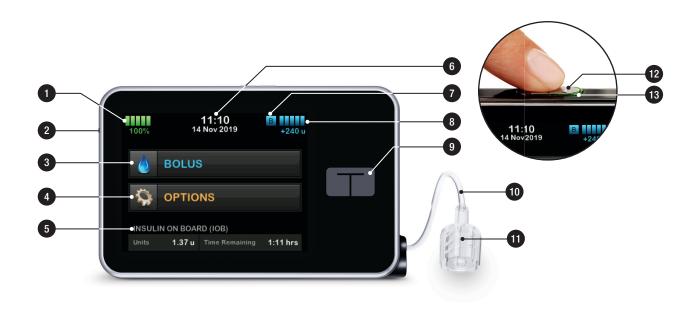
- 8. **Insulin Level:** Displays the current amount of insulin in the cartridge.
- 9. **Tandem Logo**: Returns to the *Home* screen.



#### 3.6 Home Screen

- Battery Level: Displays the level of battery power remaining. When connected for charging, the charging icon (lightning bolt) will display.
- USB Port: Port to charge your pump battery. Close the cover when not in use.
- 3. Bolus: Program and deliver a bolus.
- 4. Options: Stop/Resume insulin delivery, manage pump and CGM settings, start/stop activities, load a cartridge, and view history.
- Insulin On Board (IOB): Amount and time remaining of any active insulin on board.
- 6. Time and Date Display: Displays the current time and date.
- 7. Status: Displays current system settings and insulin delivery status.

- 8. **Insulin Level:** Displays the current amount of insulin in the cartridge.
- 9. **Tandem Logo**: Returns to the *Home* screen.
- 10. **Cartridge Tubing:** Tubing that is attached to the cartridge.
- Tubing Connector: Connects the cartridge tubing to the infusion set tubing.
- Screen On/Quick Bolus button: Turns the pump screen on/off or programs a Quick Bolus (if activated).
- LED Indicator: Illuminates when connected to a power supply and indicates proper functionality.



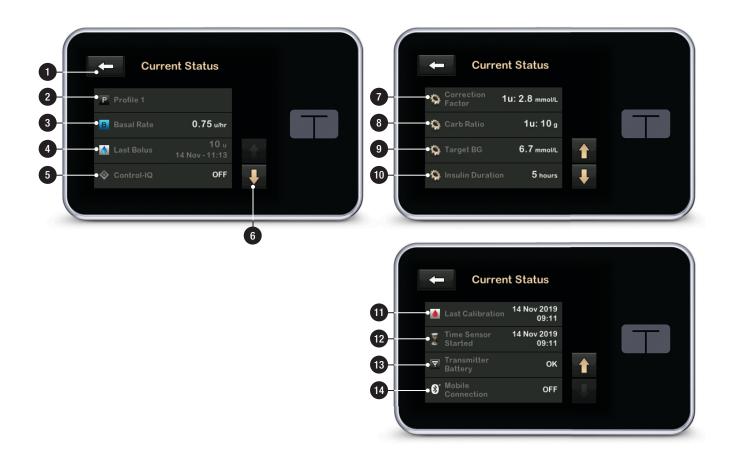
#### 3.7 Current Status Screen

The Current Status screen can be accessed from the Lock screen and the Home screen by tapping the insulin level symbol. It is for display only; no changes can be made from this screen.

- 1. Returns to the *Home* screen.
- 2. **Profile:** Displays current active Personal Profile.
- Basal Rate: Displays current basal rate being delivered in units/hr. If a temp rate is active, this row will change to display current temp rate being delivered in units/hr.
- 4. Last Bolus: Displays amount, date and time of last bolus.
- Control-IQ Status: Displays Control-IQ technology status.
- 6. **Up/Down Arrow:** Indicates there is more information.

- Correction Factor: Displays current correction factor used to calculate a bolus.
- 8. Carb Ratio: Displays current carb ratio used to calculate a bolus.
- 9. Target BG: Displays current BG target used to calculate a bolus.
- Insulin Duration: Displays current insulin duration setting used to calculate insulin on board.
- 11. Last Calibration: Displays date and time of last calibration.
- 12. Time Sensor Started: Displays date and time of last time sensor started.
- **13. Transmitter Battery:** Displays CGM transmitter battery status.
- 14. Mobile Connection: Displays whether the mobile connection is turned on or off, whether a mobile device is paired with the pump, and if so whether the mobile device is actively connected to the pump.

The mobile connection may not yet be available in your region.



#### 3.8 Bolus Screen

- 1. Returns to the *Home* screen.
- Carbs: Enter grams of carbohydrate. See Section 7.8 Quick Bolus for details on how to set the Increment Type.
- Units: Displays total units calculated. Tap to enter a bolus request or change (override) a calculated bolus.
- View Calculation: Displays how the insulin dose was calculated using the current settings.
- Glucose: Enter glucose level. This value is populated automatically by the System if:
  - Control-IQ technology is turned on and available
  - A CGM session is active
  - A CGM value is present

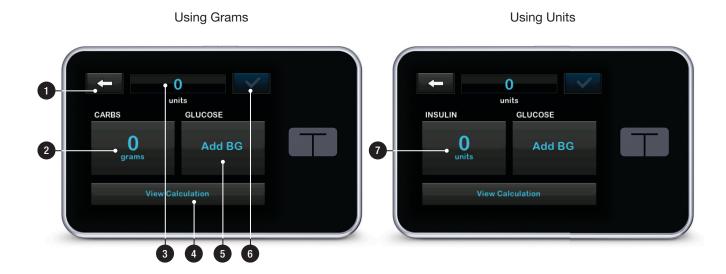
 A CGM trend arrow is available on the CGM Home screen

#### **■ NOTE**

For more information about CGM trend arrows and how to use them for treatment decisions, see the CGM manufacturer's user guide. You can also see Section 24.3 Rate of Change Arrows.

You can choose to use this value or enter another value from an alternate testing method.

- 6. Moves to next step.
- 7. Insulin: Enter units of insulin. See Section 7.8 Quick Bolus for details on how to set the Increment Type.



## 3.9 Options Screen

- 1. Returns to the *Home* screen.
- Stop Insulin: Stops insulin delivery.
   If insulin delivery is stopped,
   RESUME INSULIN will be displayed.
- Load: Change Cartridge, Fill Tubing, Fill Cannula, and Site Reminder.
- 4. Activity: Turns on Exercise, Sleep, and programs sleep schedules and temporary basal rates.
- My Pump: Personal Profiles, Control-IQ, Alerts & Reminders, and Pump Info.
- 6. **Up/Down Arrow:** Indicates there is more information.
- My CGM: Start/Stop Sensor, Calibrate CGM, CGM Alerts, Transmitter ID, and CGM Info.

- Device Settings: Display settings, Bluetooth settings, Time and Date, Sound Volume, and Security PIN.
- 9. **History:** Displays historical log of pump and CGM events.



## 3.10 My Pump Screen

- 1. Returns to the *Options* screen.
- Personal Profiles: A group of settings that define basal and bolus delivery.
- Control-IQ: Turn on/off Control-IQ technology and enter required values.
- 4. Alerts & Reminders: Customize Pump Reminders and Pump Alerts.
- Pump Info: Displays pump serial number, local customer support service contact information website, and other technical information.



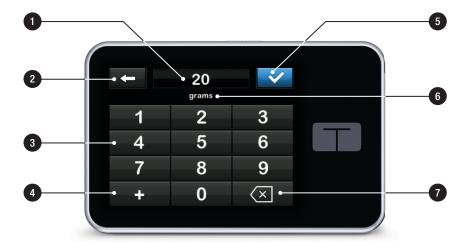
## 3.11 Device Settings Screen

- 1. Returns to the *Options* screen.
- 2. **Display Settings:** Customize the Screen Timeout settings.
- 3. Bluetooth Settings: Turn on/off mobile connection. The mobile connection may not yet be available in your region.
- Time and Date: Edit the time and date that will be displayed on the pump.
- Sound Volume: Customize the sound volume for pump alarms, pump alerts, reminders, keypad, bolus, quick bolus, fill tubing, and CGM alerts.
- Security PIN: Turn on/off the Security PIN.



## 3.12 Number Keypad Screen

- 1. Value Entered.
- 2. Returns to previous screen.
- 3. Keypad Numbers.
- 4. Allows numbers to be added on the gram screen. If in units, this displays as a decimal point.
- 5. Completes task and saves information entered.
- 6. **Units/Grams:** Unit of measure associated with the value entered.



## 3.13 Letter Keypad Screen

- 1. Name of Profile.
- 2. Returns to previous screen.
- 3. Enters a space.
- 4. 123: Changes keypad mode from letters (ABC) to numbers (123).
- Saves entered information.
- Letters: Tap once for first letter displayed, 2 quick taps for middle letter, and 3 quick taps for third letter.
- 7. Deletes last letter or number entered.



CHAPTER 3 • Getting to Know Your t:slim X2 Insulin Pump

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 4** 

Getting Started

## 4.1 Charging the t:slim X2 Pump

The pump is powered by an internal lithium polymer rechargeable battery. A full charge will typically last between 4 and 7 days, depending on your use of CGM. If you utilize CGM, your battery is designed to last up to 4 days. Please be aware that the battery life on a single charge can vary considerably depending on individual usage, including insulin delivered, display-on time, and frequency of reminders, alerts, and alarms.

Accessories for charging from wall outlets, as well as from a computer USB port, are included with the pump. Use only the accessories provided to charge your pump. If you lose any of the accessories, or need a replacement, contact your local customer support.

The battery level indicator is displayed in the upper left portion of the *Home* screen. The charge amount will increase or decrease by 5% at a time (for example, you will see 100%, 95%, 90%, 85%). When the charge amount

is less than 5%, it will begin decreasing 1% at a time (for example, you will see 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%).

When you first receive your pump, you will need to connect it to a charging source before it can be used. Charge the pump until the battery level indicator on the upper left portion of the *Home* screen reads 100% (initial charge can take up to 2.5 hours).

The pump continues to operate normally while charging. You do not need to disconnect from the pump while charging.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

MAKE SURE to not move further than the length of the USB cable when you are connected to the pump and to a charging source. Moving further than the length of the USB cable may cause the cannula to be pulled out of the infusion site. For this reason it is recommended not to charge the pump while sleeping.

If you choose to disconnect from the pump while charging, check with your healthcare provider for specific guidelines. Depending on the length of time you are disconnected, you may need to replace missed basal and/or

bolus insulin. Check your BG before disconnecting from the pump and again when you reconnect.

To charge the pump from an AC power outlet:

- 1. Plug the included USB cable into the AC power adapter.
- 2. Plug the AC power adapter into a grounded AC power outlet.
- 3. Plug the other end of the cable into the micro USB port on the pump.

To charge the pump using a car power USB adapter (sold separately):

- 1. Plug the USB cable into the car power USB adapter.
- Plug the car power USB adapter into a grounded auxiliary power outlet.
- 3. Plug the other end of the cable into the micro USB port on the pump.

#### WARNING

When using an optional car power USB adapter, the charger must be connected to an isolated,

battery powered 12 Volt system, such as an automobile. Connecting the DC vehicle adapter charger to 12 Volt DC that is generated by a power supply connected to alternating current (AC) mains is prohibited.

To charge the pump using a USB port on a computer:

Ensure that the computer complies with the IEC 60950-1 (or equivalent) safety standard.

- 1. Plug the included USB cable into your computer.
- 2. Plug the other end of the cable into the micro USB port on the pump.

Depending on your computer, charging time will vary. The pump will display a CONNECTION ERROR ALERT message if it is not charging properly.

When you charge the pump, you will notice the following:

- The screen illuminates
- An audible alert

- The LED (edge around the Screen On/Quick Bolus button) blinks green
- A vibrating alert
- A charge symbol (lightning bolt) on the battery level indicator appears

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CONFIRM that the screen display turns on, you can hear audible beeps, feel the pump vibrate, and see the green LED light blinking around the edge of the Screen On/Quick Bolus button when you connect a power source to the USB port. These features are used to notify you about alerts, alarms, and other conditions that require your attention. If these features are not working, discontinue use of the t:slim X2™ pump and contact your local customer support.

## **Charging Tips**

Tandem Diabetes Care recommends that you periodically check the battery level indicator, charge the pump for a short period of time every day (10 to 15 minutes), and avoid frequent full discharges.

#### **■** NOTE

**Fully Discharged Battery:** If the battery is fully discharged, the screen may not power on

immediately when connected to a charging source. The LED around the Screen On/Quick Bolus button will blink green until there is enough charge to power on the touchscreen.

## 4.2 Turning the Pump On

Plug in your pump to a charging source. The pump will make an audible noise when it has turned on and is ready for use.

## 4.3 Using the Touchscreen

To turn on your pump screen, first press the Screen On/Quick Bolus button, then use the pad of your finger to quickly and lightly tap on the screen. Do not use your fingernail or other object to interact with the screen. It will not activate the screen or its functions.

Your pump is designed to give you quick and easy access to the functions that you will use in your day-to-day diabetes management whether basic or advanced.

The pump has several safety features to prevent unintentional interaction with

the touchscreen. The screen must be unlocked by tapping 1–2–3 in sequence. On all screens, if three non-active areas of the touchscreen are tapped before an active area is tapped, the screen will turn off to prevent accidental screen interactions. There is also a Security PIN feature that can be set up to prevent unintentional access (see Section 4.15 Turn Security PIN On or Off).

#### **■ NOTE**

**Touchscreen Tips:** When using the pump, tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen or tap to return to the previous screen.

# 4.4 Turning the t:slim X2 Pump Screen On

To turn on your pump screen, press the Screen On/Quick Bolus button, located on the top of the pump, once.

✓ The Lock screen will be displayed.

## 4.5 Selecting Your Language

The Language Selection screen displays when you unlock the pump screen for the first time, or when you unlock the screen after turning the pump off.

To select your language:

 Tap the circle next to the language you want to display. Tap the Down Arrow to see additional language selections.



Tap to save the selection and continue with pump setup.

## 4.6 Turning the Pump Screen Off

To turn the pump screen off, press and release the Screen On/Quick Bolus button. This turns off the screen, but not the pump.

#### **■ NOTE**

Turning off the Pump Screen: Turn off the pump screen by pressing the Screen On/Quick Bolus button before placing the pump back in its case or any pocket/clothing. Always position the pump screen away from the skin when worn under clothing.

The pump continues to function normally when the screen is not on.

## 4.7 Turning the Pump Off

To turn the pump off completely, plug the pump into a power source and hold the Screen On/Quick Bolus button down for 30 seconds.

# 4.8 Unlocking the t:slim X2 Pump Screen

The Lock screen appears anytime you turn on the screen, and after a bolus or temp rate is requested. To unlock the screen:

- 1. Press Screen On/Quick Bolus button.
- 2. Tap 1.
- 3. Tap 2.
- 4. Tap 3.
- The pump screen is now unlocked. The last screen that was viewed will be displayed.

You must tap 1–2–3 in sequential order to unlock the pump. If you do not tap 1–2–3 in sequential order, the pump will force you to restart the unlock sequence from the beginning.

If the Security PIN feature is enabled, you will need to enter your PIN after unlocking the screen.

#### 4.9 Edit Time

After powering up your pump for the first time, set the current time and date. Refer back to this section if you need to edit the time for either traveling in a different time zone or adjusting for Daylight Savings Time.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

ALWAYS make sure that the correct time and date are set on your pump. Not having the correct time and date setting may affect safe insulin delivery. When editing time, always check that the AM/PM setting is accurate, if using the 12 hour clock. AM is to be used from midnight until 11:59 AM. PM is to be used from noon until 11:59 PM.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap Device Settings.
- 4. Tap Time and Date.
- 5. Tap Edit Time.

- 6. Tap Time.
- Using the on-screen keypad, enter the hour and minutes. Verify and tap
- Tap Time of Day to set AM or PM, or tap 24-hour Time to on/off toggle that setting on.
- 9. Verify the correct time is set and tap

Any edits to Time or Date will not be saved until you tap ...

## 4.10 Edit Date

- 1. From the *Time and Date* screen tap Edit Date.
- 2. Tap Day.
- 3. Using the on-screen keypad enter the current day. Verify and tap
- 4. Tap Month.
- 5. Find and tap the current month displayed on the right. Use **Up/**

**Down Arrow** to view months not displayed.

- 6. Tap Year.
- Using the on-screen keypad enter the current year. Verify and tap
- 8. Verify the correct date is set and tap

  ...

Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

## 4.11 Basal Limit

The Basal Limit setting allows you to set a limit to the basal rate that is set in the Personal Profiles, as well as the amount of insulin that will be delivered when using a Temp Rate.

You are unable to set any basal rates or temp basal rates that exceed the Basal Limit. You can set Basal Limit from 0.2 to 15 units per hour. Work with your healthcare provider to set the proper Basal Limit.

#### **■ NOTE**

Basal Limit and Personal Profiles: If you are setting your Basal Limit after you have set any of your Personal Profiles, you cannot set your Basal Limit lower than any of your existing basal rates.

The default Basal Limit is 3 units per hour. If you are updating your pump from a version that did not previously have the Basal Limit setting, the Basal Limit will be set to a value two times the highest basal rate setting in your pump.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Personal Profiles.
- 4. Tap Pump Settings.

5. Tap Basal Limit.



- Using the on-screen keypad, enter a Basal Limit amount that is between 0.2 – 15 units.
- 7. Tap 🕶.
- 8. Review the new Basal Limit value and tap .
- 9. Confirm settings and tap 🔽.
- ✓ A SETTING SAVED screen is temporarily displayed.

## **4.12 Display Settings**

The display settings for your t:slim X2 pump includes Screen Timeout.

You can set the Screen Timeout to the length of time you want the screen to stay on before it automatically turns off. The default for the Screen Timeout is 30 seconds. The options are 15, 30, 60, and 120 seconds.

You can always turn the screen off before it automatically times out by pressing the Screen On/Quick Bolus button.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap Device Settings.
- 4. Tap Display Settings.
- 5. Tap Screen Timeout.
- 6. Select preferred time and tap ...

7. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

## **4.13 Mobile Connection Security**

Only one phone and mobile app may pair with your pump. When pairing your pump to a mobile app, a unique code will be generated and used to secure communications between the pump and mobile phone. All transmissions between the pump and phone are encrypted. Any unauthorized or unrecognized connections are denied by the pump.

#### **4.14 Sound Volume**

The Sound Volume is preset to high. Sound Volume can be personalized for Alarms, Alerts, Reminders, Keypad, Bolus, Quick Bolus, and Fill Tubing. Options for Sound Volume include high, medium, low, and vibrate.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**DO NOT** use the vibrate feature for alerts and alarms during sleep unless otherwise directed by your healthcare provider. Having the volume

for alerts and alarms set to high will help ensure that you don't miss an alert or alarm.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap Device Settings.
- 4. Tap Sound Volume.
- 5. Tap desired option. Use **Up/Down Arrow** to view additional options.
- 6. Select preferred volume.
- 7. Continue to make changes for all Sound Volume options by repeating steps 5 and 6.
- 8. Tap when all changes are complete.
- 9. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

## 4.15 Turn Security PIN On or Off

The Security PIN is preset to off. With the Security PIN turned on, you cannot unlock and use the pump without entering the Security PIN. To turn on the Security PIN, follow these steps.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap Device Settings.
- 4. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 5. Tap Security PIN.
- 6. Tap **Security PIN** to toggle the feature on.
- 7. Tap to create your Security PIN.
- Using the keypad, enter a number between four and six digits. A PIN may not begin with the number zero.

- 9. Tap \_\_\_\_.
- 10. Tap to verify your Security PIN.
- 11. Use the keypad to repeat and verify the new Security PIN.
- 12. Tap 🕶.
- ✓ A PIN CREATED screen is displayed.
- 13. Tap to turn the Security PIN on.
- 14. Tap 🛶.

It is possible to change your Security PIN or override an old Security PIN if you forget your Security PIN.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap Device Settings.
- 4. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 5. Tap Security PIN.

- 6. Tap Change Security PIN.
- 7. Тар **ок**.
- Using the keypad, enter the current Security PIN. If you forget your Security PIN, use the override code 314159.
  - » The override PIN can be used as many times as needed and never resets or changes to another PIN. It can be used to unlock the pump when the Security PIN feature is on. If desired, you may use this as a valid Security PIN.
- 9. Tap 🕶.
- 10. Tap to enter a new Security PIN.
- 11. Use the keypad to enter a new Security PIN.
- 12. Tap 💙.
- 13. Tap to verify your new Security PIN.
- 14. Use the keypad to repeat and verify the new Security PIN.

- 15. Tap 🕶.
- ✓ A PIN UPDATED screen is displayed.
- 16. Tap <u>~</u>.

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 5** 

# Insulin Delivery Settings

#### 5.1 Personal Profiles Overview

#### WARNING

DO NOT start to use your pump before consulting with your healthcare provider to determine which features are most appropriate for you. Only your healthcare provider can determine and help you adjust your basal rate(s), carb ratio(s), correction factor(s), target BG, and duration of insulin action. In addition, only your healthcare provider can determine your CGM settings and how you should use your sensor trend information to help you manage your diabetes. Incorrect settings can result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

A Personal Profile is a group of settings that define basal and bolus delivery within specific time segments throughout a 24-hour period. Each profile can be personalized with a name. Within a Personal Profile the following can be set:

 Timed Settings: Basal Rate, Correction Factor, Carb Ratio and Target BG.  Bolus Settings: Insulin Duration and Carbohydrates setting (on/off).

#### **■ NOTE**

**Automated Insulin Dosing Settings:** In order to turn on the automated insulin dosing feature, the Timed Settings must be complete for every time segment, and the Carbohydrates setting must be turned on in the Bolus Settings.

The t:slim X2 pump uses the settings in your active profile to calculate the delivery of basal insulin, food boluses and correction boluses based on your target BG. If you only define a basal rate in Timed Settings, your pump will only be able to deliver basal insulin and standard and extended boluses. Your pump will not calculate correction boluses.

Up to six different Personal Profiles can be created and up to 16 different time segments can be set in each Personal Profile. Having several Personal Profiles provides more flexibility for your body and lifestyle. For example, you could have "Weekday" and "Weekend" profiles if you have different insulin delivery needs on weekdays and weekends, based on schedule, food intake, activity, etc.

#### **■ NOTE**

**Automated Insulin Dosing:** Some of the Personal Profile settings are overridden when the automated insulin dosing feature is turned on. See Chapter 29 Introduction to Control-IQ Technology.

## 5.2 Creating a New Profile

#### Creating Personal Profiles

You can create up to six Personal Profiles; however, only one can be active at a time. In the *Personal Profiles* screen, the active profile is positioned at the top of the list and is marked as ON. When you create a Personal Profile, you can set any or all of the following Timed Settings:

- Basal Rate (your basal rate in units/ hr)
- Correction Factor (amount 1 unit of insulin lowers BG)
- Carb Ratio (grams of carbohydrate covered by 1 unit of insulin)

 Target BG (your ideal BG level, measured in mmol/L)

Although you do not need to define every setting, some pump features require certain settings to be defined and activated. When you are creating a new profile, your pump prompts you to set up any required settings before you can continue.

The ranges you can set for Timed Settings are:

Basal (range: 0 and 0.1 to 15 units/ hr)

## **■ NOTE**

Basal Limit Setting: The basal rate may not exceed the Basal Limit set in Pump Settings (Section 4.11 Basal Limit). If you set up your Basal Limit after you have set any of your Personal Profiles, you cannot set your Basal Limit lower than any of your existing basal rates.

# **■** NOTE

Control-IQ Technology and Basal Rates Greater than 3 Units/Hour: If Control-IQ technology is on and the pump has not received a CGM reading for 20 minutes, the system will automatically limit your basal rate to a maximum of 3 units/hour. Examples of CGM readings not being received include when pump and CGM and pump are out of range, during the sensor startup period, or when a sensor session ends. If you enter a value for your basal rate that is higher than 3 units/hour, you will receive less insulin than expected in this scenario.

#### WARNING

Control-IQ technology limits basal rate to 3 units/hour when the pump has not received a CGM reading for 20 minutes. For example, when the pump and CGM are out of range, during the sensor startup period, when a sensor session ends, or when there is a transmitter or sensor error. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour during these scenarios, turn Control-IQ technology off.

- Correction Factor (range: 1 unit:0.1 mmol/L to 1 unit:33.3 mmol/L)
- Carb Ratio (range: 1 unit:1 gram to 1 unit:300 grams)

Below a carb ratio of 1:10, increments can be entered in 0.1 gram. For example a carb ratio of 1:8.2 can be programmed.

 Target BG (range: 3.9 mmol/L to 13.9 mmol/L)

In addition, you can set any or all of the following Bolus Settings:

- Insulin Duration (how long a bolus lowers your BG)
- Carbs (ON indicates entering grams of Carb; OFF indicates entering units of insulin)

The default settings and ranges for Bolus Settings are as follows:

 Insulin Duration (default: 5 hrs; range: 2 to 8 hrs)

## **■** NOTE

Control-IQ Technology Insulin Duration: When using Control-IQ technology, the insulin duration is set to five hours and cannot be changed. This duration is used for all bolus deliveries as well as for basal adjustments made by the automated insulin dosing feature.

Carbs (default: dependent on pump history)

# **■** NOTE

Carbs Default Setting: If you received a new pump with the automated insulin dosing feature, the default setting will be on. If you updated your pump, the default setting will be the same as what you set up on your pump previously. Check to ensure that the Carbs setting is on in order to use the automated insulin dosing feature.

# Insulin Duration and Insulin on Board (IOB)

Your pump remembers how much insulin you have taken from previous boluses. It does this by relying on the insulin duration. The insulin duration reflects the amount of time that insulin is actively lowering your BG. While the insulin duration setting reflects how long insulin from previous boluses lowers your BG, the IOB feature reflects how much insulin is remaining in your body from previous boluses. IOB is always displayed on the Home screen and is used in bolus delivery calculations when applicable. When a glucose value is entered during bolus programming, your pump will consider any active IOB and adjusts the calculated bolus if necessary.

The insulin duration time is displayed on the *Home* screen when the automated insulin dosing feature is not enabled.

Consult your healthcare provider to accurately set your insulin duration.

If you have Control-IQ technology enabled, IOB includes all basal delivered above and below the programmed basal rate, in addition to all bolus insulin delivered. The insulin duration time is not displayed on the *Home* screen.

Insulin duration is set to 5 hours when Control-IQ technology is enabled and cannot be changed.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- Tap Personal Profiles.
- 4. Tap to create a new profile.
- 5. Using the on-screen keypad, enter a profile name (up to 16 characters) and tap

To use the letter keypad, tap once for first letter displayed, two quick taps for middle letter; and three quick taps for the third letter.

6. Tap Press to Set Up to begin setting insulin delivery settings.



# 5.3 Programming a New Personal Profile

Once the Personal Profile has been created, the settings must be programmed. The first time segment will start at midnight.

 You must program a basal rate in order to have a Personal Profile that you can activate.

- You must have Carbs turned on, and you must set a basal rate, correction factor, carb ratio, and target BG in order to turn the automated insulin dosing feature on.
- Be sure to tap after entering or changing a value.

## **A PRECAUTION**

ALWAYS confirm that the decimal point placement is correct when entering your Personal Profile information. Incorrect decimal point placement can prevent you from getting the proper insulin amount that your healthcare provider has prescribed for you.

# **Timed Settings**



- 1. Once the new profile has been created, Tap **Basal**.
- 2. Using the on-screen keypad, enter your basal rate and tap .

# **■** NOTE

Basal Limit Pump Setting: If you have previously set a Basal Limit in the Pump Settings, then the Basal rate entered here must be lower then the Basal Limit entered in the Pump Settings.

- 3. Tap Correction Factor.
- 4. Using the on-screen keypad, enter your correction factor (the mmol/L

that 1 unit of insulin will lower BG) and tap .

- 5. Tap Carb Ratio.
- Using the on-screen keypad, enter your insulin-to-carbohydrate ratio (the grams of carbohydrate to be covered by 1 unit of insulin) and tap
- 7. Tap Target BG.
- 8. Using the on-screen keypad, enter your target BG and tap ...

#### **■ NOTE**

Control-IQ Technology and Target BG:
Once Control-IQ technology is turned on,
the default Target BG is set to 6.1 mmol/L.
For details about target ranges and how the
automated insulin dosing feature works,
see Chapter 29 Introduction to Control-IQ
Technology.

9. Review entered values and tap

10. Confirm Settings.

- Tap if entered data is correct.
- Tap to make changes.
- 11. Tap to set the Bolus Settings, or Tap to create additional time segments.



# Adding More Time Segments

When adding more time segments, any settings that you entered in the previous time segment are copied and appear in the new segment. This allows you to simply adjust only the specific settings you want, rather than have to enter them all over again.

1. On the *Add Segment* screen, tap Start Time.

- Using the on-screen keypad, enter the time (hour and minutes) that you want the segment to begin, and tap
- On the Add Segment screen, tap Time of Day to select AM or PM, if applicable.
- Once a time segment is set beyond 12:00 PM, the default will change to PM.
- 4. Tap 🕶
- Repeat steps 1 to 10 from Section 5.2 Creating a New Profile above for each segment you want to create (up to 16).

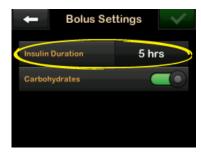
To find time segments in the list that are not displayed on the first screen, tap the **Down Arrow**.

# **Bolus Settings**

1. Tap the Bolus Settings panel.



2. Tap Insulin Duration.



3. Using the on-screen keypad, enter the desired time for the duration of insulin action (2–8 hrs) and tap

- 4. Review entered values and tap
- 5. Confirm Settings.
  - Tap if entered data is correct.
  - Tap x to make changes.
- 6. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

# Adding More Personal Profiles

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Personal Profiles.
- 4. Tap + .
- Name the new profile and repeat steps for Timed Settings and Bolus Settings.

# **■ NOTE**

**Carbohydrates Options:** The Carbohydrates option is turned on by

default, but a ratio will still need to be defined. The Carbohydrates option must be used if the automated insulin dosing feature is enabled.

# 5.4 Editing or Reviewing an Existing Profile

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Personal Profiles.
- 4. Tap the name of the Personal Profile to edit or review.
- 5. Tap Edit.

#### **■** NOTE

Review Settings: To review settings but bypass editing the settings, skip the remaining steps in this section. You can tap to navigate to the Personal Profiles list or tap the Tandem logo to return to the Home screen.

6. Tap Timed Settings panel.

- 7. Tap the desired time segment to edit.
- Tap Basal, Correction Factor, Carb Ratio or Target BG to make changes as needed and use the onscreen keypad to enter changes. Tap
- 9. View recent changes and tap ...
- 10. Confirm Settings.
  - Tap if entered data is correct.
  - Tap x to make changes.
- 11. Edit other time segments within the Timed Settings by tapping on them and using the same steps described above.
- 12. Tap after editing all of the time segments.
- 13. Tap the Bolus Settings panel to change Insulin Duration or Carbohydrates as needed. Use the on-screen keypad to enter desired changes. Tap

- 14. Confirm Settings.
  - Tap if entered data is correct.
  - Tap x and make changes.
- 15. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

# **■ NOTE**

Adding a Time Segment: To add a time segment, tap + and enter the desired start time.

# **■ NOTE**

**Deleting a Time Segment:** To delete a time segment, tap on the X to the left of the time segment and tap to confirm.

# 5.5 Duplicating an Existing Profile

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Personal Profiles.

- 4. Tap the name of the Personal Profile to duplicate.
- 5. Tap Duplicate.
- 6. Confirm profile to duplicate by tapping .
- 7. Using the on-screen keypad, enter the name (up to 16 characters) for the new profile and tap
- ✓ Profile Duplicated screen is displayed.
- A new Personal Profile will be created with the same settings as the profile copied.
- 8. Tap the Timed Settings or Bolus Settings panel to make changes to the new profile.

# 5.6 Activating an Existing Profile

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap My Pump.

- 3. Tap Personal Profiles.
- 4. Tap the name of the Personal Profile to be activated.
  - The Activate and Delete options are disabled for the active profile because the profile is already activated. You cannot delete a profile until you have activated another profile.
  - If you have only one profile defined, you do not need to activate it (that profile is automatically activated).
- 5. Tap Activate.
- A screen to confirm the activation request is displayed.
- 6. Tap \_\_\_\_
- ✓ Profile Activated screen is displayed.

# 5.7 Renaming an Existing Profile

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- Tap Personal Profiles.
- 4. Tap the name of the Personal Profile to be renamed.
- 5. Tap Down Arrow, and then Rename.
- 6. Using the on-screen keypad, rename the profile name (up to 16 characters) and tap ...
- 7. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

# **5.8 Deleting an Existing Profile**

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.

- 3. Tap Personal Profiles.
- 4. Tap the name of the Personal Profile to be deleted.

# **■ NOTE**

**Active Personal Profile:** The active Personal Profile cannot be deleted.

- 5. Tap Delete.
- 6. Tap .
- ✓ Profile Deleted screen is displayed.
- 7. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

# 5.9 Starting a Temporary Basal Rate

A Temp Rate is used to increase or decrease (by percentage) the current basal rate for a period of time. This feature can be helpful for situations such as exercise or illness.

When you enter the *Temp Rate* screen, the default values are 100% (current basal rate) and a Duration of 0:15 min.

The Temp Rate can be set from a minimum of 0% of current basal rate to a maximum of 250% of current basal rate in increments of 1%.

Duration can be set from a minimum of 15 minutes to a maximum of 72 hours in increments of 1 minute.

If you program a Temp Rate greater than 0% but less than the minimum allowable basal rate of 0.1 units/hr, you will be notified that the selected rate is too low and that it will be set to the minimum allowable rate for delivery.

If you program a Temp Rate more than the maximum allowable basal rate of 15 units/hr, or more than your Basal Limit set up in the Pump Settings, you will be notified that the selected rate is too high and that it will be set to the maximum allowable rate for delivery.

# **■ NOTE**

**Temp Rate with Control-IQ Technology:** In order to use Temp Rates, Control-IQ technology must be turned off.

1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.

- 2. Tap Activity.
- 3. Tap Temp Rate.
- 4. Tap Temp Rate again.
- Using the on-screen keypad enter desired percentage. The current rate is 100%. An increase is greater than 100% and decrease is less than 100%.
- 6. Tap .
- 7. Tap **Duration**. Using the on-screen keypad enter desired length of time for Temp Rate. Tap

You can always tap View Units to see the actual units to be delivered.

- 8. Verify settings and tap
- ✓ The TEMP RATE STARTED screen is temporarily displayed.
- The Lock screen will be displayed with the icon indicating a Temp Rate is active.

- An T in an orange box means a Temp Rate is active.
- A T in a red box means a Temp Rate of 0 u/hr is active.

## **■ NOTE**

Temp Rate While Insulin is Stopped: If a Temp Rate is active when you stop insulin, including when you change a cartridge or infusion set, the Temp Rate timer will remain active. The Temp Rate will be resumed when insulin delivery is resumed as long as there is time remaining on the Temp Rate Timer.

# **5.10 Stopping a Temp Rate**

To stop an active temp rate:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap Activity.
- 3. On the *Activity* screen, tap x on the right side of Temp Rate.
- 4. On the confirmation screen, tap

✓ The TEMP RATE STOPPED screen appears before returning to the Activity screen.

**CHAPTER 6** 

# Infusion Site Care and Loading Cartridge

# 6.1 Infusion Site Selection and Care

#### WARNING

ALWAYS use only cartridges and insulin infusion sets with matching connectors and follow their instructions for use. Failure to do so may result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin and may cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

## WARNING

ALWAYS carefully follow the instructions for use accompanying your infusion set for proper insertion and infusion site care, as failure to do so could result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin or infection.

#### **A** WARNING

DO NOT place your infusion set on any scars, lumps, moles, stretch marks or tattoos. Placing your infusion set in these areas can cause swelling, irritation or infection. This can affect insulin absorption and cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK your infusion site daily for proper placement and leaks. REPLACE your infusion

set if you notice leaks around the site, or if you suspect your infusion set cannula may have become dislodged. Improperly placed sites or leaks around the infusion site can result in under delivery of insulin.

## **A PRECAUTION**

DO NOT change your infusion set before bedtime or if you will not be able to test your BG 1–2 hours after the new infusion set is placed. It is important to confirm that the infusion set is inserted correctly and delivering insulin. It is also important to respond quickly to any problems with the insertion to ensure continued insulin delivery.

#### General Guidelines

#### Site Selection

- Your infusion set can be worn anywhere on your body that you would normally inject insulin.
   Absorption varies from site to site.
   Discuss options with your healthcare provider.
- The most commonly used sites are the abdomen, upper buttocks, hips, upper arms, and upper legs.

- The abdomen is the most popular site because of access to fatty tissue. If using the abdominal area, AVOID:
  - Areas that would constrict the site such as the belt line, waistline, or where you would normally bend.
  - Areas 5 cm (2 inches) around your belly button.
  - Any scars, moles, stretch marks, or tattoos.
  - Areas within 7.6 cm (3 inches) of your CGM sensor site.

#### Site Rotation

#### **A PRECAUTION**

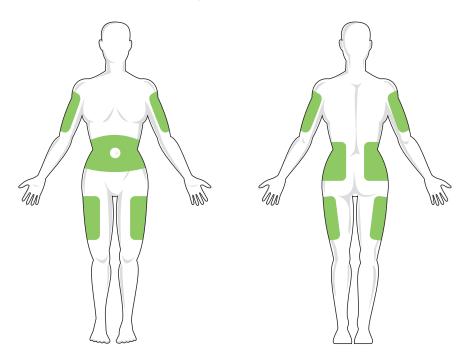
CHANGE your infusion set every 48–72 hours as recommended by your healthcare provider. Wash your hands with anti-bacterial soap before handling the infusion set and thoroughly clean the insertion site on your body to avoid infection. Contact your healthcare provider if you have symptoms of infection at your insulin infusion site.

- The infusion set must be replaced and rotated every 48–72 hours, or more often if needed.
- With experience, you will find areas that not only provide better absorption, but are more comfortable. Keep in mind, using the same areas may cause scarring or lumps which can affect insulin absorption.
- Consult your healthcare provider to establish a rotation schedule that best fits your needs.

# Keep it Clean

- When changing your infusion set, use clean techniques to avoid an infection.
- Wash your hands, use antiseptic wipes or infusion site preparation products, and keep the area clean.
- Site preparation products that have both an antiseptic and an adhesive are encouraged.

# Areas of Body for Infusion Set Insertion



# **6.2 Cartridge Instructions for Use**

For complete cartridge labeling, consult the cartridge instructions for use included in the t:slim  $X2^{TM}$  cartridge box.

# 6.3 Filling and Loading a t:slim Cartridge

This section describes how to fill the cartridge with insulin and load the cartridge into your t:slim X2 pump. The single-use disposable cartridge can hold up to 300 units (3.0 mL) of insulin.

#### WARNING

ONLY use U-100 insulins in your pump. Only U-100 Humalog and NovoRapid have been tested and found to be compatible for use with the pump. The use of insulin with lower or higher concentration insulin may cause over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

# WARNING

ALWAYS use cartridges manufactured by Tandem Diabetes Care. Use of any other cartridge brand may result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

## WARNING

**DO NOT** reuse cartridges. Reuse of cartridges may result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

# START BY PREPARING THE FOLLOWING:

- 1 unopened cartridge
- 3.0 mL syringe and fill needle
- one vial of compatible insulin
- alcohol prep swab
- 1 new infusion set
- infusion set instructions for use

## **■ NOTE**

**Fill Tubing Sound Volume:** The pump will beep or vibrate, depending on your pump settings, while the tubing is filling with insulin. To change the Fill Tubing sound setting, see Section 4.14 Sound Volume.

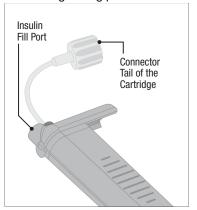
# **■ NOTE**

Removing the Cartridge: DO NOT remove the used cartridge from the pump during the load process until prompted on the pump screen.

# **■ NOTE**

Control-IQ Technology While Filling
Cartridge: Control-IQ technology will continue
to make calculations based on CGM values
while the cartridge is being filled. Since there is
no insulin delivered during the cartridge fill
process, there will be no actual basal rate
adjustments until the cartridge is filled and
loaded back onto the pump. Control-IQ
technology will then immediately begin to
operate normally.

The illustration identifies the connector and insulin fill port used in the cartridge filling process.



## **A PRECAUTION**

CHANGE your cartridge every 48–72 hours as recommended by your healthcare provider. Wash your hands with anti-bacterial soap before handling the infusion set and thoroughly clean the insertion site on your body to avoid infection. Contact your healthcare provider if you have symptoms of infection at your insulin infusion site.

Instructions for Drawing Insulin from Vial into Syringe

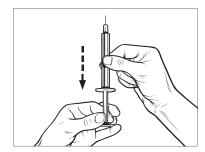
## **A PRECAUTION**

ALWAYS remove all air bubbles from the cartridge before beginning insulin delivery. Ensure there are no air bubbles when drawing insulin into the filling syringe, hold the pump with the white fill port pointed up when filling the tubing, and ensure that there are no air bubbles in the tubing when filling. Air in the system takes space where insulin should be and can affect insulin delivery.

The fill estimate displayed on the pump is the amount of insulin available for delivery. It does not include insulin needed to fill the tubing (up to 30 units) and a small amount of insulin that is not available for delivery. When filling the syringe, add approximately 45 units to the amount of insulin you want available for delivery.

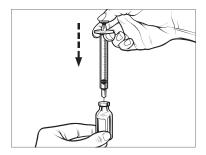
 For example, the pump requires a minimum of 50 units available for delivery after fill tubing has been completed. Fill the syringe with approximately 95 units to have enough to fill your tubing and still have 50 units available for delivery.

- Inspect the needle and syringe package for any signs of damage. Discard any damaged product.
- 2. Wash your hands thoroughly.
- 3. Wipe the rubber septum of the insulin vial with an alcohol swab.
- Remove the needle and syringe from their packaging. Securely twist needle onto syringe. Safely remove protective cap from needle by pulling outward.
- 5. Draw air into syringe up to the amount of insulin desired.

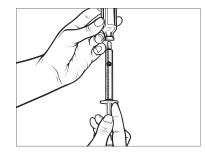


6. With insulin vial upright, insert needle into vial. Inject air from

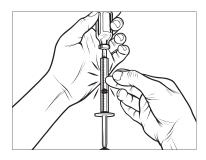
syringe into vial. Maintain pressure on syringe plunger.



 With needle still inserted into vial, turn vial and syringe upside down. Release syringe plunger. Insulin will begin to flow from the vial into the syringe. 8. Slowly pull back the plunger to the desired amount of insulin.



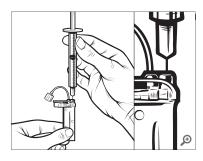
 While the filling needle is still in the vial and upside down, tap the syringe so that any air bubbles rise to the top. Then slowly push the plunger upwards, forcing any air bubbles back into the vial.



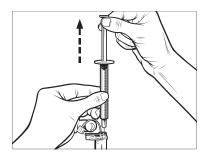
- 10. Check the syringe for air bubbles and do one of the following:
  - If there are air bubbles present, repeat step 9.
  - If no air bubbles are present, remove the filling needle from the vial.

# Instructions for Filling the Cartridge

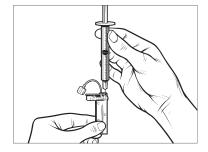
- Inspect the cartridge package for any signs of damage. Discard any damaged product.
- 2. Open the package and remove the cartridge.
- Hold the cartridge upright and gently insert the needle into the white insulin fill port on the cartridge. The needle is not intended to go all the way in, so do not force it.



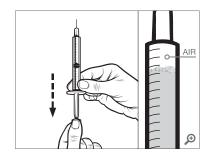
4. Keeping the syringe vertically aligned with the cartridge, and the needle inside the fill port, pull back on the plunger until it is fully retracted. This will remove any residual air from the cartridge. Bubbles will rise toward the plunger.



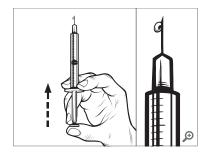
 Make sure the needle is still in the fill port and release the plunger.
 Pressure will pull the plunger to its neutral position but it will NOT push any air back inside the cartridge.



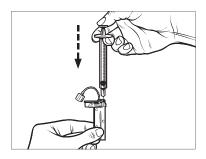
- 6. Withdraw the needle from the fill port.
- 7. Turn the syringe upright and pull down on the plunger. Flick the barrel to make sure that any air bubbles rise to the top.



8. Gently press on the plunger to remove air bubbles until insulin fills the needle hub and you see a drop of insulin at the tip of the needle.



 Re-insert the needle in the fill port and slowly fill the cartridge with insulin. It is normal to feel some back pressure as you slowly press on the plunger.



- 10. Maintain pressure on the plunger while you remove the needle from the cartridge. Check the cartridge for leaks. If you detect insulin leaking, discard the cartridge and repeat entire process with a new cartridge.
- Always dispose of used needles, syringes, cartridges, and infusion sets following the instructions from your healthcare provider.

# Instructions on How to Install a Cartridge

If this is the very first time you are loading the cartridge, remove the shipping canister (which is not for human use) from the back of the pump.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap Load.

During the load sequence, the Tandem logo is disabled. Tapping it will not return to the *Home* screen.

- 3. Tap Change Cartridge.
- A screen will display to notify you that all insulin deliveries will be stopped. Tap to continue.

### **■ NOTE**

**First Time Use:** This screen will not be displayed if this is the first time loading a new cartridge and you have not started actively pumping.

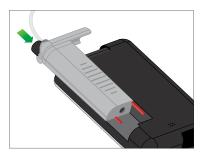
5. Disconnect the infusion set from your body and tap 
to continue.

- ✓ Preparing for Cartridge screen is displayed.
- Remove the used cartridge. If needed, place the cartridge removal tool or the edge of a coin in the slot at the bottom of the cartridge and twist to aid in the removal of the cartridge.
- Place the bottom of the cartridge at the end of the pump. Make sure cartridge is lined up to both guide tracks.



8. Push on the circular fill port next to the cartridge tubing to slide the

cartridge onto the pump. Tap the UNLOCK icon when completed.



- 9. Tap to continue.
- ✓ Detecting Cartridge screen is displayed.
- After completing the cartridge change, the pump will automatically prompt you to fill the tubing.
- 10. Tap to fill the tubing.

## WARNING

**DO NOT** remove or add insulin from a filled cartridge after loading onto the pump. This will result in an inaccurate display of the insulin level on the *Home* screen and you could run out of insulin before the pump detects an empty

cartridge. This can cause very high BG, or Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA).

# 6.4 Filling Tubing

Filling the Infusion Set Tubing with Insulin

#### WARNING

**NEVER** fill your tubing while your infusion set is connected to your body. Always ensure that the infusion set is disconnected from your body before filling the tubing. Failure to disconnect your infusion set from your body before filling the tubing can result in over delivery of insulin. This can cause hypoglycemia (low BG) events.

This section describes how to fill the infusion set tubing with insulin after you change the cartridge. If you just completed step 10 from the previous section, skip to step 5.

**Fill Tubing Sound Volume:** The pump will beep or vibrate, depending on your pump settings, while the tubing is filling with insulin. To change the Fill Tubing sound setting, see Section 4.14 Sound Volume.

To fill the tubing without changing the cartridge, from the *Home* screen tap

OPTIONS, tap Load, tap Fill Tubing and then follow the instructions.

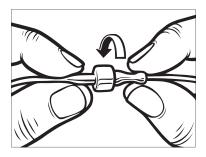
- Tap NEW if you installed a new cartridge.
- Tap FILL if you did not install a new cartridge and want to continue with filling the tubing.

## **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK your infusion set tubing daily for any leaks, air bubbles, or kinks. Air in the tubing, leaks in the tubing, or kinked tubing may restrict or stop insulin delivery and result in under delivery of insulin.

- 1. Verify that the infusion set is disconnected from your body.
- Ensure that the new infusion set package is not damaged, and remove the sterile tubing from the package. If the package is damaged or opened, discard of properly and use another tubing set.
- Be careful to keep the tubing connector away from unclean areas.

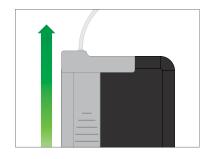
 Attach the infusion set tubing to the tubing connector on the cartridge tubing. Twist clockwise until finger tight and then twist another quarter of a turn to ensure a secure connection.



## WARNING

ALWAYS twist the tubing connector between the cartridge tubing and the infusion set tubing an extra quarter of a turn to ensure a secure connection. A loose connection can cause insulin to leak, resulting in under delivery of insulin. This can cause hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

 Hold the pump vertically to ensure any air in the cartridge will be dispelled first. Tap START. The pump will beep and vibrate regularly while the tubing is being filled, depending on your Sound Volume settings.



✓ Starting Fill screen is displayed.

The following are approximate amounts of insulin to fill different tubing lengths:

- 15–20 units for 60 cm (23 inch) tubing
- 20–25 units for 80 cm (32 inch) tubing
- 25–30 units for 110 cm (42 inch) tubing

- Tap STOP after 3 drops of insulin are seen at the end of the infusion set tubing.
- ✓ Stopping Fill screen is displayed.
- ✓ Detecting Insulin screen is displayed.
- 7. Verify that drops are seen and tap **DONF**.
- If you do not see drops, tap FILL.
   The Fill Tubing screen appears,
   repeat steps 5 and 6 until you see 3 drops of insulin at the end of the tubing.
- The tubing may be filled with a maximum of 30 units of insulin during each fill cycle. If you do not tap STOP, a notification screen will appear letting you know that the maximum amount has been filled. Do one of the following:
  - a. If you are finished filling the tubing, tap DONE.
  - b. If you want to fill the tubing with more than 30 units, tap FILL to

go back to the Fill Tubing screen.

√ Fill Tubing is complete screen is temporarily displayed.

## **■ NOTE**

**Initial Display of Insulin:** After tubing fill is complete, when the pump returns to the *Home* screen, an estimate of how much insulin is in the cartridge is displayed in the upper right portion of the screen. You will see one of the following on the screen:

+ 40 u	More than 40 units detected
	in the cartridge
+ 60 u	More than 60 units detected
	in the cartridge
+ 120 u	More than 120 units detected
	in the cartridge
+ 180 u	More than 180 units detected
	in the cartridge
+ 240 u	More than 240 units detected
	in the cartridge

After 10 units are delivered, an actual number of units remaining in the cartridge will be displayed on the *Home* screen.

The amount of insulin remaining displayed on the *Home* screen will decrease 5 units at a time (for example, you will see 140, 135, 130, 125). When less than 40 units remain, it will begin decreasing 1 unit at a time (for example, you will see 40, 39, 38, 37) until there is 1 unit remaining.

✓ A screen will display to instruct you to insert a new infusion set and connect to the filled tubing.

# **6.5 Filling Cannula**

# Filling the Infusion Set Cannula with Insulin

This section describes how to fill the infusion set cannula with insulin after you fill the tubing.

To fill the cannula without filling the tubing, from the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS, tap Load, tap Fill Cannula and then follow the instructions below.

If you are using a steel needle infusion set, there is no cannula; skip this section.

#### To Fill the Cannula:

- 1. Tap Fill Cannula.
- Insert a new infusion set and connect filled tubing to site, then tap
- 3. Tap Edit Fill Amount.
- The cannula fill amount displayed is based on your last cannula fill amount. Filling stops at this amount.
- 4. Select amount needed for cannula fill.
  - See your infusion set instructions for use for proper cannula fill amount.
  - If the amount needed is not listed, tap Other amount and use the on-screen keypad to enter a value between 0.1 to 1.0 unit.
- 5. Tap START.
- ✓ The STARTING FILL screen is displayed.

✓ After fill is complete, STOPPING FILL screen is displayed.

# **■ NOTE**

**Stopping Fill:** You can tap **STOP** at any time during the fill process if you want to stop filling the cannula.

- The screen will return to the Load menu if the Site Reminder is turned off.
- Tap to resume insulin if finished. Or tap Site Reminder to set reminder. If Site Reminder is on, the pump will automatically display the Site Reminder screen (see the next section).

# **6.6 Setting Site Reminder**

This section describes how to set the Site Reminder after you fill the cannula.

To set the Site Reminder without filling the cannula, from the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS, tap Load, tap Site Reminder then follow the instructions below.

- Tap if correct. Tap Edit Reminder if settings need to be changed.
- 2. Tap Remind Me In and select the number of days (1–3).
- ✓ The default for the Site Reminder is set for 3 days
- 3. Tap Remind Me At. Use the onscreen keypad to enter time and tap ...
- 4. Tap **Time of Day** to change AM or PM, if applicable. Tap
- 5. Verify Site Reminder is set correctly and tap .
- ✓ Setting Saved screen is displayed.
- ✓ Load screen is displayed.
- 6. Tap \_\_\_\_.
- ✓ A reminder to test BG in 1 to 2 hours will display.
- 7. Tap \_\_\_\_.

#### **■ NOTE**

**First Time Use:** If this is the first time using your pump and a Personal Profile has not been defined, a screen will notify you that a profile must be activated to resume insulin. Tap **CLOSE**.

✓ RESUMING INSULIN screen is temporarily displayed.

# **■ NOTE**

Changing Cartridge with Automated Insulin Dosing: The automated insulin dosing feature will continue to operate while changing a cartridge. If you complete a cartridge change and resume insulin while the automated insulin dosing feature is adjusting insulin, insulin will resume until the next five minute CGM reading. At this time the pump will resume normal operation.

**CHAPTER 7** 

Manual Bolus

# 7.1 Manual Bolus Overview

# **WARNING**

DO NOT deliver a bolus until you have reviewed the calculated bolus amount on the pump display. If you deliver an insulin amount that is too high or too low, this could cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events. You can change the amount of insulin before you deliver your bolus.

## WARNING

Delivering large boluses, or delivering multiple boluses back to back may cause hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events. Pay attention to IOB and the bolus calculator recommended dose before delivering large or multiple boluses.

# WARNING

If you do not see a reduction in BG after initiating a bolus, it is recommended that you check your infusion set for an occlusion, air bubbles, or for leaks or cannula dislodgement. If the condition persists, call your local customer support or seek medical attention as required.

# **■ NOTE**

Automatic Bolus Delivery and Automated Insulin Dosing: The information in this chapter does NOT apply to boluses delivered automatically by Control-IQ technology. For information automatic bolus delivery, see Automatic Correction Bolus Delivery in Section 29.2 How Control-IQ Technology Works.

A bolus is a quick dose of insulin that is usually delivered to cover food eaten or to correct high glucose.

The minimum bolus size is 0.05 units. The maximum bolus size is 25 units. If you attempt to deliver a bolus that is larger than the amount of insulin in the cartridge, a message screen appears indicating that there is not enough insulin to deliver the bolus.

Your t:slim X2 pump offers you the ability to deliver different boluses to cover carbohydrate intake (food bolus) and bring your BG back to target (correction bolus). Food and correction boluses can also be programmed together.

If Carbs is turned on in your active Personal Profile, you will enter grams of

carbohydrate and the bolus will be calculated using your Carb Ratio.

If you are not using the automated insulin dosing feature and Carbs is turned off in your active Personal Profile, you will enter units of insulin to request the bolus.

## **■ NOTE**

Manual Bolus and Automatic Correction Bolus: If you deliver a manual bolus, Control-IQ technology will not be able to deliver an automatic correction bolus until 60 minutes after the manual bolus has completed.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK your pump's settings regularly to ensure they are correct. Incorrect settings can result in over delivery or under delivery of insulin. Consult your healthcare provider as needed.

# 7.2 Correction Bolus Calculation

Once the pump knows your glucose value, either from the CGM or from manual entry, it will determine whether to recommend that a correction bolus to be added to any other bolus requested on the *Bolus* screen.

When your glucose value is:

- Above Target BG: the insulin for the food bolus and the correction bolus will be added together. If IOB is present, it is subtracted only from the correction portion of the bolus.
- Between 3.9 mmol/L and Target BG: You will be given an option to reduce the food bolus to correct for the lower glucose. In addition, if IOB is present, it will also be used to reduce the bolus calculation.
- Below 3.9 mmol/L: The food bolus will be reduced to automatically correct for the low glucose value. In addition, if IOB is present, it will also be used to reduce the bolus calculation.

Always treat hypoglycemia (low BG) with fast-acting carbohydrates according to the instructions of your healthcare provider and then re-test your BG to ensure that the treatment was successful.

# Glucose Value Auto-Population with CGM

# **A PRECAUTION**

PAY ATTENTION to the trend information on the *CGM Home* screen, as well as your symptoms, before using CGM values to calculate and deliver a correction bolus. Individual CGM values may not be as accurate as BG meter values.

## **■ NOTE**

Making Treatment Decisions with your CGM: With a CGM that is approved for non-adjunctive use, there is no need to take a fingerstick to make a treatment decision, as long as your symptoms match the CGM readings. The t:slim X2 insulin pump can automatically use CGM readings in the bolus calculator when Control-IQ technology is enabled and there is a valid reading and trend arrow available from the CGM. If your CGM readings don't match your symptoms, it is recommended that you wash your hands thoroughly and use your BG meter to replace the CGM reading in the bolus calculator if the BG meter value matches your symptoms. If you want to align your CGM with your BG meter, you should follow the instructions to calibrate your CGM. Sometimes you should not treat at all, but rather watch and wait, including stacking insulin. Do not take insulin doses too close together. If you have recently given a

bolus, you might wait 60 minutes to see if your readings respond to the bolus.

#### **■ NOTE**

# Automatically Using CGM Readings in the Bolus Calculator vs. Manual Entry:

Retrospective analysis of the pivotal study results indicated that there was an increased incidence of CGM values <3.9 mmol/L five hours after a bolus was delivered when glucose values were auto-populated. See Section 32.9 Additional Analysis of Glucose Value Auto-Population with CGM for more information.

Your glucose value is automatically entered into the GLUCOSE field on the Bolus screen when the following conditions are true:

- Control-IQ technology is turned on and available
- A CGM session is active
- A CGM value is present
- A CGM trend arrow is available on the CGM Home screen

# **■ NOTE**

For more information about CGM trend arrows and how to use them for treatment

decisions, see the CGM manufacturer's user guide. You can also see Section 24.3 Rate of Change Arrows.

To access the *Correction Bolus* confirmation screen, tap **BOLUS** from the *CGM Home* screen.

If you are not using a CGM, or if your CGM value or trend arrow are not available on the *Home* screen, the *Correction Bolus* confirmation screen is displayed if appropriate after you manually enter your BG value on the *Bolus* screen.

When the CGM reading is automatically populated into the bolus calculator, only the current CGM reading is used to calculate the correction bolus. The trend arrow is not used in the dose calculation. Speak with your healthcare provider for recommendations on how best to utilize the arrows for your correction bolus dosing.

If your healthcare provider has advised you to use the trend arrow to adjust your correction dose, or if you want to change the glucose value used to calculate your correction dose, you can manually override the glucose value auto-populated from your CGM.

To change the glucose value autopopulated from your CGM you can tap on the glucose value on the *Bolus* screen.



# **■ NOTE**

Changing the Glucose Value: If the glucose value auto-populated from your CGM was above or below your target BG, your pump will present you with the *Above Target* or *Below Target Correction Bolus* confirmation screen.

# Correction Bolus Confirmation Screens

You cannot tap the Current BG value on these Correction Bolus confirmation

screens to change the glucose value auto-populated from your CGM.

Tap either or and proceed to the *Bolus* screen to change the glucose value as described above. Once the value is changed, if the manually inputted value is above or below your Target BG, your pump will again present you with the *Above Target* or *Below Target* confirmation screen where you can choose to accept the correction bolus or decline it.

# **Above Target**

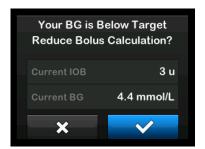
If your glucose value is above your Target BG, the pump presents you with the option for the pump to calculate and add a correction bolus to any other bolus you request.



- To accept the correction bolus press . A correction bolus is calculated and will be added to any food bolus you request on the Bolus screen.
- To decline the correction bolus, press X. No correction bolus will be added to any food bolus you request on the Bolus screen.

# **Below Target**

If your glucose value is below your Target BG, the pump presents you with the option for the pump to calculate and subtract a correction bolus from any other bolus you request.



 To accept the correction bolus press . A correction bolus is

- calculated and will be subtracted from any food bolus you request on the *Bolus* screen.
- To decline the correction bolus, press X. No correction bolus will be subtracted from any food bolus you request on the *Bolus* screen.

# Within Target

If your glucose value is the same value as your Target BG, no *Correction Bolus* screen is displayed.

# **BG Value Manual Entry**

If your glucose value was not autopopulated on the *Bolus* screen based on the conditions needed for that feature, you will need to enter your BG value into the pump manually before advancing to the *Correction Bolus* confirmation screens. The conditions needed for the auto-populate feature are:

- Control-IQ technology is turned on and available
- A CGM session is active
- A CGM value is present

 A CGM trend arrow is available on the CGM Home screen

### **■ NOTE**

For more information about CGM trend arrows and how to use them for treatment decisions, see the CGM manufacturer's user guide. You can also see Section 24.3 Rate of Change Arrows.

The Correction Bolus confirmation screens are displayed, if appropriate, after you manually enter your BG value on the Bolus screen.

- 1. From the Home screen tap BOLUS.
- 2. Tap Add BG.



3. Using the on-screen keypad, enter your BG value and tap . Once

- is tapped, the BG value is saved in your pump history whether or not a bolus is delivered.
- 4. Follow the steps in the appropriate Target section above depending on the results of your BG value.

# 7.3 Bolus Override

You can override the calculated bolus by tapping on the calculated units value and entering the units of insulin you want delivered. The bolus override is always an available option.



# 7.4 Food Bolus Using Units

If you are using the automated insulin dosing feature, skip to Section 7.5 Food Bolus Using Grams.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap BOLUS.
- 2. Tap **0** units on the left side of the screen.
- 3. Using the on-screen keypad enter units of insulin to be delivered, then tap ...

## **▲** WARNING

ALWAYS confirm that the decimal point placement is correct when entering bolus information. Incorrect decimal point placement can prevent you from getting the proper amount of insulin that your healthcare provider has prescribed for you.

- 4. Tap to confirm the units of insulin to be delivered.
- 5. Confirm Request.

- Tap if entered data is correct.
- Tap x to go back to make changes or view calculations.
- 6. Tap \_\_\_\_.
- √ The BOLUS INITIATED screen is temporarily displayed.

# 7.5 Food Bolus Using Grams

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap BOLUS.
- 2. Tap 0 grams.
- 3. Using the on-screen keypad enter grams of carb and tap ...
  - To add multiple carb values enter first value, then tap
     + , enter second value, tap
     + . Continue until done.
  - To clear the value entered and start over, tap the back arrow.

- 4. Check that the grams of carb are entered in the correct location on the screen.
- 5. Tap to confirm the units of insulin to be delivered.

You can always tap View Calculation to display the Delivery Calculation screen.

- 6. Confirm Request.
  - Tap if entered data is correct.
  - Tap x to go back to make changes or view calculations.
- 7. Tap 💙.
- ✓ The BOLUS INITIATED screen is temporarily displayed.

# 7.6 Extended Bolus

The Extended Bolus feature allows you to deliver part of the bolus now and part of the bolus slowly over a period of up to 8 hours. This can be helpful for high

fat meals such as pizza or if you have gastroparesis (delayed stomach emptying).

#### **■ NOTE**

Control-IQ Technology and Extended Bolus: When Control-IQ technology is enabled, the

default, and maximum limit for duration is two hours for extended bolus.

When extending a bolus, any correction bolus amount will always be given in the DELIVER NOW portion. Talk with your healthcare provider to determine if this feature is appropriate for you, as well as for recommendations on the split between now and later and the duration. for the later portion.

- 1. From the Home screen, tap BOLUS.
- 2. Tap 0 grams (or 0 units).
- 3. Using the on-screen keypad enter grams of carb (or units of insulin). Tap \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. If desired, tap Add BG and using the on-screen keypad enter a glucose value. Tap

5. Tap to confirm the units of insulin to be delivered.

> You can always tap View Calculation to display the Delivery Calculation screen.

- 6. Confirm Request.
  - Tap if entered data is correct.
  - Tap to go back to make changes or view calculations.
- 7. Tap **EXTENDED** to turn on the extended feature, then tap ......
- Tap 50% under DELIVER NOW to adjust the percentage of the food bolus that is to be delivered immediately.

The percentage value for DELIVER LATER is automatically calculated by the pump. The default is 50% NOW and 50% LATER. The default for DURATION is 2 hours.

 Use the on-screen keypad to enter the percentage of the bolus to DELIVER NOW and tap

For the DELIVER NOW portion, the minimum amount is .05 units. If the DELIVER NOW portion is less than .05 units, you will be notified and the DELIVER NOW portion will be set to .05 units.

The DELIVER LATER portion of the extended bolus also has minimum and maximum rates. If you program a DELIVER LATER rate outside of these limits, you are notified and the duration of the DELIVER LATER portion is adjusted.

10. Tap 2 hrs under DURATION.

The default maximum duration for extended bolus delivery is 8 hours. The default maximum duration for extended bolus delivery changes to 2 hours when Control-IQ technology is enabled.

11. Use the on-screen keypad to adjust the length of time the bolus is to be delivered, then tap

12. Tap 🕶.

You can always tap View Units to display the breakdown of units to be delivered NOW versus LATER.

- 13. Confirm Request.
  - Tap if entered data is correct.
  - Tap x to go back to make changes or view calculations.
- 14. Tap 🕶.
- 15. The *BOLUS INITIATED* screen is temporarily displayed.

Only one extended bolus can be active at any given time. However, if the DELIVER LATER portion of an extended bolus is active, you can request another standard bolus.

# 7.7 Max Bolus

The Max Bolus setting allows you to set a limit to the maximum insulin delivery amount for a single bolus. The default setting for Max Bolus is 10 units, but can be set to any value between 1 to 25 units. To adjust the Max Bolus setting, follow these steps.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Personal Profiles.
- 4. Tap Pump Settings.
- 5. Tap Max Bolus.



6. Using the on-screen keypad, enter the desired amount for maximum bolus (1–25 units) and tap

# **■ NOTE**

25 Unit Max Bolus: If you set the max bolus to 25 units and a bolus larger than 25 units is calculated using your carb ratio or correction factor, after the bolus is delivered a reminder screen will appear. The option of delivering the remaining amount of the bolus up to an additional 25 units will be given (see Section 12.9 Max Bolus Alerts). If you are using Control-IQ technology, a reminder screen will not appear, but you will still have the option to deliver the remaining bolus as needed.

# 7.8 Quick Bolus

The Quick Bolus function enables you to deliver a bolus by simply pressing a button. It is a way to deliver a bolus by following beep/vibration commands without navigating through or viewing the pump screen.

Quick Bolus can be configured to correspond to either units of insulin or grams of carbohydrate. When the automated insulin dosing feature is enabled, it will use the Quick Bolus as a correction bolus if configured as units of insulin, or as a food bolus if configured

as grams of carbohydrate. The automated insulin dosing feature uses the information about carbohydrate intake to optimize insulin delivery after eating.

# Configure Quick Bolus

The default for the Quick Bolus function is off. Quick Bolus can be set to either units of insulin or grams of carbohydrate. The increment options are 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, and 5.0 units; or 2, 5, 10 and 15 grams.

# **■ NOTE**

Automated Insulin Dosing and Carbs: It is required to use grams of carbohydrate in a bolus delivery whenever eating and using the automated insulin dosing feature. The model used to make predictions and insulin dosing is more accurate when informed when you eat.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Personal Profiles.
- 4. Tap Pump Settings.

- 5. Tap Quick Bolus.
- 6. Tap Increment Type.
- 7. Tap units of insulin or grams of carbohydrate to select. Tap
- 8. Tap Increment Amount.
- 9. Select the preferred increment amount.

# **■** NOTE

Incrementing Amount: The increment amount is added with each press of the Screen On/Quick Bolus button when delivering a quick bolus.

- 10. Review entered values and tap
- 11. Confirm Settings.
  - Tap if entered data is correct.
  - Tap x to go back to make changes.
- 12. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

# Delivery a Quick Bolus

If the Quick Bolus function is turned on, you can deliver a bolus without having to look at the t:slim X2 pump screen. Simply use the Screen On/Quick Bolus button to deliver your bolus. Quick boluses are delivered as standard boluses (there is no glucose value entry or extended bolus).

## **A PRECAUTION**

ALWAYS look at the screen to confirm correct programming of the bolus amount when you first use the Quick Bolus feature. Looking at the screen will ensure that you are correctly using the beep/vibration commands to program the intended bolus amount.

- Press and hold the Screen On/ Quick Bolus button. The Quick Bolus screen will appear. Listen for two beeps (if sound volume is set to beep) or feel for vibrations (if sound volume is set to vibrate).
- Press the Screen On/Quick Bolus button for each increment until desired amount is reached. The pump will beep/vibrate for each button press.

- Wait for the pump to beep/vibrate once for each increment pressed to confirm desired amount.
- After the pump beeps/vibrates, press and hold the Screen On/ Quick Bolus button for several seconds to deliver the bolus.

## **■ NOTE**

Safety Features: If you want to cancel the bolus and return to the *Home* screen, tap on the *Quick Bolus* screen.

If more than 10 seconds have passed with no input, the bolus is canceled and never delivered.

You cannot exceed the Max Bolus setting defined in your Pump Settings when using the Quick Bolus feature. Once you reach the Max Bolus amount, a different tone will sound to notify you (if Quick Bolus is set to vibrate, the pump will stop vibrating in response to additional button presses to notify you). Look at the screen to confirm the bolus amount.

You cannot exceed 20 button presses when using the Quick Bolus feature. Once you reach 20 button presses, a different tone

will sound to notify you (if Quick Bolus is set to vibrate, the pump will stop vibrating in response to additional button presses to notify you). Look at the screen to confirm the bolus amount.

If you hear a different tone at any point during programming or the pump stops vibrating in response to button presses, look at the screen to confirm the bolus amount. If the *Quick Bolus* screen does not display the correct bolus amount, use the touchscreen to enter bolus information.

✓ The BOLUS INITIATED screen is temporarily displayed.

#### **■ NOTE**

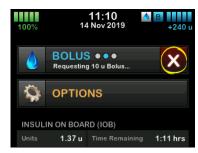
**Quick Bolus During Insulin Adjustment:** If the automated insulin dosing feature is on and has adjusted insulin delivery during a Quick Bolus, the remaining Quick Bolus insulin will be delivered.

# 7.9 Canceling or Stopping a Bolus

Canceling a Bolus if delivery HAS NOT STARTED:

1. Tap 1–2–3 to access the *Home* screen.

2. Tap to cancel the bolus.



- ✓ BOLUS will remain inactive while the bolus is being canceled.
- Once canceled, BOLUS will become active again on the Home screen.

# Stopping a Bolus if delivery of the BOLUS HAS STARTED:

- 1. Tap 1–2–3 to access the *Home* screen.
- 2. Tap x to stop delivery.
- 3. Tap \_\_\_\_.

- ✓ The BOLUS STOPPED screen is displayed and the units delivered are calculated.
- ✓ Units requested and delivered are shown.
- 4. Тар ок .

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 8** 

# Start, Stop, or Resume Insulin

# 8.1 Starting Insulin Delivery

Insulin delivery starts once you have a Personal Profile configured and activated. See Chapter 5 Insulin Delivery Settings for instructions on creating, configuring, and activating a Personal Profile.

# **8.2 Stopping Insulin Delivery**

You can stop all insulin delivery at any time. When you stop all insulin delivery, any active bolus and any active temp rate are immediately stopped. No insulin delivery can take place while your pump is stopped.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap STOP INSULIN.
- 3. Tap .
- The All Deliveries Stopped screen appears before returning to the Home screen showing the status ALL DELIVERIES STOPPED. A red

exclamation mark icon also appears to the right of the time and date.

## **■ NOTE**

Manually Stopping Insulin and Automated Insulin Dosing: If you manually stop insulin delivery, you must manually resume insulin delivery. The automated insulin dosing feature does not automatically resume insulin if you decide to stop it manually.

# 8.3 Resuming Insulin Delivery

If pump screen is not on, press Screen On/Quick Bolus button once to turn on your t:slim X2 pump screen.

- 1. Tap 1-2-3.
- 2. Tap .
- ✓ The RESUMING INSULIN screen is temporarily displayed.

# - OR -

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap RESUME INSULIN.

3. Tap .

The RESUMING INSULIN screen is temporarily displayed.

# 8.4 Disconnecting When Using Automated Insulin Dosing

When you need to disconnect your pump from your body, stop insulin delivery. Stopping insulin delivery tells the system that you are not actively delivering insulin, which also stops the automated insulin dosing feature so that it does not continue to calculate insulin delivery adjustments.

**CHAPTER 9** 

# t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Information and History

# 9.1 t:slim X2 Pump Info

Your t:slim X2™ pump allows access to information about your pump. In the *Pump Info* screen you have access to items such as your pump Serial Number, local customer support service contact information website, and software/hardware versions.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Pump Info.
- 4. Scroll through the Pump Info using the Up/Down Arrows.
- 5. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

# 9.2 t:slim X2 Pump History

Pump History displays a historical log of pump events. At least 90 days of data can be viewed in History. When the maximum number of events is reached, the oldest events are removed from the history log and replaced with the most recent events. The following can be viewed in Pump History:

Delivery Summary, Total Daily Dose, Bolus, Basal, Load, BG, Alerts and Alarms, Control-IQ™, and Complete.

Delivery Summary breaks down total insulin delivery by basal and bolus types into units and percentages. It can be viewed by the selected time period of: Today, 7 Day, 14 Day and 30 Day Average.

Total Daily Dose breaks down basal and bolus delivery into units and percentages for each individual day. You can scroll through each individual day to see your total insulin delivery.

The Bolus, Basal, Load, BG, and Alerts and Alarms are categorized by date. The event details in each report are listed by time.

The Complete section includes all information from each section as well as any changes to settings.

The letter "D" (D: Alert) before an Alert or Alarm indicates the time it was

declared. The letter "C" (C: Alert) indicates the time it was cleared.

Bolus history shows the bolus request, the bolus start time, and the bolus completion time.

The Control-IQ history shows the historical log of the Control-IQ technology status, including when the feature is enabled or disabled, when basal rate changes were made, and when Control-IQ technology boluses were delivered. The rate of insulin delivery may change as frequently as every five minutes.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap History.
- 4. Tap Pump History.
- 5. Tap desired option.
- 6. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

**CHAPTER 10** 

# t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Reminders

Your pump lets you know important information about the System with Reminders, Alerts, and Alarms. Reminders are displayed to notify you of an option that you have set (for example, a reminder to check your BG after a bolus). Alerts display automatically to notify you about safety conditions that you need to know (for example, an alert that your insulin level is low). Alarms display automatically to let you know of an actual or potential stopping of insulin delivery (for example, an alarm that the insulin cartridge is empty). Pay special attention to Alarms.

If multiple Reminders, Alerts, and Alarms happen at the same time, Alarms will be displayed first, Alerts will be displayed second, and Reminders will be displayed third. Each must be confirmed separately until all have been acknowledged.

Information in this section will help you learn how to respond to Reminders.

Reminders notify you with a single sequence of three notes or a single vibration depending on the volume/ vibrate setting in Sound Volume. They repeat every 10 minutes until

acknowledged. Reminders do not escalate.

#### **10.1 Low BG Reminder**

The Low BG Reminder prompts you to re-test your BG after a low glucose value is read. When turning this reminder on, you need to set a low glucose value that triggers the reminder, as well as how much time should pass before the reminder occurs.

The default for this reminder is preset to off. If on, the defaults are Remind Me Below 3.9 mmol/L, and Remind Me After 15 min, but you can set these values from 3.9 to 6.7 mmol/L and 10 to 20 min.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- Tap Alerts & Reminders.
- 4. Tap Pump Reminders.
- 5. Tap Low BG.

- 6. Low BG is set to on; to turn off, tap Low BG.
  - a. Tap Remind Me Below and using the on-screen keypad, enter a Low BG value (from 3.9 to 6.7 mmol/L) that you want to trigger the reminder, then tap
  - b. Tap Remind Me After and using the on-screen keypad, enter the time (from 10 to 20 min), then tap
  - c. Tap when all changes are complete.
  - d. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

#### To Respond to the Low BG Reminder

To clear the reminder, tap and then check your glucose.

#### 10.2 High BG Reminder

The High BG Reminder prompts you to re-test your BG after a high glucose

value is read. When you turn this reminder on, you need to set a high glucose value that triggers the reminder, as well as how much time should pass before the reminder occurs.

The default for this reminder is preset to off. If on, the defaults are Remind Me Above 11.1 mmol/L, and Remind Me After 120 min, but you can set these values from 8.3 to 16.7 mmol/L and 1 – 3 hours.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Alerts & Reminders.
- 4. Tap Pump Reminders.
- 5. Tap **High BG**.
- 6. High BG is set to on; to turn off, tap High BG.
  - a. Tap Remind Me Above and using the on-screen keypad, enter a High BG value (from 8.3

to 16.7 mmol/L) that you want to trigger the reminder, then tap

- b. Tap Remind Me After and using the on-screen keypad, enter the time (from 1 to 3 hours), then tap ...
- Tap when all changes are complete.
- 7. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

To Respond to the High BG Reminder

To clear the reminder tap and then check your glucose.

#### **10.3 After Bolus BG Reminder**

The After Bolus BG Reminder prompts you to test your BG at a selected time after bolus delivery. When turning this reminder on, you need to set how much time should pass before the reminder occurs. The default is 1 hour and 30 minutes. It can be set from 1 to 3 hours.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Alerts & Reminders.
- 4. Tap Pump Reminders.
- 5. Tap After Bolus BG.
- 6. After Bolus BG is set to on; to turn off, tap After Bolus BG.
- Tap Remind Me After and using the on-screen keypad, enter the time (from 1 – 3 hours) that you want to trigger the reminder, then tap
- 8. Tap when all changes are complete.
- 9. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

# To Respond to the After Bolus BG Reminder

To clear the reminder tap and then check BG using your BG meter.

#### 10.4 Missed Meal Bolus Reminder

The Missed Meal Bolus Reminder lets you know if a bolus was not delivered during a specified time period. Four separate reminders are available. When programming this reminder you need to select the Days, the Start Time, and End Time for each reminder.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Alerts & Reminders.
- Tap Pump Reminders.
- 5. Tap Missed Meal Bolus.
- On the Missed Meal Bolus screen, tap which reminder you want to set (Reminder 1 to 4) and do the following:
  - a. Tap Reminder 1 (or 2, 3, 4).
  - b. Reminder 1 is set to on; to turn off, tap Reminder 1.

- c. Tap Selected Days and tap the day(s) you want the reminder to be on, then tap
- d. Tap Start Time, tap Time and using the on-screen keypad enter the start time, then tap
- e. Tap Time of Day to select AM or PM, if applicable, then tap
- f. Tap End Time, tap Time and using the on-screen keypad enter the end time, then tap
- g. Tap Time of Day to select AM or PM, if applicable, then tap
- h. Tap when all changes are complete.
- 7. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

# To Respond to the Missed Meal Bolus Reminder

To clear the reminder tap and deliver a bolus if necessary.

#### **10.5 Site Reminder**

The Site Reminder prompts you to change your infusion set. The default for this reminder is preset to off. If on, the reminder can be set for 1 – 3 days and at a time of day selected by you.

For detailed information on the Site Reminder feature, see Section 6.6 Setting Site Reminder.

To Respond to the Site Reminder

To clear the reminder tap and change your infusion set.

**CHAPTER 11** 

# User Settable Alerts and Alarms

#### 11.1 Low Insulin Alert

Your t:slim X2 pump keeps track of how much insulin remains in the cartridge and alerts you when it is low. The default for this alert is preset to 20 units. You can set this alert setting anywhere between 10 and 40 units. When the insulin amount reaches the set value, the Low Insulin Alert beeps/vibrates and appears on the screen. After the alert is cleared, the low insulin indicator (a single red bar on the insulin level display on the *Home* screen appears).

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Alerts & Reminders.
- 4. Tap Pump Alerts.
- 5. Tap Low Insulin.
- 6. Using the on-screen keypad, enter the number of units (from 10 to 40 units) that you want the Low Insulin

Alert value to be set to, and tap

7. Tap when all changes are complete.

#### To Respond to the Low Insulin Alert

To clear the alert, tap ok.



#### 11.2 Auto-Off Alarm

Your pump can stop insulin delivery and alert you (or whoever is with you) if there has been no interaction with the pump within a specified period of time. The default for this alarm is preset to 12 hours. You can set it anywhere between 5 and 24 hours, or off. This alarm notifies you that there has been

no interaction with the pump in the specified number of hours and the pump will shut down after 60 seconds.

When the number of hours since you have pressed the Screen On/Quick Bolus button and tapped any interactive screen option or delivered a Quick Bolus passes the set value, the Auto-Off Alarm beeps and appears on the screen, and insulin delivery stops.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Alerts & Reminders.
- 4. Tap Pump Alerts.
- 5. Tap Auto-Off.
- 6. Tap Auto-Off. A confirmation screen will appear.
  - Tap to continue.
  - Tap x to go back.

- 7. Verify Auto-Off is set to on, then tap Time.
- Using the on-screen keypad, enter the number of hours (from 5 – 24 hours) that you want the Auto-Off Alarm to be triggered, and tap
- 9. Tap , then tap when all changes are complete.
- 10. Tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *Home* screen.

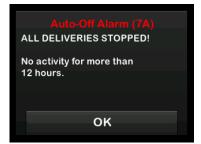
To Respond to Auto-Off Warning
Tap DO NOT SHUT DOWN.



✓ The warning clears and the pump returns to normal operation. If you do not clear the warning within the 60-second countdown period, the Auto-Off Alarm occurs, accompanied by an audible alarm. This alarm notifies you that your pump has stopped delivering insulin.

#### Auto-Off Alarm Screen

Тар ок.



✓ The Home screen appears, indicating a status of All Deliveries Stopped.

You must resume delivery to continue therapy, see Section 8.3 Resuming Insulin Delivery.

#### 11.3 Max Basal Alert

Your pump allows you to set a limit to the basal rate that the pump will not allow you to exceed during a Temp Rate.

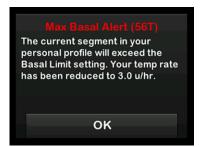
Once the Basal Limit in the Pump Settings has been set up (see 4.7 Basal Limit), you will receive an alert if the following scenarios occur.

- 1. A Temp Rate was requested that exceeds the Basal Limit.
- A Temp Rate is in progress, and a new Personal Profile time segment has begun, causing the Temp Rate to exceed the Basal Limit.

#### To Respond to Max Basal Alert

Tap ok to accept the reduced Temp Rate. The reduced Temp Rate value is

the same Basal Limit value that was set up in Personal Profiles.



**CHAPTER 12** 

# t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Alerts

Your pump lets you know important information about the System with Reminders, Alerts, and Alarms. Reminders are displayed to notify you of an option that you have set (for example, a reminder to check you BG after a bolus). Alerts display automatically to notify you about safety conditions that you need to know (for example, an alert that your insulin level is low). Alarms display automatically to let you know of an actual or potential stopping of insulin delivery (for example, an alarm that the insulin cartridge is empty). Pay special attention to Alarms.

If multiple Reminders, Alerts, and Alarms happen at the same time, Alarms will be displayed first, Alerts will be displayed second, and Reminders will be displayed third. Each must be confirmed separately until all have been confirmed.

Information in this section will help you learn how to respond to Alerts.

Alerts notify you with 2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume. They repeat regularly

until acknowledged. Alerts do not escalate.

#### **■ NOTE**

**CGM Alerts:** There is an additional list of alerts and errors related to CGM use in Chapter 25 CGM Alerts and Errors.

#### **■ NOTE**

**Automated Insulin Dosing Alerts:** There is an additional list of alerts related to the automated insulin dosing feature use in Chapter 31 Control-IQ Technology Alerts.

# 12.1 Low Insulin Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	5 units or less of insulin remain in the cartridge.
Low Insulin Alert (17T)	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
Change cartridge or pump will stop all deliveries.	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
OK	How should I respond?	Tap ox Change your cartridge as soon as possible to avoid the EMPTY CARTRIDGE ALARM and running out of insulin.

### **12.2 Low Power Alerts**

#### Low Power Alert 1

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Less than 25% of battery power remains.
Low Power Alert (2T)	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
Power level: Less than 25% remaining.	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
OK	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Charge your pump as soon as possible to avoid the second LOW POWER ALERT.

#### **■ NOTE**

Low Battery Display: Once the LOW POWER ALERT occurs, the low-power indicator (a single red bar on the battery level display on the *Home* and *Lock* screens) appears.

#### Low Power Alert 2

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Less than 5% of battery power remains. Insulin delivery will continue for 30 minutes and then the pump will power off and insulin delivery will stop.
Low Power Alert (3T) Recharge pump or all deliveries will stop.	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok . Charge your pump immediately to avoid the LOW POWER ALARM and pump power off.

#### **■ NOTE**

**Low Battery Display:** Once the LOW POWER ALERT occurs, the low-power indicator (a single red bar on the battery level display on the *Home* and *Lock* screens) appears.

# 12.3 Incomplete Bolus Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You started a bolus request but did not complete the request within 90 seconds.
Incomplete Bolus Alert (11T) This bolus has not been delivered.	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok. The <i>Bolus</i> screen will appear. Continue with your bolus request.

# 12.4 Incomplete Temp Rate Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You started to set up a temp rate but did not complete the request within 90 seconds.
Incomplete Temp Rate (12T) This temp rate has not been started.	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
ок	How should I respond?	<ol> <li>Tap ok. The <i>Temp Rate</i> screen will appear. Continue setting up your temp rate.</li> <li>Tap if you do not want to continue setting up your temp rate.</li> </ol>

# **12.5 Incomplete Load Sequence Alerts**

Incomplete Cartridge Change Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You selected <b>Change Cartridge</b> from the <i>Load</i> menu but did not complete the process within 3 minutes.
Change Cartridge Alert (13T) The cartridge loading process has not been completed.	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Complete the cartridge change process.

#### Incomplete Fill Tubing Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the Screen?	What does it mean?	You selected <b>Fill Tubing</b> from the <i>Load</i> menu but did not complete the process within 3 minutes.
Fill Tubing Alert (14T) The fill tubing process has not been completed.	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Complete the fill tubing process.

#### Incomplete Fill Cannula Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the Screen?	What does it mean?	You selected <b>Fill Cannula</b> from the <i>Load</i> menu but did not complete the process within 3 minutes.
Fill Cannula Alert (15T) The fill cannula process has not	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
been completed.	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Complete the cannula fill process.

# 12.6 Incomplete Setting Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You started to set up a new Personal Profile or automated insulin dosing setting but did not save or complete the programming within 5 minutes.
Incomplete Setting (16T)  A setting was being modified, but has not been saved.	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok . Complete programming the Personal Profile or automated insulin dosing setting.

# **12.7 Basal Rate Required Alert**

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You did not enter a basal rate in a time segment in Personal Profiles. A basal rate must be entered in each time segment (rate can be 0 u/hr).
Basal Rate Required  A basal rate must be added to this	How will the System notify me?	Prompt screen only.
time segment before it can be saved.	Will the System re-notify me?	No, a basal rate must be entered to save the time segment.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Enter a basal rate in the time segment.

# 12.8 Max Hourly Bolus Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	In the previous 60 minutes, you requested total bolus delivery that is more than 1.5 times your Max Bolus setting.
Max Hourly Bolus Alert	How will the System notify me?	Prompt screen only.
Your Max Hourly Bolus has been exceeded.	Will the System re-notify me?	No, you must tap x or to deliver the bolus.
Would you like to confirm the requested 8 u bolus?	How should I respond?	<ul> <li>Tap  to return to the <i>Bolus</i> screen and adjust the bolus delivery amount.</li> <li>Tap  to confirm the bolus.</li> </ul>

# 12.9 Max Bolus Alerts

#### Max Bolus Alert 1

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You requested a bolus larger than the Max Bolus setting in your active Personal Profile.
Max Bolus Alert	How will the System notify me?	Prompt screen only.
Your 10 u Max Bolus setting has been exceeded.	Will the System re-notify me?	No, you must tap x or to deliver the bolus.
Would you like to confirm a bolus of 10 u?	How should I respond?	<ul> <li>Tap  to return to the <i>Bolus</i> screen and adjust the bolus delivery amount.</li> <li>Tap  to deliver the amount of your Max Bolus setting.</li> </ul>

#### Max Bolus Alert 2

The following applies only if you have Carbs turned on in your active Personal Profile and your Max Bolus amount is set to 25 units.

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your Max Bolus is set to 25 units and you requested a bolus larger than 25 units.
Your 25 u Max Bolus has been	How will the System notify me?	Prompt screen only.
delivered. There are 47.39 u remaining from your current request.	Will the System re-notify me?	No, you must tap or to deliver the remaining amount of the bolus request.
Would you like to request another Max Bolus of 25 u?	How should I respond?	Before responding to this Alert, always consider whether your bolus insulin needs have changed since you requested the original bolus.  • Tap   to deliver the remaining amount of the bolus request. A confirmation screen will appear.  • Tap   if you do not want to deliver the remaining amount of the bolus request.

# 12.10 Max Basal Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	An active Temp Rate exceeds your Basal Limit setting due to a new timed segment activation within Personal Profiles. This alert will only display once your timed segment changes.
Max Basal Alert (56T) The current segment in your personal profile will exceed the	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations, depending on the volume/ vibration setting selected in Sound Volume.
Basal Limit setting. Your temp rate has been reduced to 3.0 u/hr.	Will the System re-notify me?	No, you must tap ok to move forward.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok to accept the reduced Temp Rate. The reduced Temp Rate value is the same Basal Limit value that was set up in Personal Profiles.

# 12.11 Min Basal Alerts

#### Min Basal Alert 1

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	When entering a basal rate or requesting a temp rate, you requested a basal rate less than half of the lowest basal rate defined in your Personal Profile.
Min Basal Alert The programmed rate is less than	How will the System notify me?	Prompt screen only.
half your lowest basal setting. Would you like to continue?	Will the System re-notify me?	No, you must tap x or v to move forward.
×	How should I respond?	<ul> <li>Tap  to return to the previous screen to adjust the amount.</li> <li>Tap  to dismiss the alert and continue with the request.</li> </ul>

#### Min Basal Alert 2

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	An active temp rate dropped below half of your lowest basal setting defined in your Personal Profile.
Min Basal Alert (26T) You have dropped below half your	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
lowest basal setting. Please review your current temp rate in	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
the Options menu.	How should I respond?	Tap ox and review your current temp rate in the <i>Activity</i> menu.

# **12.12 Connection Error Alert**

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You connected pump to a computer with the USB cable to charge it and a connection could not be made.
Connection Error Alert (9T)  Pump cannot connect with the	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
computer. Close this prompt and reconnect the USB cable to try	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
again.	How should I respond?	Tap ok Disconnect and reconnect the USB cable to try again.

# **12.13 Pairing Code Timeout**

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You attempted to connect a mobile device to the pump, but the pairing process took too long (more than 5 minutes) and was unsuccessful.
Pairing Code Timeout Close this prompt and tap Pair Device to generate a new Pairing	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
Code.	Will the System re-notify me?	No.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Try to pair the mobile device again.

# 12.14 Power Source Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You connected your pump to a power source that does not have enough power to charge the pump.
Power Source Alert (7T) The pump cannot charge using the current power source.	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
Please try a different power source.		
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Connect the pump to a different power source to charge.

# **12.15 Data Error Alert**

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your pump encountered a condition that could potentially result in a loss of data.
Data Error Alert (4T) Please verify that your active	How will the System notify me?	2 sequences of 3 notes or 2 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
profile and pump settings are accurate.	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Check your Personal Profiles and pump settings to verify that they are accurate. See Section 5.4 Editing or Reviewing an Existing Profile.

**CHAPTER 13** 

# t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Alarms

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CHECK your pump regularly for potential alarm conditions that may display. It is important to be aware of conditions that may affect insulin delivery and require your attention so you can respond as soon as possible.

Your t:slim X2™ pump lets you know important information about the System with Reminders, Alerts, and Alarms. Reminders are displayed to notify you of an option that you have set (for example, a reminder to check you BG after a bolus). Alerts display automatically to notify you about safety conditions that you need to know (for example, an alert that your insulin level is low). Alarms display automatically to let you know of an actual or potential stopping of insulin delivery (for example, an alarm that the insulin cartridge is empty). Pay special attention to Alarms.

If multiple Reminders, Alerts, and Alarms happen at the same time, Alarms will be displayed first, Alerts will be displayed second, and Reminders will be displayed third. Each must be confirmed separately until all have been confirmed.

Information in this section will help you learn how to respond to Alarms.

Alarms notify you with 3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume. If not acknowledged, alarms escalate to highest volume and vibe. Alarms repeat regularly until the condition that caused the alarm is corrected.

#### **■ NOTE**

**CGM Alerts:** There is a list of alerts and errors related to CGM use in Chapter 25 CGM Alerts and Errors.

#### **■ NOTE**

**Automated Insulin Dosing Alerts:** There is a list of alerts related to the automated insulin dosing feature use in Chapter 31 Control-IQ Technology Alerts.

# 13.1 Resume Pump Alarm

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	You selected STOP INSULIN in the <i>Options</i> menu and insulin delivery has been stopped for more than 15 minutes.
Resume Pump Alarm (18A) The pump has been stopped for an	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
extended period of time.  Select RESUME INSULIN in the Options menu to continue therapy.  OK	Will the System re-notify me?	<ul> <li>Yes.</li> <li>If not acknowledged by tapping ok, the System will re-notify you every 3 minutes at highest volume and vibrate.</li> <li>If acknowledged by tapping ok, the System will re-notify you in 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
	How should I respond?	To resume insulin, from the <i>Options</i> menu, tap <b>RESUME INSULIN</b> and tap to confirm.

# 13.2 Low Power Alarm

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your pump detected a power level of 1% or less remaining and all deliveries have stopped.
Low Power Alarm (12A) ALL DELIVERIES STOPPED!	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
Your pump is about to shut down. Please charge your pump	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until no power remains and the pump shuts down.
immediately.	How should I respond?	Tap ok . Charge your pump immediately to resume insulin delivery.

# 13.3 Empty Cartridge Alarm

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your pump detected that the cartridge is empty and all deliveries have stopped.
Empty Cartridge Alarm (8A) ALL DELIVERIES STOPPED!	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
Change cartridge and fill with	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until you change the cartridge.
insulin to resume delivery.  OK	How should I respond?	Tap ok Change your cartridge immediately by tapping <b>OPTIONS</b> from the <i>Home</i> screen, then <b>Load</b> and follow the instructions in Section 6.3 Filling and Loading a t:slim Cartridge.

# 13.4 Cartridge Error Alarm

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?  Cartridge Alarm (0A)	What does it mean?	Your pump detected that the cartridge could not be used and all deliveries have stopped. This can be caused by cartridge defect, not following the proper procedure to load the cartridge, or over filling the cartridge (with more than 300 units of insulin).
This cartridge cannot be used.  Remove and replace with a new	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until you change the cartridge.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Change your cartridge immediately by tapping OPTIONS from the <i>Home</i> screen, then <b>Load</b> and follow the instructions in Section 6.3 Filling and Loading a t:slim Cartridge.

#### 13.5 Cartridge Removal Alarm

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your pump detected that the cartridge has been removed and all deliveries have stopped.
Cartridge Alarm (25A) ALL DELIVERIES STOPPED!  The cartridge cannot be detected. Press INSTALL to install a new cartridge or press CONNECT to reconnect the current cartridge.  CONNECT INSTALL	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until you reconnect the current cartridge or change the cartridge.
	How should I respond?	Tap CONNECT to reattach the current cartridge. Tap INSTALL to load a new cartridge.

#### 13.6 Temperature Alarm

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?  Temperature Alarm (11A) ALL DELIVERIES STOPPED!  Remove pump from extreme temperatures and then resume insulin delivery.  OK	What does it mean?	Your pump detected an internal temperature below 2°C (35°F) or above 45°C (113°F) or a battery temperature below 2°C (35°F) or above 52°C (125°F) and all deliveries have stopped.
	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until a temperature in the operating range is detected.
	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Remove the pump from the extreme temperature and then resume insulin delivery.

#### **13.7 Occlusion Alarms**

#### Occlusion Alarm 1

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?  Occlusion Alarm (2A)	What does it mean?	Your pump detected that insulin delivery is blocked and all deliveries have stopped. See Section 33.4 t:slim X2 Pump Performance Characteristics for more information on how long it can take the system to detect an occlusion.
ALL DELIVERIES STOPPED!  Insulin delivery may be blocked. Check cartridge, tubing and site.  OK	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until you resume insulin delivery.
	How should I respond?	Tap Ok. Check the cartridge, tubing, and infusion site for any sign of damage or blockage and correct the condition. To resume insulin, from the Options menu, tap RESUME INSULIN and tap to confirm.

#### **■ NOTE**

Occlusion During Bolus: If the occlusion alarm occurs during bolus delivery, after tapping a screen will appear letting you know how much of the requested bolus was delivered before the occlusion alarm. When the occlusion is cleared, some or all of the previously requested insulin volume may be delivered. Test your BG at the time of alarm and follow your healthcare provider's instructions for managing potential or confirmed occlusions.

#### Occlusion Alarm 2

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your pump detected a second occlusion alarm shortly after the first occlusion alarm and all deliveries have stopped.
Occlusion Alarm (26A) ALL DELIVERIES STOPPED!	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
Insulin delivery may be blocked. Change your site and check your BG in 1-2 hours.  OK	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until you resume insulin delivery.
	How should I respond?	Tap Change the cartridge, tubing, and infusion site to ensure proper delivery of insulin. Resume insulin after changing the cartridge, tubing, and infusion site.



Occlusion During Bolus: If the second occlusion alarm occurs during bolus delivery, after tapping ox, a screen will appear letting you know that the amount of bolus delivery could not be determined and was not added to your IOB.

#### 13.8 Screen On/Quick Bolus Button Alarm

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	The Screen On/Quick Bolus button (on the top of your pump) is stuck or not functioning properly and all deliveries have stopped.
Button Alarm (22A) ALL DELIVERIES STOPPED!  The Screen On/Quick Bolus button may be stuck. Contact Customer Support at tandemdiabetes.com/contact.  OK	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until the condition is corrected.
	How should I respond?	Tap ok . Contact your local customer support.

#### 13.9 Altitude Alarm

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?  Altitude Alarm (21A) ALL DELIVERIES STOPPED!  Remove cartridge from pump, reconnect cartridge and then resume insulin.	What does it mean?	Your pump detected a pressure difference between inside the cartridge and the surrounding air within the validated operating range of -396 meters to 3,048 meters (-1,300 feet to 10,000 feet) and all deliveries have stopped.
	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until the condition is corrected.
	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Remove the cartridge from the pump (this will allow the cartridge to fully vent) and then reconnect the cartridge.

#### 13.10 Reset Alarm

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your pump detected that one if its micro-processors experienced a reset and all deliveries have been stopped.
Pump Has Been Reset (3A)  All active deliveries have been stopped and your IOB and Max Hourly Bolus have been reset.	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes or 3 vibrations depending on the volume/ vibrate setting selected in Sound Volume.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until you tap
Contact Customer Support at tandemdiabetes.com/contact.  OK	How should I respond?	Tap ok. Contact your local customer support.

CHAPTER 13 • t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Alarms

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 14** 

# t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Malfunction

#### **14.1 Malfunction**

If your pump detects a system error, the *MALFUNCTION* screen appears and all deliveries are stopped. Contact your local customer support.

Malfunctions notify you with 3 sequences of 3 notes at highest volume and 3 vibrations. They repeat at regular intervals until acknowledged by tapping SILENCE ALARM.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

ALWAYS check with your healthcare provider for specific guidelines if you want or need to disconnect from the pump for any reason. Depending on the length of time and reason you are disconnecting, you may need to replace missed basal and/or bolus insulin. Check your BG before disconnecting from the pump and again when you reconnect, and treat high and low BG levels as recommended by your healthcare provider.

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your pump detected a system error and all deliveries have been stopped.
MALFUNCTION The pump cannot operate. Visit tandemdiabetes.com/contact.  USA: 1-877-801-6901 CAN: 1-833-509-3598  Malfunction Code: 4-0x4014  SILENCE ALARM	How will the System notify me?	3 sequences of 3 notes at highest volume and 3 vibrations.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 3 minutes until you acknowledge the malfunction by tapping SILENCE ALARM.
	How should I respond?	<ul> <li>Write down the Malfunction Code number that appears on the screen.</li> <li>Tap SILENCE ALARM. The MALFUNCTION screen will remain on the pump even though the alarm is silenced.</li> <li>Contact your local customer support and provide the Malfunction Code number that you wrote down.</li> </ul>

CHAPTER 14 • t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Malfunction

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 15** 

## Taking Care of Your Pump

#### 15.1 Overview

This section provides information on caring for and maintaining your pump.

#### Cleaning Your Pump

When cleaning your pump, use a damp lint-free cloth. Do not use household or industrial cleaners, solvents, bleach, scouring pads, chemicals, or sharp instruments. Never submerge the pump in water or use any other liquid to clean it. Do not place the pump in the dishwasher or use hot water to clean it. If needed, use only a very mild detergent, such as a bit of liquid soap with warm water. When drying your pump, use a soft towel; never place your pump in a microwave oven or baking oven to dry it.

Wipe the outside of the transmitter with a damp lint-free cloth or isopropyl alcohol wipe between uses.

#### Maintaining Your Pump

The pump requires no preventative maintenance.

#### Inspecting Your Pump for Damage

#### **A PRECAUTION**

DO NOT use your pump if you think it might be damaged due to dropping it or hitting it against a hard surface. Check that the pump is working properly by plugging a power source into the USB port and confirming that the display turns on, you hear audible beeps, feel the pump vibrate, and see the green LED light blinking around the edge of the Screen On/Quick Bolus button. If you are unsure about potential damage, discontinue use of the pump and contact your local customer support.

If you drop your pump or it has been hit against something hard, ensure that it is still working properly. Check that the touchscreen is working and clear, and that the cartridge and infusion set are properly in place. Check for leaks around the cartridge and at the tubing connector to the infusion set. Immediately contact your local customer support if you notice any cracks, chips, or other damage.

#### Storing Your Pump

If you need to stop using your pump for a long period of time, you can place the

pump in storage mode. To place the pump in storage mode, connect the pump to a power source and then press and hold down the Screen On/Quick Bolus button for 30 seconds. The pump will beep 3 times before going into storage mode. Disconnect the pump from the power source.

Keep the pump protected when not in use. Store at temperatures between -20°C (-4°F) and 60°C (140°F) and at relative humidity levels between 20% and 90%.

To bring the pump out of storage mode, simply connect the pump to a power source.

#### Disposing of System Components

Consult your healthcare provider for instructions for disposal of devices containing electronic waste such as your pump, and for instructions for disposal of potentially biohazardous materials such as used cartridges, needles, syringes, infusion sets, and sensors.

**CHAPTER 16** 

Lifestyles Issues and Travel

#### 16.1 Overview

While the convenience and flexibility of the pump allow most users to participate in a variety of activities, some lifestyle changes may be required. Additionally, your insulin needs may change in response to lifestyle changes.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

CONSULT your healthcare provider about lifestyle changes such as weight gain or loss, and starting or stopping exercise. Your insulin needs may change in response to lifestyle changes. Your basal rate(s) and other settings may need adjustment.

#### **Physical Activity**

The pump can be worn during most forms of exercise, such as running, cycling, hiking, and resistance training. During exercise, the pump can be worn in the provided case, your pocket, or other third-party "sport cases."

For activities where contact is a concern, such as baseball, hockey, martial arts, or basketball, you can disconnect from your pump for short

periods of time. If planning to disconnect from your pump, discuss a plan with your healthcare provider to compensate for any basal insulin delivery you miss while disconnected, and be sure to continue to check your BG levels. Even if you disconnect your tubing from your infusion site, the pump should continue to receive data from the transmitter as long as it is within the 6-meter (20-foot) range without obstruction.

#### **Aquatic Activities**

#### **A PRECAUTION**

AVOID submerging your pump in fluid beyond a depth of 0.91 meters (3 feet) or for more than 30 minutes (IPX7 rating). If your pump has been exposed to fluid beyond these limits, check for any signs of fluid entry. If there are signs of fluid entry, discontinue use of the pump and contact your local customer support.

Your pump is watertight to a depth of 0.91 meters (3 feet) for up to 30 minutes (IPX7 rating), but it is not waterproof. Your pump should not be worn while swimming, scuba diving, surfing, or during any other activities that could submerge the pump for an

extended period of time. Your pump should not be worn in hot tubs or Jacuzzis.

#### Extreme Altitudes

Some activities, such as hiking, skiing or snowboarding, could expose your pump to extreme altitudes. The pump has been tested at altitudes up to 3,048 meters (10,000 feet) at standard operating temperatures.

#### **Extreme Temperatures**

You should avoid activities which could expose your pump to temperatures below 5°C (41°F) or above 37°C (98.6°F), as insulin can freeze at low temperatures or degrade at high temperatures.

## Other Activities Which Require Removing Your Pump

#### **A PRECAUTION**

If you remove your pump for a period of time, up to 30 minutes or longer, it is recommended that you turn off Control-IQ technology to potentially save insulin. The feature will continue to operate while the pump is removed, and will continue to dose insulin if transmitted glucose values rise.

There are other activities, such as bathing and intimacy, when it may be more convenient for you to remove your pump. It is safe to do so for short periods of time. If planning to disconnect from your pump, discuss a plan with your healthcare provider for compensating for any basal delivery you miss while disconnected, and be sure to check your BG levels frequently. Missing basal delivery could cause your BG to rise.

#### Travel

The flexibility afforded by an insulin pump can simplify some aspects of travel, but it still requires planning. Be sure to order your pump supplies before your trip so that you have enough supplies with you while you're away from home. In addition to pump supplies, you should also always bring the following items:

- The items listed in the Emergency Kit described in Section 1.10 Emergency Kit.
- A prescription for both rapid-acting and long-acting insulin of the type recommended by your healthcare

- provider in case you need to take insulin by injection.
- A letter from your healthcare provider explaining the medical need for your insulin pump and other supplies.

#### Traveling by Air

#### **A PRECAUTION**

DO NOT expose your pump to X-ray screening used for carry-on and checked luggage. Newer full body scanners used in airport security screening are also a form of X-ray and your pump should not be exposed to them. Notify the security agent that your pump cannot be exposed to X-ray machines and request an alternate means of screening.

Your pump has been designed to withstand common electromagnetic interference including airport metal detectors.

The pump is safe for use on commercial airlines. The pump is a Medical Portable Electronic Device (M-PED). The system complies with radiated emissions requirements defined in RTCA/DO-160G, Section 21, Category M. Any M-PED which meet

the requirements of this standard in all modes of operation may be used on board aircraft without the need for further testing by the operator.

Pack your pump supplies in your carryon luggage. DO NOT pack your supplies in checked luggage as it could get delayed or lost.

If you plan on traveling outside of your country, contact your local customer support service prior to your trip to discuss strategies in the event of a pump malfunction.

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 17** 

# Important CGM Safety Information

The following includes important safety information related to your CGM and its components. The information presented in this chapter does not represent all warnings and precautions related to the CGM. Visit the CGM manufacturer's website for applicable user guides that also present warnings and precautions.

#### **17.1 CGM Warnings**

Using Dexcom G6 with Your t:slim X2™ Insulin Pump

#### **WARNING**

**DO NOT** ignore symptoms of high and low glucose. If your sensor glucose alerts and readings do not match your symptoms, measure your BG with a BG meter even if your sensor is not reading in the high or low range.

#### **▲** WARNING

DO NOT ignore sensor wire fractures. Sensors may fracture on rare occasions. If a sensor wire breaks and no portion of it is visible above the skin, do not attempt to remove it. Seek professional medical help if you have symptoms of infection or inflammation (redness, swelling, or pain) at the insertion site. If you experience a

broken sensor wire, please report this to your local customer support.

#### WARNING

DO NOT use Dexcom G6 CGM in pregnant women or persons on dialysis. The System is not approved for use in pregnant women or persons on dialysis and has not been evaluated in these populations. Sensor glucose readings may be inaccurate in these populations and could result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **▲** WARNING

DO NOT use Dexcom G6 CGM in critically ill patients. It is not known how different conditions or medications common to the critically ill population may affect the performance of the System. Sensor glucose readings may be inaccurate in critically ill patients, and solely relying on the sensor glucose alerts and readings for treatment decisions could result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### WARNING

**DO NOT** insert the sensor in sites other than the abdomen (belly) or upper buttocks (for ages 6–17 only). Other sites have not been studied and are not approved. Use in other sites might cause

sensor glucose readings to be inaccurate and could result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A WARNING**

DO NOT expect CGM alerts until after the 2-hour startup. You will NOT get any sensor glucose readings or alerts until after the 2-hour startup ends. During this time you might miss severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### WARNING

**DO NOT** use your transmitter if it is damaged/ cracked. This could create an electrical safety hazard or malfunction, which might cause electrical shocks.

#### **A WARNING**

STORE the Dexcom G6 CGM sensor at temperatures between 2.2°C (36°F) to 30°C (86°F) for the length of the sensor's shelf life. You may store the sensor in the refrigerator if it is within this temperature range. The sensor should not be stored in a freezer. Storing the sensor improperly might cause the sensor glucose readings to be inaccurate, and you might miss severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### WARNING

**DO NOT** allow young children to hold the sensor, transmitter or transmitter kit box without adult supervision. The sensor and transmitter include small parts that may pose a choking hazard.

#### 17.2 CGM Precautions

Using Dexcom G6 CGM with Your t:slim X2 Insulin Pump

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**DO NOT** open the sensor package until you have washed your hands with soap and water, and let them dry. You may contaminate the insertion site and suffer an infection if you have dirty hands while inserting the sensor.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

DO NOT insert the sensor until you have cleaned the skin with a topical antimicrobial solution, such as isopropyl alcohol, and allowed the skin to dry. Inserting into unclean skin might lead to infection. Do not insert the sensor until the cleaned area is dry so the sensor adhesive will stick better.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**AVOID** using the same spot repeatedly for sensor insertion. Rotate your sensor placement sites, and do not use the same site for two sensor sessions in a row. Using the same site might cause scarring or skin irritation.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

AVOID inserting the sensor in areas that are likely to be bumped, pushed or compressed, or areas of skin with scarring, tattoos, or irritation as these are not ideal sites to measure glucose. Insertion in those areas might affect accuracy and could result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

AVOID injecting insulin or placing an infusion set within 7.6 cm (3 inches) of the sensor. The insulin might affect sensor accuracy and could result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**DO NOT** use the sensor if its sterile package has been damaged or opened. Using an unsterile sensor might cause infection.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

PAY ATTENTION to the trend information on your *CGM Home* screen, as well as your symptoms, before using CGM values to calculate and deliver a correction bolus. Individual CGM values may not be as accurate as BG meter values.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

To calibrate the Dexcom G6 CGM, ALWAYS enter the exact BG value that your BG meter displays within 5 minutes of a carefully performed BG measurement. Do not enter sensor glucose readings for calibration. Entering incorrect BG values, BG values obtained more than 5 minutes before entry, or sensor glucose readings might affect sensor accuracy and could result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

DO NOT calibrate if your BG is changing at a significant rate, typically more than 0.1 mmol/L per minute. Do not calibrate when your receiver screen is showing the rising or falling single arrow or double arrow, which indicates that your BG is rapidly rising or falling. Calibrating during significant rise or fall of BG may affect sensor accuracy and could result in you missing severe

hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

The Dexcom G6 CGM accuracy may be affected when your glucose is changing at a significant rate (i.e., 0.1 to 0.2 mmol/L/min or more than 0.2 mmol/L each minute), such as during exercise or after a meal.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**AVOID** separating the transmitter and pump by more than 6 meters (20 feet). The transmission range from the transmitter to the pump is up to 6 meters (20 feet) without obstruction. Wireless communication does not work well through water so the range is reduced if you are in a pool, bathtub, or on a water bed, etc. To ensure communication, it is suggested that you face your pump screen out and away from the body. and wear the pump on the same side of the body that you wear your CGM. Types of obstruction differ and have not been tested. If your transmitter and pump are farther than 6 meters (20 feet) apart or are separated by an obstruction, they might not communicate or the communication distance may be shorter and result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperalycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

DO NOT use alternative BG site testing (blood from your palm or forearm, etc.) for calibration. Alternative site BG values may be different than those taken from a fingerstick BG value and may not represent the timeliest BG value. Use a BG value taken only from a fingerstick for calibration. Alternative site BG values might affect sensor accuracy and result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

ENSURE that your transmitter ID is programmed into the pump before you use the System if you receive a warranty replacement pump. The pump cannot communicate with the transmitter unless the transmitter ID is entered. If the pump and transmitter are not communicating, you will not receive sensor glucose readings and you might miss severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**DO NOT** discard your transmitter. It is reusable. The same transmitter is used for each session until you have reached the end of the transmitter battery life.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

The Dexcom G6 sensor is not compatible with older versions of transmitters or receivers. Do not mix transmitters, receivers, and sensors from different generations.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

If you are taking hydroxyurea, your Dexcom CGM readings may be falsely elevated and result in missed hypoglycemia alerts or errors in diabetes management decisions. The level of inaccuracy depends on the amount of hydroxyurea in your body. Use your BG meter and consult with your healthcare provider about alternative glucose monitoring approaches.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

Hydroxyurea is a medication used in the treatment of diseases including cancer and sickle cell anemia. It is known to interfere with glucose readings from the Dexcom sensor. The use of hydroxyurea will result in sensor glucose readings that are higher than actual glucose levels. The level of inaccuracy in sensor glucose readings is based on the amount of hydroxyurea in the body. Relying on sensor glucose results while taking hydroxyurea could result in missed hypoglycemia alerts or errors in diabetes management, such as giving a higher dose of insulin than necessary to correct falsely high

sensor glucose values. It can also result in errors when reviewing, analyzing and interpreting historical patterns for assessing glucose control. **DO NOT** use the Dexcom CGM readings to make diabetes treatment decisions or assess glucose control when taking hydroxyurea.

## 17.3 Potential Benefits From Using the t:slim X2 System

When paired with Dexcom G6 transmitter and sensor, your pump can receive CGM readings every 5 minutes, which are displayed as a trend graph on the CGM Home screen. You can also program your pump to alert you when your CGM readings are above or below a given level, or are rising or falling quickly. Unlike the readings from a standard BG meter, CGM readings allow you to view trends in real time, as well as capture information when you would otherwise be unable to check your blood sugar, such as while you are asleep. This information can be useful for you and your healthcare provider when considering changes to your therapy. In addition, the

- programmable alerts can help you to spot potential low or high BG sooner than you would using a only a BG meter.
- In some studies, CGM was shown to increase time in the target glucose range. Subjects in these studies had better diabetes control (lowered A1C values, reduced glycemic variability and time spent in low and high BG ranges)1, 2, 3 which can help reduce diabetes related complications.<sup>4, 5</sup> These benefits can be seen especially with using real-time CGM at least six days per week<sup>2</sup> and were sustained over time. 6 In some cases, patients perceived an increase in their quality of life and peace of mind when using real-time CGM as well as reporting a high satisfaction with CGM.7
- <sup>1</sup> Garg S, Zisser H, Schwartz S, et al. Improvement in glycemic excursions with a transcutaneous, real-time continuous glucose sensor: a randomized controlled trial. *Diabetes Care*. 2006; 29(1):44-50.

- <sup>2</sup> JDRF CGM Study Group. Continuous glucose monitoring and intensive treatment of type 1 diabetes. *NEJM*. 2008: 359:1464-76.
- <sup>3</sup> Battelino T, Phillip M, Bratina N, et al. Effect of continuous glucose monitoring of hypoglycemia in type 1 diabetes. *Diabetes Care* 2011; 34(4):795-800.
- <sup>4</sup> The Diabetes Control and Complications Research Group. The effect of intensive treatment of diabetes on the development and progression of long- term complications of insulindependent diabetes mellitus. *NEJM*. 1993: 329:997-1036.
- <sup>5</sup> Ohkubo Y, Kishikawa H, Araki E, et al. Intensive insulin therapy prevents progression of diabetic microvascular complications in Japanese patients with non-insulin dependent diabetes mellitus: a randomized prospective 6-year study. *Diabetes Res Clin Pract*. 1995; 28(2):103-117.
- <sup>6</sup> JDRF CGM Study Group. Sustained benefit of continuous glucose monitoring on A1c, glucose profiles, and hypoglycemia in adults with type 1

diabetes, *Diabetes Care* 2009; 32(11):2047-2049.

<sup>7</sup> JDRF CGM Study Group. Quality-of-Life measures in children and adults with type 1 diabetes. *Diabetes Care* 2010; 33(10):2175-2177.

## 17.4 Possible Risks From Using the t:slim X2 System

Inserting the sensor and wearing the adhesive patch might cause infection, bleeding, pain and skin irritations (readiness, swelling, bruising, itching, scarring, or skin discoloration).

There is a remote chance that a sensor wire fragment could remain under your skin if the sensor wire breaks while you are wearing it. If you think a sensor wire has broken under your skin, contact your healthcare provider and call your local customer support.

Other risks associated with CGM use include the following:

 You will not get sensor glucose alerts when the alert function is turned off, your transmitter and pump are out of range, or when

- your pump is not showing sensor glucose readings. You might not notice alerts if you are unable to hear them or feel the vibration.
- There are a number of risks as a result of the fact that the Dexcom G6 CGM takes readings from fluid below the skin (interstitial fluid) instead of blood. There are differences in how glucose is measured in the blood compared to how it is measured in interstitial fluid, and glucose is absorbed into the interstitial fluid slower than it is absorbed into the blood, which can cause CGM readings to lag behind readings from a BG meter.

**CHAPTER 18** 

## Getting to Know Your CGM System

#### **18.1 CGM Terminology**

#### Alternate Site BG Testing

Alternate site BG testing is when you take a BG value on your BG meter using a blood sample from an area on your body other than your fingertip. Do not use alternate site testing to calibrate your sensor.

#### Applicator

The applicator is a disposable piece that comes attached to the sensor pod and inserts the sensor under the skin. There is a needle inside the applicator that is removed after you insert the sensor.

#### Calibration

Calibration is when you enter BG values from a BG meter into the System. Calibrations may be needed for your System to show continuous glucose readings and trend information.

#### **CGM**

Continuous glucose monitoring.

#### Glucose Data Gaps

Glucose data gaps occur when your System is unable to provide a sensor glucose reading.

#### Glucose Trends

Glucose trends let you see the pattern of your glucose levels. The trend graph shows where your glucose levels have been during the time shown on the screen and where your glucose levels are now.

#### HypoRepeat

HypoRepeat is an optional alert setting that keeps repeating the fixed low alert every 5 seconds until your sensor glucose value rises above 3.1 mmol/L or you confirm it. This alert can be helpful if you want extra awareness for severe lows.

#### mmol/L

Millimoles per liter. The standard unit of measure for sensor glucose readings.

#### Receiver

When the Dexcom G6 CGM is used with the pump to display CGM readings, the insulin pump replaces the receiver for the therapeutic CGM. A smartphone with the Dexcom app may

be used in addition to the pump to receive sensor readings.

Rise and Fall (Rate of Change) Alerts Rise and fall alerts occur based on how much and how fast your glucose levels rise or fall.

#### RF

RF is the abbreviation for radio frequency. RF transmission is used to send glucose information from the transmitter to the pump.

#### Sensor

The sensor is the part that of the CGM includes an applicator and wire. The applicator inserts the wire under your skin, and the wire measures glucose levels in your tissue fluid.

#### Sensor Pod

The sensor pod is the small plastic base of the sensor attached to your skin that holds the transmitter in place.

#### Startup Period

The startup period is the 2-hour period after you tell the System you inserted a new sensor. Sensor glucose readings are not provided during this time.

#### System Reading

A System reading is a sensor glucose reading shown on your pump. This reading is in mmol/L units and is updated every 5 minutes.

#### Transmitter

The transmitter is the part of the CGM that snaps into the sensor pod and wirelessly sends glucose information to your pump.

#### Transmitter ID

The transmitter ID is a series of numbers and/or letters that you enter into your pump to let it connect and communicate with the transmitter.

#### Trend (Rate of Change) Arrows

Trend arrows show how fast your glucose levels are changing. There are seven different arrows that show when your glucose direction and speed change.

#### **18.2 Explanation of CGM Pump Icons**

The following CGM icons may appear on your pump screen:

#### **CGM Icon Definitions**

Symbol	Meaning
mmol/L	Unknown sensor reading.
	CGM sensor session is active, but the transmitter and pump are out of range.
×	The CGM sensor has failed.
	The CGM sensor session has ended.
<b>3</b>	Wait 15 minutes calibration error.
	Startup calibration is required (2 BG values).
	Additional startup calibration is required.
	CGM calibration is required.

Symbol	Meaning
The state of the s	Transmitter error.
Y	CGM sensor session is active, and the transmitter is communicating with the pump.
Y	CGM sensor session is active, but the transmitter is not communicating with the pump.
	Sensor startup 0–30 minutes.
	Sensor startup 31–60 minutes.
	Sensor startup 61–90 minutes.
	Sensor startup 91–119 minutes.

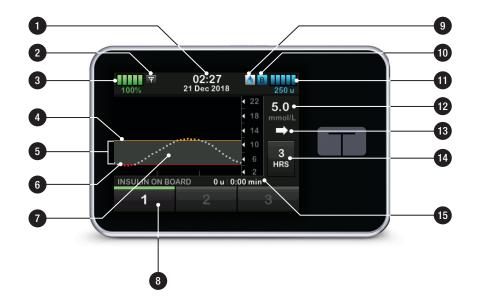
This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

#### 18.3 CGM Lock Screen

The CGM Lock screen appears anytime you turn on the screen and you are using your pump with a CGM.

- 1. Time and Date Display: Displays the current time and date.
- Antenna: Indicates communication status between pump and transmitter.
- Battery Level: Displays the level of battery power remaining. When connected for charging, the charging icon (lightning bolt) will display.
- 4. High Glucose Alert Setting.
- 5. Glucose Target Range.
- Low Glucose Alert Setting.
- Plot of Most Recent Sensor Glucose Readings.
- 8. 1–2–3: Unlocks pump screen.

- 9. Active Bolus Icon: Indicates a bolus is being delivered.
- 10. Status: Displays current system settings and insulin delivery status.
- 11. **Insulin Level:** Displays the current amount of insulin in the cartridge.
- 12. Most Recent 5-Minute Glucose Reading.
- 13. **Trend Arrow:** Indicates direction and rate of change.
- 14. Trend Graph Time (HRS): 1, 3, 6, 12 and 24 hour views available.
- Insulin On Board (IOB): Amount and time remaining of any active insulin on board.



#### 18.4 CGM Home Screen

- 1. Time and Date Display: Displays the current time and date.
- Antenna: Indicates communication status between pump and transmitter.
- Battery Level: Displays the level of battery power remaining. When connected for charging, the charging icon (lightning bolt) will display.
- High Glucose Alert Setting.
- 5. Glucose Target Range.
- Low Glucose Alert Setting.
- Plot of Most Recent Sensor Glucose Readings.
- 8. Options: Stop/Resume insulin delivery, manage pump and CGM settings, start/stop activities, load a cartridge, and view history.
- 9. Bolus: Program and deliver a bolus.

- 10. Status: Displays current system settings and insulin delivery status.
- 11. **Insulin Level:** Displays the current amount of insulin in the cartridge.
- 12. Most Recent 5-Minute Glucose Reading.
- 13. **Trend Arrow:** Indicates direction and rate of change.
- 14. Trend Graph Time (HRS): 1, 3, 6, 12 and 24 hour views available.
- Insulin On Board (IOB): Amount and time remaining of any active insulin on board.

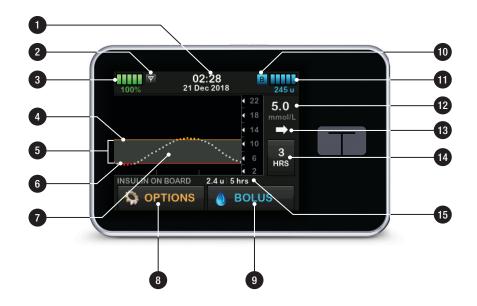
To view CGM information on the full screen:

From the *CGM Home* screen tap anywhere on the *CGM* trend graph.



Tap the "minimize" icon to return to the CGM Home screen.





#### 18.5 My CGM Screen

- Start Sensor: Starts a CGM session. If sensor is active, STOP SENSOR will be displayed.
- 2. Calibrate CGM: Enter a calibration BG value. Only active when sensor session is active.
- 3. **CGM Alerts:** Customize CGM Alerts.
- 4. Transmitter ID: Enter the transmitter ID.
- 5. **CGM Info:** View the CGM information.



This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 19** 

CGM Overview

# 19.1 CGM System Overview

This section of the user guide covers instructions for using a CGM with your t:slim X2 pump. Use of a CGM is optional, but in order to use an automated insulin dosing feature, CGM is required. When used, CGM allows readings from your sensor to be displayed on your pump screen. To make treatment decisions during a new sensor startup period, you will also need a commercially available BG meter to use with your System.

As an example, a compatible CGM is the Dexcom G6 CGM System, which consists of a sensor, transmitter, and a receiver.

# **■ NOTE**

**Device Connections:** The Dexcom G6 CGM only allows pairing with one medical device at a time (either the t:slim  $X2^{TM}$  pump or the Dexcom receiver), but you can still use the Dexcom G6 CGM app and your pump simultaneously using the same transmitter ID.

The Dexcom G6 sensor is a disposable device that is inserted under the skin to

continuously monitor glucose levels. The Dexcom G6 transmitter connects to the sensor using Bluetooth wireless technology communication and sends readings to the pump display every 5 minutes. The pump display shows sensor glucose readings, a trend graph, and the direction and rate of change arrows. For information about inserting a Dexcom G6 CGM sensor, placing a Dexcom G6 transmitter, and Dexcom G6 product specifications, visit the manufacturer's website for applicable user guides and training information.

You can also program your pump to alert you when your CGM readings are above or below a given level, or are rising or falling quickly. If CGM readings become 3.1 mmol/L or lower, the CGM Fixed Low Alert will sound. This alert is not customizable.

Unlike the readings from a standard BG meter, CGM readings allow you to view trends in real time, as well as capture information when you would otherwise be unable to check your BG, such as while you are asleep. This information can be useful for you and your healthcare provider when considering

changes to your therapy. In addition, the programmable alerts can help you to spot potential low or high glucose sooner than you would using a only a BG meter.

# 19.2 Receiver (t:slim X2 Insulin Pump) Overview

To review the icons and controls displayed on the *Home* screen with CGM enabled, see Section 18.4 CGM Home Screen.

# 19.3 Transmitter Overview

This section provides information about CGM devices that have a separate transmitter. The information contained in this section is specific to the Dexcom G6 CGM and is provided as an example. For information about the Dexcom G6 transmitter, visit the manufacturer's website for applicable user guides.

Snapping into the transmitter holder, the transmitter wirelessly sends glucose information to your pump. If you have a new transmitter, only open the package when you are ready to use it.

Even if you disconnect your tubing from your infusion site, the pump should continue to receive data from the transmitter as long as it is within the 6 meter (20 foot) range without obstruction.

If your transmitter is damaged or cracked, do not use it. Immediately contact your local customer support if you notice any cracks or other damage. Do not use the sensor if its sterile package has been damaged or opened.

#### Transmitter features:

- Reusable
  - Do not discard after sensor session.
  - Only for you, don't share a transmitter.
- Water resistant
- Can transmit data to your pump for up to 6 meters (20 feet). Range is less if you are in or under water.

- Battery lasts approximately 90 days. Pump or smart device prompts you when battery is running low.
- Serial number is on the back
- M-PED designation
  - Emission levels meet IATA standards.
  - May be used on board aircraft without any further testing by the operator.

# **A PRECAUTION**

DO keep your transmitter and pump within 6 meters (20 feet) with no obstacles (like walls or metal) between them. Otherwise, they may not be able to communicate. If water is between your transmitter and the pump (for example, if you're showering or swimming) keep them closer to each other. The range is reduced because Bluetooth doesn't work as well through water. To ensure communication, it is suggested that you face your pump screen out and away from the body, and wear the pump on the same side of the body that you wear your CGM.



The transmitter battery will last 90 days. Once you see the Low Transmitter Battery Alert, replace the transmitter as soon as possible. Your transmitter battery may drain as quickly as 7 days after this alert occurs.



# 19.4 Sensor Overview

This section provides information about CGM devices that have a separate sensor. The information contained in this section is specific to the Dexcom G6 CGM and is provided as an example. For information about the Dexcom G6 sensor, visit the manufacturer's website for applicable user guides.

The Dexcom G6 sensor is water resistant when showering, bathing or swimming if the transmitter is fully snapped in. The sensor has been tested to be water resistant when submerged for up to 2.4 meters (8 feet) and up to 24 hours. Underwater use will affect the ability to communicate with the pump, so the range will be much less than during normal use. Extended contact with water could weaken the adhesive used by your infusion sets and Dexcom CGM sensors and cause them to fall off prematurely.

**CHAPTER 20** 

CGM Settings

# 20.1 About Bluetooth

Bluetooth Low Energy technology is a type of wireless communication used in cell phones and many other devices. Your t:slim X2 pump and a CGM transmitter wirelessly pair together with other devices using Bluetooth wireless technology communication. This allows the pump and transmitter paired devices to communicate securely and only with each other.

# 20.2 Disconnecting from the Dexcom Receiver

The Dexcom G6 CGM only allows pairing with one medical device at a time. Ensure your transmitter is not connected to the receiver before pairing with the pump by doing the following:

Before entering your CGM transmitter ID into the pump, turn off the Dexcom G6 receiver and wait 15 minutes. This allows the Dexcom G6 transmitter to forget the connection currently in place with the Dexcom G6 receiver.

#### **■ NOTE**

**Turn Receiver Off:** It is not enough to Stop the Sensor Session on your Dexcom receiver prior to pairing to the pump. The receiver power must be completely off in order to avoid connection problems.

You may still use a smartphone with the Dexcom G6 CGM app and your pump simultaneously with the same transmitter ID.

# **20.3 Entering Your Transmitter ID**

To activate the Bluetooth wireless technology communication, you need to enter the unique transmitter ID into your pump. Once the transmitter ID has been entered into your pump, the two devices can be paired, allowing your sensor glucose readings to be displayed on your pump.

If you need to replace your transmitter, you will need to enter the new transmitter ID into your pump. If you need to replace your pump, you will need to re-enter the transmitter ID into your pump.

- 1. Remove the transmitter from its packaging.
- 2. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 3. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 4. Tap My CGM.
- 5. Tap Transmitter ID.
- 6. Using the on-screen keypad, enter the unique transmitter ID.

The transmitter ID can be found on the bottom of your transmitter.

The letters I, O, V, and Z are not used in transmitter IDs and should not be entered. If one of these letters is entered, you will be notified that an invalid ID was entered and prompted to enter a valid ID.

- 7. Tap \_\_\_\_.
- 8. To make sure that the correct transmitter ID is entered, you will be prompted to enter it a second time.

- 9. Repeat step 6 above, then tap ...
  - If the transmitter IDs you entered do not match you will be prompted to start the process again.
- Once matching values have been entered, you will be returned to the My CGM screen and the transmitter ID you entered will be highlighted in orange.

# 20.4 Setting CGM Volume

You can set the sound pattern and volume for CGM alerts and prompts to meet your individual needs. Reminders, alerts, and alarms for pump functions are separate from alerts and errors for CGM functions and do not follow the same pattern and volume.

To set your sound volume, see Section 4.14 Sound Volume.

#### CGM Volume options:

#### Vibrate

You can set your CGM to alert you with vibration rather than sound. The only exception to this is the Fixed Low Alert

at 3.1 mmol/L, which alerts you as a vibration first, followed by beeps 5 minutes later if not confirmed.

#### Soft

When you want your alert to be less noticeable. This sets all alerts and alarms to lower volume beeps.

#### Normal

The default profile when you receive your pump. This sets all alerts and alarms to higher volume beeps.

# HypoRepeat

Very similar to normal profile, but it continuously repeats the Fixed Low Alert every 5 seconds until your sensor glucose reading rises above 3.1 mmol/L or the alert is confirmed. This can be helpful if you want extra alerts for severe low sensor glucose readings.

The CGM volume setting that you choose applies to all CGM alerts, errors, and prompts which have their own unique sound pattern, tone and volume. This allows you to identify each alert and error and its meaning.

The Fixed Low Alert at 3.1 mmol/L cannot be turned off or changed.

The Soft, Normal, and HypoRepeat options have the following sequence:

- The first alert is vibrate only.
- If the alert is not confirmed in 5 minutes, the system vibrates and beeps.
- If the alert is not confirmed in 5
  more minutes, the system vibrates
  and beeps louder. This continues at
  the same volume every 5 minutes
  until confirmed.
- If the alert is confirmed and your sensor glucose readings continue to be at or below 3.1 mmol/L your system repeats the alert sequence in 30 minutes (HypoRepeat option only).

# Sound Option Descriptions

CGM Volume	Vibrate	Soft	Normal	HypoRepeat
High Alert	2 long vibrates	2 long vibrates + 2 low beeps	2 long vibrates + 2 medium beeps	2 long vibrates + 2 medium beeps
Low Alert	3 short vibrates	3 short vibrates + 3 low beeps	3 short vibrates + 3 medium beeps	3 short vibrates + 3 medium beeps
Rise Alert	2 long vibrates	2 long vibrates + 2 low beeps	2 long vibrates + 2 medium beeps	2 long vibrates + 2 medium beeps
Fall Alert	3 short vibrates	3 short vibrates + 3 low beeps	3 short vibrates + 3 medium beeps	3 short vibrates + 3 medium beeps
Out of Range Alert	1 long vibrate	1 long vibrate + 1 low beep	1 long vibrate + 1 medium beep	1 long vibrate + 1 medium beep
Fixed Low Alert	4 short vibrates + 4 medium tone beeps + pause + repeat sequence			
All Other Alerts	1 long vibrate	1 long vibrate + 1 low beep	1 long vibrate + 1 medium beep	1 long vibrate + 1 medium beep

#### To Select Your CGM Volume:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap Device Settings.
- 4. Tap Sound Volume.
- 5. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 6. Tap CGM Alerts.
- 7. Tap Vibrate, Soft, Normal or HypoRepeat to select.
- ✓ Once a value is selected, the pump will return to the previous screen.
- 8. Tap <

# 20.5 CGM Info

CGM Info contains important information about your device. The following an be found in CGM Info:

• Firmware Revision

- Hardware Revision
- BLE Hardware ID
- Software Number

You can view this information at any time.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap My CGM.
- 4. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 5. Tap CGM Info.

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 21** 

# Setting CGM Alerts

# Setting Your CGM Alerts

You can create personal settings for how and when you want the System to tell you what is happening.

# **■ NOTE**

Setting Separate CGM Alerts: The following applies to setting CGM alerts on the pump. If you are using a CGM app, any alerts that have been set up in the app are not automatically transferred to the pump and must be set up separately.

The High and Low Alerts tell you when your sensor glucose readings are outside your target glucose range.

Rise and Fall (rate of change) Alerts let you know when your glucose levels are changing fast.

The System also has a 3.1 mmol/L Fixed Low Alert that cannot be changed or turned off. This safety feature tells you your glucose level may be dangerously low.

The Out of Range Alert notifies you when the transmitter and pump are not communicating. Keep the transmitter and the pump within 6 meters (20 feet)

of each other without obstruction. When the transmitter and the pump are too far apart, you will not get sensor glucose readings or alerts.

# High and Low Glucose Alerts

You can personalize the High and Low Alerts which tell you when your sensor glucose readings are outside of your target glucose range. When you have both your High and Low Alerts turned on, a gray zone on your trend graph shows your target range. The default for the High Alert is on, 11.4 mmol/L. The default for the Low Alert is on, 4.4 mmol/L. Consult with your healthcare provider before setting the High and Low Glucose Alert setting.

# 21.1 Setting Your High Glucose Alert and Repeat Feature

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap the **Down Arrow**.
- 3. Tap My CGM.
- 4. Tap CGM Alerts.

- 5. Tap High and Low.
- 6. To Set the High Alert, tap **High** Alert.
- 7. Tap Alert Me Above.

The default setting for the High Alert is 11.1 mmol/l

### **■ NOTE**

**Turning the Alert Off:** To turn off the High Alert, tap the on/off toggle.

- Using the on-screen keypad, enter the value above which you want to be notified. It can be set between 6.7 and 22.2 mmol/L in 0.1 mmol/L increments.
- 9. Tap 🗸

The repeat feature allows you to set a time for the High Alert to sound again and display on your pump as long as your sensor glucose reading remains above the High Alert value. The default value is: Never (the alert will not sound again). You can set the repeat feature to sound again every 15 minutes, 30 minutes, 1

hour, 2 hours, 3 hours, 4 hours, or 5 hours when your sensor glucose reading remains above the High Alert value.

# To Set Up the Repeat Feature:

- 10. Tap Repeat.
- 11. To select the repeat time, tap the time you want the alert to sound again. For instance, if you select 1 hr, the alert will sound every hour as long as your sensor glucose reading remains above the High Alert value.

Use the up and down arrows to view all Repeat options.

- ✓ Once a value is selected, the pump will return to the previous screen.
- 12. Tap 💙.

# 21.2 Setting Your Low Glucose Alert and Repeat Feature

1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.

- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap My CGM.
- 4. Tap CGM Alerts.
- 5. Tap High and Low.
- 6. To Set the Low Alert, tap Low Alert.
- 7. Tap Alert Me Below.

The default setting for the Low Alert is 4.4 mmol/L.

## **■ NOTE**

**Turning the Alert Off:** To turn off the Low Alert, tap the on/off toggle.

- Using the on-screen keypad, enter the value below which you want to be notified. It can be set between 3.3 and 5.6 mmol/L in 0.1 mmol/L increments.
- 9. Tap 🕶.

The repeat feature allows you to set a time for the Low Alert to sound again and display on your pump as long as your sensor glucose reading remains below the Low Alert value. The default value is: Never (the alert will not sound again). You can set the repeat feature to sound again every 15 minutes, 30 minutes, 1 hour, 2 hours, 3 hours, 4 hours, or 5 hours when your sensor glucose reading remains below the Low Alert value.

## To Set Up the Repeat Feature:

- 10. Tap Repeat.
- 11. To select the repeat time, tap the time you want the alert to sound again. For instance, if you select 1 hr, the alert will sound every hour as long as your sensor glucose reading remains below the Low Alert Value.

Use the up and down arrows to view all repeat options.

- ✓ Once a value is selected, the pump will return to the previous screen.
- 12. Tap 💟.

# 21.3 Rate Alerts

Rate alerts tell you when your glucose levels are rising (Rise Alert) or falling (Fall Alert) and by how much. You can choose to be alerted when your sensor glucose reading is rising or falling 0.11 mmol/L or more per minute, or 0.17 mmol/L or more per minute. The default value for both the Fall Alert and the Rise Alert is off. When turned on, the default is 0.17 mmol/L. Consult with your healthcare provider before setting the Rise and Fall Alerts.

### Examples

If you set your Fall Alert to 0.11 mmol/L per minute and your sensor glucose readings fall at this rate or faster, the CGM Fall Alert with one arrow pointing down shows. The pump vibrates or

beeps according to your CGM volume selection.



If you set your Rise Alert to 0.17 mmol/ L per minute and your sensor glucose readings rise at this rate or faster, the CGM Rise Alert with two arrows pointing up shows. The pump vibrates or beeps according to your CGM volume selection.



# 21.4 Setting Your Rise Alert

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap My CGM.
- 4. Tap CGM Alerts.
- 5. Tap Rise and Fall.
- 6. Tap Rise Alert.
- 7. To select the default of 0.17 mmol/ L/min, tap ...

To change your selection, tap Rate.

#### **■ NOTE**

**Turning the Alert Off:** To turn off the Rise Alert, tap the on/off toggle.

- 8. Tap 0.11 mmol/L/min to select.
- ✓ Once a value is selected, the pump will return to the previous screen.
- 9. Tap 💙

# 21.5 Setting Your Fall Alert

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap My CGM.
- 4. Tap CGM Alerts.
- 5. Tap Rise and Fall.
- 6. Tap Fall Alert.
- 7. To select the default of 0.17 mmol/ L/min, tap ...

To change your selection, tap Rate.

#### **■ NOTE**

**Turning the Alert Off:** To turn off the Fall Alert, tap the on/off toggle.

- 8. Tap 0.11 mmol/L/min to select.
- ✓ Once a value is selected, the pump will return to the previous screen.
- Tap

# 21.6 Setting Your Out of Range Alert

The range from the transmitter to the pump is up to 6 meters (20 feet) without obstruction.

The Out of Range Alert lets you know when your transmitter and pump are not communicating with each other. This alert is on by default.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

We recommend that you keep the CGM Out of Range Alert turned on to notify you if your CGM is disconnected from your pump whenever you are not actively monitoring your pump status. Your CGM is providing the data that Control-IQ technology requires to make predictions to automate insulin dosing.

Keep the transmitter and the pump within 6 meters (20 feet) of each other without obstruction. To ensure communication, it is suggested that you face your pump screen out and away from the body, and wear the pump on the same side of the body that you wear your CGM. When the transmitter and pump are not communicating, you will not get sensor glucose readings or

alerts. The default value is on and will alert after 20 minutes.

The Out Of Range symbol appears on the pump *Home* screen and on the *Out of Range Alert* screen (if turned on) when the transmitter and pump are not communicating. The amount of time out of range also shows on the alert screen. It will continue to re-alert until the transmitter and pump are back in range.

# **■ NOTE**

Out of Range and Automated Insulin Dosing: The automated insulin dosing feature will continue to operate for the first 15 minutes that the transmitter and pump are out of range. Once the Out of Range condition is present for 20 minutes, the automated insulin dosing feature will stop operation until the two devices are within range.

## To Set Your Out of Range Alert:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap My CGM.

# **CHAPTER 21 • Setting CGM Alerts**

- 4. Tap CGM Alerts.
- 5. Tap Out of Range.

The default is set to on and the time is set to 20 minutes.

- 6. To change the time, tap Alert After.
- 7. Using the on-screen keypad, enter the time after which you want to be alerted (between 20 minutes and 3 hours and 20 minutes) then tap
- 8. Tap \_\_\_\_.

**CHAPTER 22** 

# Start or Stop a CGM Sensor Session

# 22.1 Start the Sensor

To start a CGM session, follow the steps below.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- Tap My CGM.
- 4. Tap START SENSOR.
- Once you start a sensor session, the START SENSOR option is replaced with STOP SENSOR.

The following screen displays prompting you to either enter the sensor code, or to skip this step. If you choose to enter the sensor code, you will not be prompted to calibrate for the duration of the sensor session. For information about Dexcom G6 CGM sensor

codes, visit the manufacturer's website for applicable user guides.



Tap CODE to enter the 4-digit sensor code. If you don't have a code, or if you have already started a sensor session with the Dexcom G6 CGM app, you can tap SKIP.

If you don't enter a code into either the t:slim X2 pump or the Dexcom G6 CGM app you will need to calibrate your sensor every 24 hours. A prompt to calibrate will be displayed on the pump and on the Dexcom G6 CGM app.

5. Tap v to confirm.

- The SENSOR STARTED screen will appear to let you know your sensor startup has begun.
- Your pump will return to the CGM Home screen with the 3 hour trend graph and the sensor startup countdown symbol displayed.
- Check your pump CGM Home screen 10 minutes after starting your sensor session to make sure your pump and transmitter are communicating. The antenna symbol should be to the right of the battery indicator and should be white.
- If you see the out of range symbol below the insulin level indicator, and the antenna symbol is grayed out, follow these troubleshooting tips:
  - a. Make sure your pump and transmitter are within 6 meters (20 feet) of each other without obstruction. Re-check in 10 minutes to see if the out of range symbol is still active.

- b. If the pump and transmitter are still not communicating, check the My CGM screen to make sure the correct transmitter ID is entered.
- If the correct transmitter ID is entered and the pump and transmitter are still not communicating, contact your local customer support.

# **22.2 Sensor Startup Period**

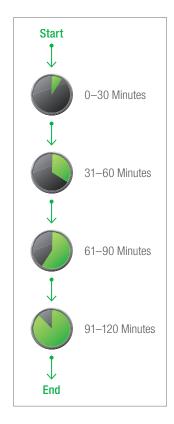
As an example, the Dexcom G6 sensor needs a 2-hour startup period to adjust to being under your skin. You will not get sensor glucose readings or alerts until the 2-hour startup period ends. For information about Dexcom G6 CGM sensor startup periods, visit the manufacturer's website for applicable user guides.

During the startup period, the *CGM* Home screen on your pump shows a 2-hour countdown symbol in the upper right portion of the screen. The countdown symbol fills in over time to show that you are getting closer to the active sensor session.

# **A** WARNING

Control-IQ technology limits basal rate to 3 units/hour during the sensor startup period. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour during sensor startup, turn Control-IQ technology off.

# Sensor Startup Period Timeline



### WARNING

Continue to use a BG meter and test strips in order to make treatment decisions during the 2-hour startup period.

# **■ NOTE**

Sensor Startup Period and Automated Insulin Dosing: During the sensor startup period, the automated insulin dosing feature will not affect the basal rates or deliver automatic correction boluses. The sensor must be actively providing readings for the automated insulin dosing feature to operate.

# Examples

For example, if you started your sensor session 20 minutes ago, you would see this countdown symbol on the *CGM Home* screen.



If you started your sensor session 90 minutes ago, you would see this countdown symbol on the *CGM Home* screen.



At the end of the 2-hour startup period, the countdown symbol will be replaced with the current CGM reading.



Follow the instructions in the next chapter to calibrate your sensor. Skip the calibration instructions if you entered a sensor code. You may enter a calibration into the System at any time, even if you have already entered sensor code. Pay attention to your symptoms, and if they do not match the current CGM readings, you may choose to enter a calibration.

# **Ending Your Sensor Session**

When the sensor session ends, you will need to replace the sensor and start a new sensor session. In some cases your sensor session may end early. You may also choose to end the sensor session early.

Glucose alerts and alarms do not work after the sensor session ends. Once the sensor session has ended, CGM readings are not available. If you are using the automated insulin dosing feature, it becomes inactive when a CGM sensor session is ended.

#### WARNING

Control-IQ technology limits basal rate to 3 units/hour after the sensor session has ended. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour after

the sensor session has ended, turn Control-IQ technology off.

# 22.3 Automatic Sensor Shut-Off

Your t:slim X2 pump tells you how much time you have left until your sensor session is complete. The SENSOR EXPIRING SOON screen shows at 6 hours remaining, 2 hours remaining, and 30 minutes remaining before your session ends. You will continue to receive sensor glucose readings after each reminder.

When you see the SENSOR EXPIRING SOON screen:

- 1. Tap ok to return to the previous screen.
- ✓ The SENSOR EXPIRING SOON screen will show again when there are 2 hours remaining, and when there are 30 minutes remaining.
- After the final 30 minutes, the REPLACE SENSOR screen is displayed.
- 2. Tap ok

✓ The CGM Home screen will appear with the Replace Sensor icon in the place where sensor glucose readings normally show.

New sensor glucose readings do not show on your pump after your sensor session ends. You must remove your sensor and insert a new sensor.

# 22.4 Ending a Sensor Session Before Automatic Shut-Off

You can end your sensor session at any time before the automatic sensor shutoff. To end your sensor session early:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap My CGM.
- 4. Tap STOP SENSOR.
- 5. Tap to confirm.
- √ The SENSOR STOPPED screen is temporarily displayed.

The CGM Home screen will appear with the Replace Sensor icon in the place where sensor glucose readings normally show.

New sensor glucose readings do not show on your pump after your sensor session ends. You must remove your sensor and insert a new sensor.

# 22.5 Removing the Sensor and Transmitter

#### WARNING

DO NOT ignore broken or detached sensor wires. A sensor wire could remain under your skin. If a sensor wire breaks off under your skin and you can't see it, don't try to remove it. Contact your healthcare provider. Also seek professional medical help if you have symptoms of infection or inflammation (redness, swelling, or pain) at the insertion site. If you experience a broken sensor, please report this to your local customer support.

For information about removing the Dexcom G6 sensor and Dexcom G6 transmitter, visit the manufacturer's website for applicable user guides.

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 23** 

# Calibrating Your CGM System

# 23.1 Calibration Overview

If you did not enter a CGM sensor code when starting a sensor session, you will be prompted to calibrate at the following intervals:

- 2-hour startup: 2 calibrations 2 hours after you start your sensor session
- 12-hour update: 12 hours after the 2 hour start up calibration
- 24-hour update: 24 hours after the 2 hour start up calibration
- Every 24 hours: every 24 hours after the 24-hour update
- When notified

On the first day of your sensor session, you must enter four BG values into your pump to calibrate. You must enter one BG value to calibrate every 24 hours after your first startup calibration. The pump will remind you when the System needs these calibrations. In addition, you may be prompted to enter additional BG values to calibrate as needed.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**DO NOT** calibrate when your trend arrow is up, double-up, down, or double-down because your BG is changing at more than 0.11 mmol/L per minute.

When calibrating, you must enter your BG values into the pump by hand. You can use any commercially available BG meter. You must calibrate with accurate BG meter values to get accurate sensor glucose readings.

Follow these important instructions when obtaining BG values for calibration:

- BG values used for calibration must be between 2.2 to 22.2 mmol/L and must have been taken within the past 5 minutes.
- Your sensor cannot be calibrated if the glucose value from your meter is less than 2.2 mmol/L. For safety reasons, if your BG is low, first treat your low BG.
- Make sure a sensor glucose reading shows in the upper right portion of the CGM Home screen before calibrating.

- Make sure the antenna symbol is visible to the right of the battery indicator on the CGM Home screen and is active (white, not greyed out) before calibrating.
- Always use the same BG meter to calibrate that you routinely use to measure your BG. Do not switch your BG meter in the middle of a sensor session. BG meter and strip accuracy vary between BG meter brands.
- The accuracy of the BG meter used for calibration may affect the accuracy of sensor glucose readings. Follow your BG meter manufacturer's instructions for BG testing.

# 23.2 Startup Calibration

If you did not enter a sensor code when starting the sensor session, the system will prompt you to calibrate to provide accurate information.

## **■ NOTE**

**Sensor Code:** The instructions in this section do not apply if you entered the sensor code when you started the sensor session.

Two hours after you start the sensor session, the *CALIBRATE CGM* screen will appear, letting you know that two separate BG values from your BG meter must be entered. You will not see sensor glucose readings until the pump accepts the BG values.

- 1. From the CALIBRATE CGM screen, Tap ok.
- ✓ The CGM Home screen will appear with two blood drops in the upper right portion of the screen. The two blood drops will stay on the screen until you enter 2 separate BG values to calibrate.
- Wash and dry your hands, make sure your glucose test strips have been stored properly and are not expired, and make sure your BG meter is properly coded (if required).
- 3. Take a BG measurement using your BG meter. Carefully apply the blood

sample to the test strip following your BG meter manufacturer's instructions.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

**DO** use fingertips to calibrate from your BG meter. Blood from other places may be less accurate and not as timely.

- 4. Tap OPTIONS.
- 5. Tap the **Down Arrow**.
- 6. Tap My CGM.
- 7. Tap Calibrate CGM.
- 8. Using the on-screen keypad, enter the BG value from your BG meter.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

To calibrate the System, **D0** enter the exact BG value displayed on your BG meter within 5 minutes of a carefully performed BG meter. Do not enter the sensor glucose readings for calibration. Entering incorrect BG values, BG values obtained more than 5 minutes before entry, or sensor glucose readings might affect sensor accuracy and could result in you missing severe

hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

- 9. Tap ...
- 10. Tap to confirm the calibration.

Tap x if the BG value does not exactly match the reading from your BG meter. The on-screen keypad will reappear. Enter the exact reading from your BG meter.

- √ The CALIBRATION ACCEPTED screen will appear.
- ✓ The My CGM screen will appear.
- 11. Tap Calibrate CGM to enter your second BG value.
- ✓ The on-screen keypad will appear.
- 12. Wash and dry your hands, make sure your glucose test strips have been stored properly and are not expired, and make sure your meter is properly coded (if required).
- 13. Take a BG measurement using your BG meter. Carefully apply the blood

sample to the test strip following your BG meter manufacturer's instructions.

14. Follow steps 8 –10 to enter your second BG value.

# 23.3 Calibration BG Value and Correction Bolus

Your t:slim X2 pump uses the BG value entered for calibration to determine if a correction bolus is needed, or to provide other important information about your insulin on board and BG.

- If you enter a calibration value that is above your Target BG in Personal Profiles, the Above Target
   Correction Bolus confirmation screen will appear. To add a correction bolus, tap . Follow the instructions in Section 7.2
   Correction Bolus Calculation to deliver a correction bolus.
- If you enter a calibration value that is below your Target BG in Personal Profiles, a message screen will indicate "Your BG is Below Target",

- and other important information will appear on the screen.
- If you enter your Target BG as a calibration value, the pump will return to the CCM Home screen.

# 23.4 Reasons You May Need to Calibrate

You may need to calibrate if your symptoms do not match the glucose values provided by your CGM.

If you see the CALIBRATION ERROR screen, you will be prompted to enter a BG value to calibrate in either 15 minutes or 1 hour, depending on the error.

## **■ NOTE**

# Calibrations After Entering a Sensor Code:

Although it is not required, and you will not be prompted to calibrate, you may enter a calibration into the System at any time, even if you have already entered a sensor code. Pay attention to your symptoms, and if they do not match the current CGM readings, you may choose to enter a calibration.

**CHAPTER 24** 

# Viewing CGM Data on Your t:slim X2 Insulin Pump

# 24.1 Overview

# WARNING

**DO NOT** ignore how you feel. If your glucose alerts and readings do not match what you're feeling, use your BG meter to make diabetes treatment decisions or, if needed, seek immediate medical attention.

The pump screens in this section illustrate the screen when the automated insulin dosing feature is off. For information about CGM screens when the automated insulin dosing feature is on, see Section 30.9 Control-IQ Technology Information on Your Screen.

During an active sensor session, CGM readings are sent to your pump every 5 minutes. This section teaches you how to view your sensor glucose readings and trend information. The trend graph provides additional information that your BG meter does not. It shows your current glucose value, the direction it is changing and how fast it is changing. The trend graph can also show you where your glucose has been over time.

Your BG meter measures glucose in your blood. Your sensor measures glucose from interstitial fluid (the fluid under your skin). Because glucose from different fluids is measured, readings from your BG meter and sensor may not match.

The greatest benefit you get from using continuous glucose monitoring will come from trending information. It is important that you focus on the trends and rate of change on your receiver or pump rather than the exact glucose reading.

Press the Screen On/Quick Bolus button to turn the screen on. If a CGM session is active, you will see the CGM Home screen with the 3 hour trend graph displayed.



- The current time and date are shown at the top of the screen in the middle.
- Each "dot" on the trend graph is a sensor glucose reading reported every 5 minutes.
- Your High Alert setting shows as an orange line across the trend graph.
- Your Low Alert setting shows as a red line across the trend graph.
- The gray zone highlights your target glucose range, between your High and Low Alert settings.
- Sensor glucose readings are shown in millimoles per liter (mmol/L).
- If your sensor glucose reading is between your High and Low Alert settings, it is shown in white.
- If your sensor glucose reading is above your High Alert setting, it is shown in orange.
- If your sensor glucose reading is below your Low Alert setting, it is shown in red.

- If your glucose reading is 3.1 mmol/ L or lower, it is shown in red, regardless of the Low Alert setting.
- The dots on the trend graph display as different colors based on your High and Low Alert settings: white if between High and Low Alert settings, orange if above High Alert setting, red if below Low Alert setting.

# 24.2 CGM Trend Graphs

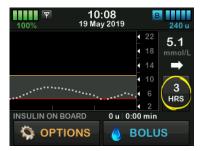
You can view your past sensor glucose trend information on your *CGM Home* screen.

1, 3, 6, 12, and 24 hour trend views can be seen. The 3 hour Trend Graph is the default view and will be shown on the *CGM Home* screen even if a different trend graph was shown when the screen turned off.

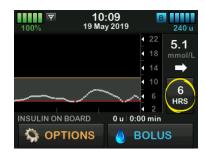
Sensor glucose information is only reported for values between 2.2 and 22.2 mmol/L. Your trend graph shows a flat line or dots at 2.2 or 22.2 mmol/L when your glucose is outside this range.

To view different Trend Graph times, tap on the Trend Graph Time (HRS) to cycle through the options.

3 Hour Trend Graph (default view) shows you your current glucose reading along with the last 3 hours of sensor glucose readings.



6 Hour Trend Graph shows you your current glucose reading along with the last 6 hours of sensor glucose readings.



12 Hour Trend Graph shows you your current glucose reading along with the last 12 hours of sensor glucose readings.



24 Hour Trend Graph shows you your current glucose reading along with the last 24 hours of sensor glucose readings.



1 Hour Trend Graph shows you your current glucose reading along with the last 1 hour of sensor glucose readings.



LOW shows when your most recent sensor glucose reading is less than 2.2 mmol/L.



HIGH shows when your most recent sensor glucose reading is greater than 22.2 mmol/L.



# 24.3 Rate of Change Arrows

Your rate of change arrows add detail about the direction and speed of glucose change over the last 15–20 minutes.

The trend arrows show below your current sensor glucose reading.



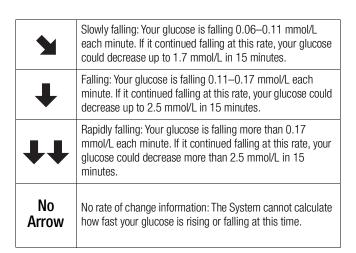
Do not overreact to the rate of change arrows. Consider recent insulin dosing, activity, food intake, your overall trend graph and your BG value before taking action.

If there are missed communications between the sensor and your pump during the last 15–20 minutes due to being out of range or due to an error condition, an arrow may not display. If the trend arrow is missing, and you are concerned that your BG level may be rising or falling, take a BG measurement using your BG meter.

# The table below shows the different trend arrows your receiver or pump displays:

#### **Trend Arrow Definitions**

<b>→</b>	Constant: Your glucose is steady (not increasing/decreasing more than 0.06 mmol/L each minute). Your glucose could increase or decrease by up to 0.9 mmol/L in 15 minutes.	
*	Slowly rising: Your glucose is rising 0.06–0.11 mmol/L each minute. If it continued rising at this rate, your glucose could increase up to 1.7 mmol/L in 15 minutes.	
1	Rising: Your glucose is rising 0.11–0.17 mmol/L each minute. If it continued rising at this rate, your glucose coul increase up to 2.5 mmol/L in 15 minutes.	
**	Rapidly rising: Your glucose is rising more than 0.17 mmol/L each minute. If it continued rising at this rate, your glucose could increase more than 2.5 mmol/L in 15 minutes.	



# 24.4 CGM History

CGM History displays the historical log of CGM events. At least 90 days of data can be viewed in History. When the maximum number of events is reached, the oldest events are removed from the history log and replaced with the most recent events. The following history sections can be viewed:

- Sessions and Calibrations
- Alerts and Errors
- Complete

Each section above is organized by date. If there are no events associated with a date, the day will not be shown in the list.

The Sessions and Calibrations section includes the start time and date for each Sensor Session, the stop time and date for each Sensor Session, and all calibration BG values entered.

The Alerts and Errors section includes the date and time for all Alerts and Errors that occurred. The letter "D" (D: Alert) before an Alert or Alarm indicates the time it was declared. The letter "C" (C: Alert) indicates the time it was cleared.

The Complete section includes all information from the Sessions and Calibrations and Alerts and Errors sections as well as any changes to settings.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap the Down Arrow.
- 3. Tap History.
- 4. Tap CGM History.
- Tap section you want to view. Each section is organized by date. Tap the date to view events from that day. Use the Down Arrow to scroll to more dates.

# **24.5 Missed Readings**

If your pump misses CGM readings for a period of time, you will see three dashes where the CGM reading typically displays on the CGM Home screen and on the CGM Lock screen. The system will automatically attempt to backfill missing data points up to 6 hours in the past when connectivity is restored and readings begin to appear. If the sensor glucose number or trend arrow is missing, and you are concerned that your BG level may be rising or falling, take a BG measurement using your BG meter.

#### **■ NOTE**

Automated Insulin Dosing and Missing CGM Data: The automated insulin dosing feature will continue to operate for the first 15 minutes after CGM readings become unavailable. If connectivity is not restored after 20 minutes, the automated insulin dosing feature will stop operation until CGM readings are available. While the automated insulin dosing feature is not operating, your pump will continue to deliver insulin according to your Personal Profile settings. Once CGM readings are available, the automated insulin dosing feature will automatically resume. For more information, see Chapter 29 Introduction to Control-IQ Technology.

CHAPTER 24 • Viewing CGM Data on Your t:slim X2 Insulin Pump

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 25** 

# **CGM Alerts and Errors**

Information in this section will help you learn how to respond to CGM alerts and errors. It applies only to the CGM portion of your System. CGM alerts and errors do not follow the same pattern of vibration and beeps as insulin delivery reminders, alerts, and alarms.

For information on insulin delivery reminders, alerts, and alarms, see Chapters 12 t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Alerts, 13 t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Alarms, and 14 t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Malfunction.

For information on automated insulin dosing alerts, see Chapter 31 Control-IQ Technology Alerts.

#### **▲** WARNING

If a sensor session is ended, either automatically or manually, Control-IQ technology is unavailable and will not adjust insulin. In order for Control-IQ technology to be enabled, a sensor session must be started and transmitting sensor values to the pump based on a sensor code or sensor calibration.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

You must customize the CGM alert settings on your t:slim X2 pump and the Dexcom G6 CGM

app separately. The alert settings apply to the phone and pump separately.

## 25.1 Startup Calibration Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	2-hour CGM startup period is complete. This will only appear if you did not enter a sensor code.
Calibrate CGM (16C)	How will the System notify me?	1 vibration, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes until confirmed.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 15 minutes until you calibrate.
Enter 2 BGs to calibrate CGM sensor.  OK	How should I respond?	Tap ox and enter 2 separate BG values to calibrate the system and start your CGM session.

## **25.2 Second Startup Calibration Alert**

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	The System needs an additional BG value to complete startup calibration. This will only appear if you did not enter a sensor code.
Calibrate CGM (17C)	How will the System notify me?	1 vibration, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes until confirmed.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 15 minutes until second calibration is entered.
Enter 1 BG to calibrate CGM sensor.  OK	How should I respond?	Tap and enter a BG value to calibrate the System and start your CGM session.

## 25.3 12 Hour Calibration Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	The System needs a BG value to calibrate. This will only appear if you did not enter a sensor code.
Calibrate CGM (18C)	How will the System notify me?	On screen only with no vibration or beep.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 15 minutes.
Enter a BG to calibrate CGM sensor.	How should I respond?	Tap ok and enter a BG value to calibrate the system.
ок		

## **25.4 Incomplete Calibration**

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	If you start to enter a calibration value using the keypad and do not complete the entry within 90 seconds, this screen appears.
Incomplete Calibration (27T)	How will the System notify me?	2 beeps or vibrations depending on Sound Volume selected.
This CGM Calibration has not been completed.	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until confirmed.
ОК	How should I respond?	Tap ok and complete your calibration by entering the value using the on-screen keypad.

## 25.5 Calibration Timeout

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	If you start to enter a calibration value using the keypad and do not complete the entry within 5 minutes, this screen appears.
Calibration Timeout (28T)	How will the System notify me?	2 beeps or vibrations depending on Sound Volume selected.
You have exceeded the maximum time to calibrate your CGM.	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until confirmed.
Please use a new BG reading for CGM calibration.	How should I respond?	Tap and obtain a new BG value using your BG meter. Enter the value using the on-screen keypad to calibrate the System.

## **25.6 Wait 15 Minute Calibration Error Alert**

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	The sensor cannot calibrate.
	How will the System notify me?	1 vibration, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes until confirmed.
Calibration Error (10C)	Will the System re-notify me?	No.
Enter a calibration BG in 15 min.	How should I respond?	Tap ok to confirm. Wait 15 minutes then enter 1 more BG value. Wait 15 more minutes. If error screen still appears, enter 1 more BG value. Wait 15 minutes. If no sensor glucose readings appear, the
ОК		sensor needs to be replaced.

## 25.7 Calibration Required Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	The System needs a BG value to calibrate. Sensor glucose readings will not be displayed at this time.
Calibrate CGM (18C)	How will the System notify me?	1 vibration, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes until confirmed.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 15 minutes.
Enter a BG to calibrate CGM sensor.	How should I respond?	Tap ok and enter a BG value to calibrate the System.
ок		

## 25.8 CGM High Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your most recent sensor glucose reading is at or above the High Alert setting.
CGM High Alert (2C)	How will the System notify me?	2 vibrations, then 2 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes until confirmed or your glucose value drops below the Alert level.
Sensor reading	Will the System re-notify me?	Only if you have turned on the Repeat feature.
11.1 is 11.2 mmol/L.  OK	How should I respond?	Тар ок to confirm.

## 25.9 CGM Low Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your most recent sensor glucose reading is at or below the Low Alert setting.
CGM Low Alert (3C)	How will the System notify me?	3 vibrations, then 3 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes until confirmed or your glucose value goes above the Alert level.
4.4 Sensor reading	Will the System re-notify me?	Only if you have turned on the Repeat feature.
is 4.1 mmol/L.	How should I respond?	Tap oκ to confirm.

## 25.10 CGM Fixed Low Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your most recent sensor glucose reading is at or below 3.1 mmol/L.
CGM Low Alert (1C)	How will the System notify me?	4 Vibrations, then 4 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes until confirmed or your glucose value goes above 3.1 mmol/L.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, 30 minutes after each confirmation until your glucose value goes above 3.1 mmol/L.
carbs if necessary.	How should I respond?	Tap ok to confirm.

## 25.11 CGM Rise Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your glucose levels are rising at 0.11 mmol/L per minute or faster (at least 1.7 mmol/L in 15 minutes).
CGM Rise Alert (5C)	How will the System notify me?	2 vibrations, then 2 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes or until confirmed.
Sensor readings are	Will the System re-notify me?	No.
rising quickly.	How should I respond?	Tap oκ to confirm.

## 25.12 CGM Rapid Rise Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your glucose levels are rising at 0.17 mmol/L per minute or faster (at least 2.5 mmol/L in 15 minutes).
CGM Rise Alert (6C)	How will the System notify me?	2 vibrations, then 2 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes or until confirmed.
Sensor readings are	Will the System re-notify me?	No.
rising quickly. OK	How should I respond?	Tap ok to confirm.

## 25.13 CGM Fall Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your glucose levels are falling at 0.11 mmol/L per minute or faster (at least 1.7 mmol/L in 15 minutes).
CGM Fall Alert (7C)	How will the System notify me?	3 vibrations, then 3 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes or until confirmed.
Sensor readings are	Will the System re-notify me?	No.
falling quickly.  OK	How should I respond?	Tap ok to confirm.

## 25.14 CGM Rapid Fall Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your glucose levels are falling at 0.17 mmol/L per minute or faster (at least 2.5 mmol/L in 15 minutes).
CGM Fall Alert (8C)	How will the System notify me?	3 vibrations, then 3 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes or until confirmed.
Sensor readings are	Will the System re-notify me?	No.
falling quickly.	How should I respond?	Tap oκ to confirm.

## 25.15 Unknown Sensor Glucose Reading

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	The sensor is sending sensor glucose readings that the System does not understand. You will not receive sensor glucose readings.
100% 02:31 B 1100 245 u	How will the System notify me?	On screen only with no vibration or beep.
22 18 mmol/L 14 10	Will the System re-notify me?	The 3 dashes will remain on the screen until a new glucose reading is received and displayed in their place. If no sensor glucose readings are received after 20 minutes, the CGM Unavailable Alert will trigger. See Section 25.20 CGM Unavailable.
INSULIN ON BOARD 2.4 u 4:57 hrs  OPTIONS BOLUS	How should I respond?	Wait 30 minutes for more information from the system. Do not enter BG values for calibration. The system will not use BG values for calibration when "" appears on the screen.

## 25.16 Out of Range Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?  Out Of Range Alert (14C)	What does it mean?	The transmitter and pump are not communicating. The pump will not receive sensor glucose readings, and the automated insulin dosing feature is not able to predict glucose levels or adjust insulin delivery.
Transmitter out of range for 30 min.	How will the System notify me?	1 vibrate, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes until the transmitter and pump are back in range.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, if the transmitter and pump remain out of range.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok to confirm and move the transmitter and pump closer together, or remove the obstruction between them.

#### **A** WARNING

Control-IQ technology can only adjust insulin delivery when your CGM is in range. If you go out of range during insulin adjustment, your basal insulin delivery will revert to the basal rate settings in your active Personal Profile, limited to 3 units/hr. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour while the sensor is not communicating with the pump, turn Control-IQ technology off.

## 25.17 Low Transmitter Battery Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Transmitter battery is low.
	How will the System notify me?	1 vibration, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes until confirmed.
Low Transmitter Battery (46T)	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, the alarm will notify you when there are 21, 14, and 7 days of transmitter battery life remaining.
Please replace your transmitter soon.  OK	How should I respond?	Tap ok to confirm. Replace the transmitter as soon as possible.

### **25.18 Transmitter Error**

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	The transmitter has failed and the CGM session has stopped.
	How will the System notify me?	1 vibration, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes.
Transmitter Error (20C)	Will the System re-notify me?	No.
Please replace your transmitter now.	How should I respond?	Tap MORE INFO. A screen notifying you that your CGM session has stopped but insulin delivery continues will appear.
MORE INFO		Replace the transmitter immediately.

#### **M** WARNING

Control-IQ technology limits basal rate to 3 units/hour in the event of a transmitter error. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour during a transmitter error, turn Control-IQ technology off.

### 25.19 Failed Sensor Error

Explanation	
What does it mean?	The sensor is not working properly and the CGM session has stopped.
How will the System notify me?	1 vibration, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes.
Will the System re-notify me?	No.
How should I respond?	Tap MORE INFO. A screen notifying you that your CGM session has stopped but insulin delivery continues will appear.  Replace the sensor and begin a new CGM session.
	What does it mean?  How will the System notify me?  Will the System re-notify me?

#### **A** WARNING

Control-IQ technology limits basal rate to 3 units/hour in the event of a failed sensor. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour when a sensor fails, turn Control-IQ technology off.

### 25.20 CGM Unavailable

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your CGM session has been stopped for more than 20 minutes and the CGM can no longer be used.
CGM Unavailable (48T) You will not receive any CGM alerts, errors or sensor glucose readings. If no sensor readings continue for more than 3 hours, contact Customer Support at tandemdiabetes.com/contact.	How will the System notify me?	2 vibrations, then 2 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes or until confirmed.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 20 minutes until the CGM session is available. If the condition persists for 3 hours, the Failed Sensor alert will be displayed. See Section 25.19 Failed Sensor Error.
	How should I respond?	Tap ok and contact your local customer support.

#### **A** WARNING

Control-IQ technology limits basal rate to 3 units/hour in the event that the CGM is unavailable. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour when the CGM is unavailable, turn Control-IQ technology off.

## 25.21 CGM System Error

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Your CGM System is not working properly; the CGM session has stopped and the CGM can no longer be used.
CGM Error (40T)	How will the System notify me?	1 vibration, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes.
Bluetooth cannot operate. Visit tandemdiabetes.com/contact.	Will the System re-notify me?	No.
USA: 1-877-801-6901 CAN: 1-833-509-3598 Malfunction Code: 255	How should I respond?	Tap MORE INFO. A screen notifying you that your CGM System cannot operate but insulin delivery continues will appear. Call your local customer support.

#### **A** WARNING

Control-IQ technology limits basal rate to 3 units/hour in the event of a CGM error. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour during a CGM error, turn Control-IQ technology off.

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 26** 

# CGM Troubleshooting

This chapter provides helpful tips and instructions to help you fix issues you may have while using the CGM portion of your System.

If the troubleshooting steps in this chapter do not fix your issue, contact your local customer support.

The following tips are specific to troubleshooting the Dexcom G6 CGM connected to your pump. For more information about Dexcom G6 CGM troubleshooting, visit the manufacturer's website for applicable user guides.

#### **26.1 CGM Pairing Troubleshooting**

#### Possible issue:

Difficulty pairing your Dexcom G6 CGM with your t:slim  $X2^{TM}$  insulin pump.

#### Troubleshooting tip:

The Dexcom G6 CGM only allows pairing with one medical device at a time. Ensure your CGM is not connected to the Dexcom receiver before pairing with the pump. You may still use a smartphone with the Dexcom

G6 CGM app and your t:slim X2 insulin pump simultaneously with the same transmitter ID. See Section 20.2 Disconnecting from the Dexcom Receiver.

#### **26.2 Calibration Troubleshooting**

To ensure proper calibration of your CGM, follow these important tips.

Before you take a BG value for calibration, wash your hands, make sure your glucose test strips have been stored properly and are not expired, and make sure that your meter is properly coded (if required). Carefully apply the blood sample to the test strip following the instructions that came with your BG meter or test strips.

Do not calibrate if you see the Out of Range symbol in the place where your sensor glucose readings are normally shown on the screen.

Do not calibrate if you see "- - -" in the place where you sensor glucose readings are normally shown on the screen.

Do not calibrate if your BG value is below 2.2 mmol/L or above 22.2 mmol/l.

#### 26.3 Unknown Sensor Reading Troubleshooting

When your CGM cannot provide a sensor glucose reading "- - -" shows in the place where your sensor glucose is normally shown on the screen. This means that the System does not understand the sensor signal temporarily.

Often the System can correct the problem and continue providing sensor glucose readings. If it has been at least 3 hours since your last sensor glucose reading, contact your local customer support.

Do not enter any BG values for calibration when you see "- - -" on your screen. The System will not use a BG value for calibration when this symbol is on your screen.

If you see "- - -" often during a sensor session, follow the troubleshooting tips below before inserting another sensor.

- Make sure your sensor is not expired.
- Make sure your sensor pod is not dislodged or peeling up.
- Make sure your transmitter is snapped in completely.
- Make sure nothing is rubbing the sensor pod (e.g., clothing, seat belts, etc.).
- Make sure to select a good insertion site.
- Make sure your insertion site is clean and dry before sensor insertion.
- Wipe the bottom of the transmitter with a damp cloth or isopropyl alcohol wipe. Place the transmitter on a clean, dry cloth and air dry for 2–3 minutes.

#### 26.4 Out of Range/No Antenna Troubleshooting

#### **A** WARNING

Control-IQ technology can only adjust insulin delivery when your CGM is in range. If you go

out of range during insulin adjustment, your basal insulin delivery will revert to the basal rate settings in your active Personal Profile, limited to 3 units/hr. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour while the sensor is not communicating with the pump, turn Control-IQ technology off.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

AVOID separating the transmitter and the pump by more than 6 meters (20 feet). The transmission range from the transmitter to the pump is up to 6 meters (20 feet) without obstruction. Wireless communication does not work well through water so the range is much less if you are in a pool, bathtub, or on a water bed, etc. Types of obstruction differ and have not been tested. If your transmitter and pump are farther than 6 meters (20 feet) apart or are separated by an obstruction, they might not communicate or the communication distance may be shorter and result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

If you see the Out of Range icon on your screen in the place where your sensor glucose reading normally shows, then your t:slim X2 pump is not communicating with your transmitter and sensor glucose readings will not show on your screen. Each time you

start a new sensor session, wait 10 minutes for your t:slim X2 pump to start communicating with your transmitter. When a sensor session is active, you may sometimes experience loss of communication for 10 minutes at a time. This is normal.

If you see the Out of Range icon for more than 10 minutes, move your t:slim X2 Pump and CGM transmitter closer together and remove any obstructions. Wait 10 minutes and communication should be restored.

You must enter your transmitter ID correctly into your pump to receive sensor glucose readings (see Section 20.3 Entering Your Transmitter ID). Make sure you have removed your sensor and stopped your sensor session before checking or changing your transmitter ID. You cannot change your transmitter ID during a sensor session.

If you are still having trouble getting sensor glucose readings, contact your local customer support.

#### **26.5 Failed Sensor Troubleshooting**

The System may detect issues with your sensor where it cannot determine your glucose reading. The sensor session ends and the *FAILED SENSOR* screen shows on your t:slim X2 pump. If you see this screen, it means your CGM session has ended.

- Remove your sensor and insert a new sensor.
- To help improve future sensor performance, follow the troubleshooting tips below.
- Make sure your sensor is not expired.
- Make sure your sensor pod is not dislodged or peeling up.
- Make sure your transmitter is snapped in completely.
- Make sure nothing is rubbing the sensor pod (e.g., clothing, seat belts, etc.).
- Make sure you have selected a good insertion site.

#### 26.6 Sensor Inaccuracies

Inaccuracies are usually related to your sensor only and not to your transmitter or pump. Your sensor glucose readings are meant to be used for trending purposes only. The sensor measures glucose in the fluid under the skin—not in blood, and sensor glucose readings are not identical to readings from your BG meter.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

To calibrate the System, **D0** enter the exact BG value that your BG meter displays within 5 minutes of a carefully performed BG measurement. Do not enter sensor glucose values for calibration. Entering incorrect BG values, BG values obtained more than 5 minutes before entry, or sensor glucose readings might affect sensor accuracy and could result in you missing severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

If the difference between your sensor glucose reading and BG value is greater than 20% of the BG value for sensor readings >4.4 mmol/L or greater than 1.1 mmol/L for sensor readings <4.4 mmol/L, wash your hands and

take another BG measurement. If the difference between this second BG measurement and the sensor is still greater than 20% for sensor readings >4.4 mmol/L or greater than 1.1 mmol/L for sensor readings <4.4 mmol/L, recalibrate your sensor using the second BG value. The sensor glucose reading will correct over the next 15 minutes. If you see differences between your sensor glucose readings and BG values outside of this acceptable range, follow the troubleshooting tips below before inserting another sensor:

- Make sure your sensor is not expired.
- Make sure you do not calibrate when "- - -" or the Out of Range icon are on the screen.
- Do not use alternative BG site testing (blood from your palm or forearm, etc.) for calibration as alternative site readings may be different than those from a BG value. Use a BG value only from your fingers for calibration.
- Use only BG values between 2.2– 22.2 mmol/L for calibration. If one

or more of your values is outside of this range, the receiver will not calibrate.

- Use the same BG meter you routinely use to measure your BG to calibrate. Do not switch your BG meter in the middle of a sensor session. BG meter and strip accuracy vary between BG meter brands.
- Before taking a BG measurement for calibration, wash your hands, make sure your glucose test strips have been stored properly and are not expired, and make sure that your BG meter is properly coded (if required). Carefully apply the blood sample to the test strip following the instructions provided with your BG meter or test strips.
- Make sure you are using your BG meter following the manufacturer's instructions to get accurate BG values for calibration.

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 27** 

## Control-IQ Technology Important Safety Information

The following includes important safety information related to Control-IQ<sup>TM</sup> technology. The information presented in this chapter does not represent all warnings and precautions related to the System. Pay attention to other warnings and precautions listed throughout this user guide as they relate to special circumstances, features, or users.

#### **27.1 Control-IQ Warnings**

#### **▲** WARNING

Control-IQ technology should not be used by people who use less than 10 units of insulin per day or weigh less than 24.9 kilograms (55 pounds), which are the minimum inputs required to initiate Control-IQ technology and for it to operate safely.

#### **A** WARNING

The t:slim X2 insulin pump with Control-IQ technology should not be used in children under the age of six years old.

#### WARNING

Control-IQ technology limits basal rate to 3 units/hour when the pump has not received a CGM reading for 20 minutes. For example,

when the pump and CGM are out of range, during the sensor startup period, when a sensor session ends, or when there is a transmitter or sensor error. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour during these scenarios, turn Control-IQ technology off.

#### **WARNING**

If a sensor session is ended, either automatically or manually, Control-IQ technology is unavailable and will not adjust insulin. In order for Control-IQ technology to be enabled, a sensor session must be started and transmitting sensor values to the pump based on a sensor code or sensor calibration.

#### **A** WARNING

AVOID using manual injections, or inhaled insulins, while using Control-IQ technology. Using insulin not provided by the pump while using closed loop therapy can cause the system to over delivery or under delivery of insulin, which can lead to severe hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG) events.

#### WARNING

**DO NOT** use Control-IQ technology if you are taking hydroxyurea, a medication used in the treatment of diseases including cancer and sickle cell anemia. Your Dexcom G6 CGM

readings may be falsely elevated and result in over-delivery of insulin that could result in severe hypoglycemia.

#### WARNING

DO NOT use Control-IQ technology if you are taking hydroxyurea, a medication used in the treatment of diseases including cancer and sickle cell anemia. The use of hydroxyurea will result in sensor glucose readings that are higher than actual glucose levels. The level of inaccuracy in sensor glucose readings is based on the amount of hydroxyurea in the body. Control-IQ technology relies on sensor glucose readings to adjust insulin, provide automatic correction boluses, and provide high and low glucose alerts. If Control-IQ technology receives sensor readings that are higher than actual glucose levels, it could result in missed hypoglycemia alerts and errors in diabetes management, such as delivery of excess basal insulin and correction boluses, including automatic correction boluses. Hydroxyurea can also result in errors when reviewing, analyzing and interpreting historical patterns for assessing glucose control.

#### **27.2 Control-IQ Precautions**

#### **A PRECAUTION**

If you remove your pump for a period of time, up to 30 minutes or longer, it is recommended that you turn off Control-IQ technology to potentially save insulin. The feature will continue to operate while the pump is removed, and will continue to dose insulin if transmitted glucose values rise.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

We recommend that you keep the CGM Out of Range Alert turned on to notify you if your CGM is disconnected from your pump whenever you are not actively monitoring your pump status. Your CGM is providing the data that Control-IQ technology requires to make predictions to automate insulin dosing.

CHAPTER 27 • Control-IQ Technology Important Safety Information

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 28** 

## Getting to Know Control-IQ Technology

## 28.1 Responsible Use of Control-IQ Technology

Systems like the t:slim X2 insulin pump with Control-IQ™ technology are not substitutes for the active management of diabetes, including manually bolusing for meals. There are common scenarios in which automated systems cannot prevent a hypoglycemic event. Control-IQ technology relies on current CGM sensor readings to function and will not be able to predict sensor glucose values and suspend insulin delivery if a patient's CGM is not functioning properly or their pump is unable to receive the CGM signal. Patients should be instructed to always use the components of the pump system (pump, cartridges, CGM, and infusion sets) according to the applicable instructions for use and check them regularly to make sure they are functioning as expected. Patients should always pay attention to their glucose values, actively monitor and manage blood glucose, and treat accordingly.

## 28.2 Explanation of Control-IQ Technology Icons

If you have a CGM session active and are using Control-IQ technology, you may see the following additional icons on your pump screen:

#### Control-IQ Technology Icon Definitions

Symbol	Meaning
	Control-IQ technology is enabled but not actively increasing or decreasing basal insulin delivery.
	Control-IQ technology is increasing basal insulin delivery.
<b>\$</b>	Control-IQ technology is decreasing basal insulin delivery.
<b>\$</b>	Control-IQ technology has stopped basal insulin delivery.
BOLUS ● ● Control-IQ: 2.8 u	Control-IQ technology is delivering an automatic correction bolus (or an automatic bolus).
222	The sleep activity is enabled.

Symbol	Meaning
В	Basal insulin is programmed and being delivered.
В	Control-IQ technology is increasing basal insulin delivery.
В	Control-IQ technology is decreasing basal insulin delivery.
0	Basal insulin delivery is stopped and a basal rate of 0 u/hr is active.
	Control-IQ technology is delivering an automatic correction bolus (or an automatic bolus).
<b>→</b>	The exercise activity is enabled.

#### 28.3 Control-IQ Lock Screen

The Control-IQ Lock screen appears any time you turn on the screen and you are using your pump with a CGM and Control-IQ technology enabled. The Control-IQ Lock screen is the same as the CGM Lock screen, with the following additions. See Section 18.3 CGM Lock Screen.

- Control-IQ Technology Status: Indicates the status of Control-IQ technology.
- 2. CGM Graph Shading: Red shading indicates Control-IQ technology is, or was, delivering 0 units of for the period indicated.



# 28.4 Control-IQ Home Screen

The *Home* screen with Control-IQ technology enabled is identical to the *CGM Home* screen, with the following additions. See Section 18.4 CGM Home Screen.

- Control-IQ Technology Status: Indicates the status of Control-IQ technology.
- Control-IQ Activity Status: Indicates an Activity has been enabled.
- CGM Graph Shading: Red shading indicates Control-IQ technology is, or was, delivering 0 units of insulin for the period indicated.



# 28.5 Control-IQ Screen

- Control-IQ Technology on/off: Turns on, or off, Control-IQ technology.
- Weight: Displays your current weight. This value is manually entered in on the numerical keypad.

# **■** NOTE

**Control-IQ Weight:** Your weight should be representative of what you weigh when you start the system. Weight can be updated when you visit your healthcare provider. The minimum value for weight is 24.9 kgs (55 lbs).

 Total Daily Insulin: Displays your current total daily insulin value in units. This value is manually entered in on the numerical keypad.

## **■ NOTE**

Control-IQ Total Daily Insulin: If you don't know your Total Daily Insulin (TDI), speak with your healthcare provider to get this value. The minimum value for TDI is 10 u.



CHAPTER 28 • Getting to Know Control-IQ Technology

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 29** 

# Introduction to Control-IQ Technology

## 29.1 Control-IQ Technology Overview

Control-IQ<sup>™</sup> technology is a feature of the t:slim X2<sup>™</sup> pump that automatically adjusts insulin delivery rates and amounts in response to readings from a CGM. The pump can be used with or without Control-IQ technology enabled. The following sections describe how Control-IQ technology works and how it responds to CGM values while you are awake, sleeping, and exercising.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

You must continue to take boluses to cover food eaten or to correct a high glucose value. Read all Control-IQ technology instructions before activating Control-IQ technology.

# **■ NOTE**

**Target CGM Ranges:** The target CGM ranges used by Control-IQ technology are not customizable.

# **■ NOTE**

Control-IQ Technology and Temp Basal Rate: Before activating a Temp Rate (see Section 5.9 Starting a Temporary Basal Rate), you must turn off Control-IQ technology.

## **■ NOTE**

Insulin On Board (IOB) Time Remaining: The Insulin On Board (IOB) Time Remaining, which indicates how long the total units of insulin from food and correction boluses will be active in the body, is not displayed when Control-IQ technology is enabled due to the variability of insulin delivery when automatically responding to CGM values. The IOB units will always be displayed on the *Home* and *Lock* screens.

# 29.2 How Control-IQ Technology Works

#### WARNING

Control-IQ technology is not a substitute for understanding and being ready at any time to take over manual control of your current or future diabetes therapy.

#### **A** WARNING

Control-IQ technology is not designed to prevent all hypoglycemia (low BG) or hyperglycemia (high BG).

# WARNING

Control-IQ technology adjusts the delivery of insulin, but does not treat low BG. Always pay attention to your symptoms, manage your BG

level, and treat according to the recommendations of your healthcare provider.

## WARNING

Do not use Control-IQ technology unless recommended by your healthcare provider.

### WARNING

Do not use Control-IQ technology until you have received training.

#### WARNING

Control-IQ technology relies on current CGM sensor readings and will not be able to accurately predict BG levels and adjust insulin delivery if for any reason your CGM is not functioning properly, or does not transmit three of the last four sensor values to your pump.

#### **A PRECAUTION**

We recommend that you enable the High Glucose Alert and the Low Glucose Alert when using Control-IQ technology so that you will be notified if sensor glucose readings are outside of your target range, and you can treat high or low BG according to your healthcare provider's recommendations.

Control-IQ technology responds to the actual CGM readings as well as

predicts CGM values 30 minutes in the future. Insulin delivery is automatically adjusted based on the predicted CGM value, your active Personal Profile, and whether or not a Control-IQ technology activity is enabled.

## **■ NOTE**

# **Enabling Control-IQ Technology Activity:**

Control-IQ technology activity types are not automatically enabled, and must be set up as a scheduled occurrence or turned on as needed. For more information, see sections 30.5 Schedule Sleep, 30.7 Manually Start or Stop Sleep, and 30.8 Manually Start or Stop Exercise.

Control-IQ technology adjusts insulin delivery in several ways. It will decrease or suspend insulin delivery when predicted glucose values are below the target, increase insulin delivery when predicted glucose values are above target, and automatically deliver up to 60% of a correction bolus once per hour, as needed. There are maximum insulin delivery limits based on your Personal Profile settings. These different insulin delivery actions are described below. Each of the insulin delivery adjustments occurs in different ways depending on whether you are

sleeping, exercising, or neither. For more detail on how insulin adjustments are made for different activities see Sections Control-IQ Technology With No Activity Enabled, Control-IQ Technology During Sleep, and Control-IQ Technology During Exercise in this chapter.

# Personal Profile Basal Rate Delivery

When the predicted CGM value is within the target range, the pump will deliver insulin at the rate determined by the active Personal Profile settings.

All Personal Profile settings must be completed in order to use Control-IQ technology. See Chapter 5 Insulin Delivery Settings for more information about Personal Profiles.

# Decreased Insulin Delivery

When Control-IQ technology predicts that your glucose value will be at or below the target range 30 minutes in the future, the rate of insulin delivered will begin to decrease to attempt to keep the actual glucose values within the target range. The following diagrams depict how the system uses

30 minute predictions to gradually decrease insulin delivery compared to the personal profile basal rate. The diagram on the left depicts the prediction, the diagram on the right depicts how the insulin and CGM readings might look if the CGM graph continued on the trend.



# **■ NOTE**

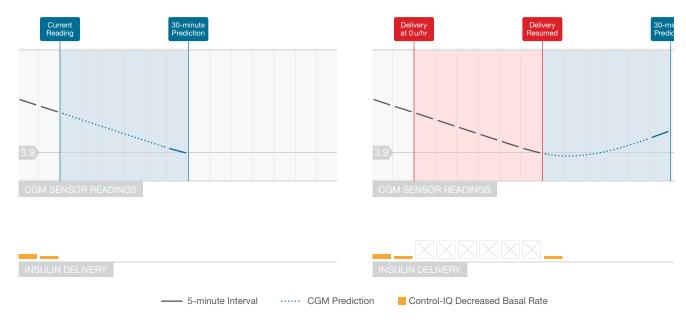
**Diagrams are Illustrative:** Diagrams are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to reflect actual results.

# Insulin Decreased or Delivering 0 Units per Hour

Control-IQ technology can reduce the basal delivery to a percent of the basal rate in addition to completely suspending. When Control-IQ technology predicts that your glucose value will be lower than the target range 30 minutes in the future, insulin delivery will decrease and may set the basal rate at 0 units per hour if necessary to attempt to keep the actual glucose values within the target range. Manual boluses can still be delivered when Control-IQ technology is decreasing or suspending insulin. The following diagrams depict an illustration of when Control-IQ technology might set the insulin delivery rate to 0 units per hour, and when it will resume at a decreased rate after the 30 minute prediction is above the target glucose value.

### **■ NOTE**

When Control-IQ technology sets the basal rate to 0 units per hour, bolus deliveries will continue. This includes starting a new bolus and any remaining bolus from an extended bolus delivery.



# **■ NOTE**

Diagrams are Illustrative: Diagrams are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to reflect actual results.

# Increasing Insulin Delivery

When Control-IQ technology predicts that your glucose value will be above the upper limit of the targeted range 30 minutes in the future, the rate of insulin delivered will begin to increase to attempt to keep the actual CGM values within the target CGM range. The following diagrams depict when Control-IQ technology might be increasing and delivering at the maximum increased basal rate.

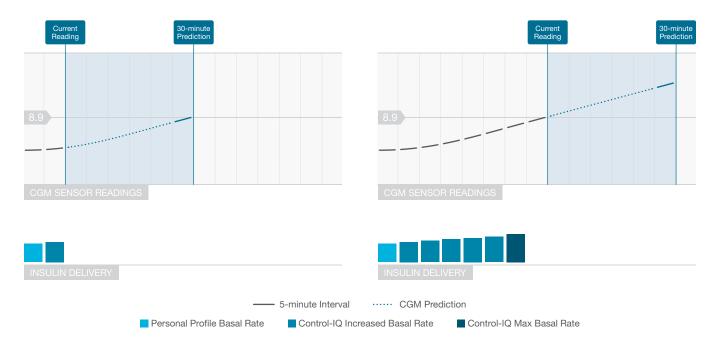
# Maximum Insulin Delivery

When Control-IQ technology predicts that your glucose value will be above the upper limit of the target range 30 minutes in the future, but the maximum rate of insulin delivery has been reached, Control-IQ technology stops increasing the insulin delivery rate. The maximum insulin delivery rate is a calculated value that is dependent on an individual's Correction Factor setting (found in the active Personal Profile), the Total Daily Insulin estimated by Control-IQ technology based on actual total daily insulin values, and the current insulin on board (IOB).

# CHAPTER 29 • Introduction to Control-IQ Technology

# **■ NOTE**

Diagrams are Illustrative: Diagrams are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to reflect actual results.



# Automatic Correction Bolus Delivery

When Control-IQ technology predicts that your CGM value will be at or above 10 mmol/L 30 minutes in the future, and when Control-IQ technology is either Increasing Insulin Delivery or delivering Maximum Insulin Delivery, the pump will automatically deliver correction boluses to attempt to achieve the target range.

The automatic correction bolus will deliver 60% of the total correction bolus calculated based on the Personal Profile correction factor and predicted CGM reading. The target glucose for the automatic correction bolus is 6.1 mmol/L. Automatic bolus delivery occurs at most once every 60 minutes. and will not be delivered within 60 minutes of the start, cancellation, or completion of an automatic bolus or a manual bolus. For an extended bolus, this 60 minutes does not start until after the DELIVER NOW duration has completed. The percentage and duration between boluses is designed to avoid insulin stacking that may cause unsafe reductions in glucose values.

#### **■ NOTE**

Automatic Correction Bolus Delivery: Each automatic correction bolus delivery can be manually canceled or stopped during the delivery in the same way that a manual bolus can be stopped. See Section 7.9 Canceling or Stopping a Bolus.

## **■ NOTE**

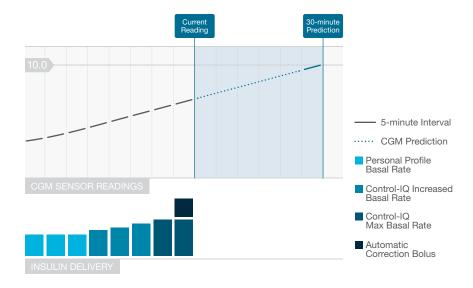
Maximum Automatic Correction Bolus: The maximum amount of insulin that an automatic correction bolus will deliver is 6 units. This value cannot be increased, but you may choose to deliver a manual bolus after the automatic correction bolus delivery is complete.

## **A PRECAUTION**

The pump does not activate sound or vibration to indicate when an automatic correction bolus delivery has started. The following pump screen

icon and message indicate that an automatic correction bolus is being delivered.





# **■ NOTE**

**Diagrams are Illustrative:** Diagrams are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to reflect actual results.

# 29.3 Control-IQ Technology and Activity

When Control-IQ technology is turned on you can choose to activate the sleep activity or the exercise activity to help the System adjust the automated insulin dosing settings as described in previous sections.

If you have not started either Sleep or Exercise, the System will use the settings described in the following section.

# Control-IQ Technology With No Activity Enabled

The CGM range targeted by Control-IQ technology with no Activity enabled is 6.25–8.9 mmol/L. This range is wider than the Sleep and Exercise ranges to account for the variability of factors that affect CGM values while people are awake and not exercising.

# Decreasing Insulin With No Activity Enabled

Insulin is decreased when Control-IQ technology predicts a CGM reading of ≤6.25 mmol/L 30 minutes in the future.

# Suspended Insulin With No Activity Enabled

Insulin is set to 0 units/hour when Control-IQ technology predicts a CGM reading ≤3.9 mmol/L 30 minutes in the future.

# Increasing Insulin With No Activity Enabled

Insulin is increased when Control-IQ technology predicts a CGM reading of ≥8.9 mmol/L 30 minutes in the future.

# Automatic Correction Bolus With No Activity

When no Activity is enabled, Control-IQ technology will deliver automatic correction boluses as described in the Automatic Correction Bolus Delivery section of this chapter.

# Control-IQ Technology During Sleep

The Control-IQ technology Sleep range is targeted during scheduled sleep times and when Sleep is manually started (until it is stopped). See Chapter 30 Configure and Use Control-IQ Technology and see Section Activate a Sleep Schedule for instructions on setting the hours you plan to sleep and

Section Manually Start Sleep for starting Sleep manually in that chapter.

The CGM range targeted by Control-IQ technology during Sleep is 6.25 mmol/L-6.7 mmol/L. This range is smaller than the target range with no Activity enabled since there are fewer variables that affect CGM values while you are sleeping. During Sleep, Control-IQ technology will not deliver automatic boluses.

Decreasing Insulin During Sleep Insulin is decreased when Control-IQ technology predicts a CGM reading of ≤6.25 mmol/L 30 minutes in the future.

Suspended Insulin During Sleep Insulin is set to 0 units/hour when Control-IQ technology predicts a CGM reading ≤3.9 mmol/L 30 minutes in the future.

Increasing Insulin During Sleep
Insulin is increased when Control-IQ
technology predicts a CGM reading of
≥6.7 mmol/L 30 minutes in the future.

# Automatic Correction Bolus During Sleep

Automatic correction boluses will not be delivered while Sleep is enabled.

# **■ NOTE**

Sleep Duration: The ability for Control-IQ technology to achieve the sleep target CGM range is partially dependent on how long you sleep. In order for Control-IQ technology to operate ideally, you should start Sleep (or schedule sleep) when you plan to sleep at least 5 consecutive hours. For example, you don't need to use the sleep setting if you plan to nap for less than five hours.

## **■ NOTE**

Sleeping Less than Five Hours: If you sleep less than 5 hours, Control-IQ technology may not be able reach or maintain actual CGM values within the sleep target range. However, if you wake up intermittently during your sleep period, do not feel the need to turn off Sleep.

When Control-IQ technology switches back to the settings with no Activity enabled, whether according to scheduled wake time or due to manually stopping Sleep, the transition from the targeted sleep CGM range to targeted settings with no Activity

enabled CGM range occurs slowly and can take 30-60 minutes. This helps ensure that actual CGM values transition gradually.

# Control-IQ Technology During Exercise

During Exercise, Control-IQ technology uses the target CGM range 7.8 mmol/L-8.9 mmol/L. This target range is smaller and higher than the target range with no Activity enabled to accommodate the likely natural drop in glucose following exercise.

If Exercise is on when a Sleep Schedule is due to begin, the Sleep Schedule does not start. In this scenario you must manually start Sleep once you turn Exercise off.

Decreasing Insulin During Exercise
Insulin is decreased when Control-IQ
technology predicts a CGM reading of
≤7.8mmol/L 30 minutes in the future.

Suspended Insulin During Exercise Insulin is set to 0 units/hour when Control-IQ technology predicts a CGM reading ≤4.4 mmol/L 30 minutes in the future.

Increasing Insulin During Exercise
Insulin is increased when Control-IQ
technology predicts a CGM reading of
≥8.9 mmol/L 30 minutes in the future.

# Automatic Correction Bolus During Exercise

When Exercise is enabled, Control-IQ technology will deliver automatic correction boluses as described in the Automatic Correction Bolus Delivery section of this chapter.

See Chapter 30 Configure and Use Control-IQ Technology for instructions on starting or stopping Exercise.

**CHAPTER 30** 

# Configure and Use Control-IQ Technology

# **30.1 Required Settings**

# Required Personal Profile Settings

In order to use Control-IQ™ technology, the following Personal Profile settings must be configured. See Chapter 5 Insulin Delivery Settings for instructions about setting these values.

- Basal rate
- Correction Factor
- Carb Ratio
- Target BG
- Carbohydrates turned on in Bolus Settings

# Required Control-IQ Technology Pump Settings

In addition to the required Personal Profile settings, there are two values specific to Control-IQ technology that must be set. These are:

- Weight
- Total Daily Insulin

# Recommended Control-IQ Technology Pump Settings

Although Sleep can be started and stopped manually, it is recommended that you schedule sleep. This chapter explains how to do both. The following settings are required to schedule sleep:

- Selected Days
- Start Time
- Fnd Time

# 30.2 Set Control-IQ Technology Weight

Control-IQ technology cannot be turned on unless Weight is entered. The Weight value may be updated when you visit your healthcare provider.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Control-IQ.
- ✓ The Control-IQ screen is displayed.



- 4. Tap Weight.
- 5. Tap **Pounds** or **Kilograms** to set the unit of weight.
- Tap
- 7. Enter the weight value on the numeric keypad.
- 8. Tap **----**
- 9. If you are done with the Control-IQ settings, tap ...
- The SETTING SAVED screen is temporarily displayed.

# 30.3 Set Total Daily Insulin

Control-IQ technology cannot be turned on unless Total Daily Insulin is entered. The Total Daily Insulin value is used by Control-IQ technology to calculate the maximum insulin delivery rate and to maintain a safe and effective increase in insulin dose.

The Total Daily Insulin value may be updated when you visit your healthcare provider.

## **■ NOTE**

**Total Daily Insulin:** Once you have used Control-IQ technology, it will maintain and use the actual total insulin delivered, including the adjustments made to basal and all types of boluses while using the System. It is important to update the Total Daily Insulin setting in the *Control-IQ* screen when you visit your healthcare provider. This value is used for the 2-hour maximum insulin alert.

An estimate of Total Daily Insulin should be entered. Include all types of insulin (basal and bolus) delivered in a 24-hour period. Consult your healthcare provider if you need assistance estimating your insulin requirements.

# Enter your Total Daily Insulin Value

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Control-IQ.
- 4. Tap Total Daily Insulin.
- Use the numeric keypad to enter the total units of insulin typically required in a 24-hour period.
- 6. Tap .
- 7. If you are done with the Control-IQ settings, tap ...
- ✓ The SETTING SAVED screen is temporarily displayed.
- 8. When you are done setting up Control-IQ, tap the **Tandem logo** to return to the *CGM Home* screen.

## 30.4 Turn Control-IQ Technology On or Off

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap My Pump.
- 3. Tap Control-IQ.
- 4. To turn Control-IQ on, tap the toggle next to Control-IQ.

### **■ NOTE**

Active Temp Rate or Extended Bolus: If an active Temp Rate or Extended Bolus is active when you turn Control-IQ technology on, you will be notified that if you continue the Temp Rate or Extended Bolus will be stopped.

- 5. To turn Control-IQ off, tap the toggle next to Control-IQ.
  - Tap to confirm and turn Control-IQ off.
  - Tap to leave Control-IQ on.

# 30.5 Schedule Sleep

Control-IQ technology operates differently during Sleep than with no Activity enabled. Sleep can be scheduled to turn on and off automatically, or it can be turned on and off manually. This section covers how to set Sleep to turn on and off automatically. For detailed information about how to use Control-IQ technology, see Chapter 29 Introduction to Control-IQ Technology.

You can configure two different Sleep Schedules to account for changes in lifestyle, such as a weekday sleep schedule and a weekend sleep schedule.

# **■ NOTE**

Manual Sleep Start/Stop: If you manually start Sleep before a Sleep Schedule begins, it does not impact the scheduled wake time. For example, if your Sleep Schedule is set from 22:00 to 6:00 (10pm to 6am), and you start Sleep manually at 21:00 (9pm), Sleep will end at 6:00 (6am) as scheduled; unless manually stopped.

# **■ NOTE**

Scheduled Sleep and Exercise: If Exercise is active at the time sleep is scheduled to start, Sleep will not begin. Once Exercise is turned off, you need to manually start Sleep or wait until the next scheduled sleep cycle.

#### **■ NOTE**

Sleeping Less than 5 Hours: If you sleep less than five hours, Control-IQ technology may not be able reach or maintain CGM values within the sleep target range. Do not turn Sleep on if you will be sleeping for less than five hours. However, if you wake up intermittently during your sleep period, do not feel the need to turn off Sleep.

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap Activity.
- 3. Tap Sleep Schedules.
- 4. Select which Sleep Schedule to configure.
  - If no Sleep Schedules are configured, tap Sleep Schedule 1.

 If you are editing an existing schedule, tap the schedule summary that displays to the right of the sleep schedule you want to edit.

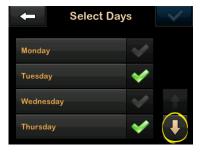


- On the Sleep Schedule screen, tap Selected Days. The default is the current day of the week only, according to the day of the week set on the pump.
- On the Select Days screen, tap the checkmark to the right of each day of the week that you want included in the Sleep Schedule.

When a checkmark is green, the corresponding day of the week is active. To deactivate a day, tap the

associated checkmark again so that it turns gray.

Tap the **Down Arrow** to see more days of the week.



7. When you are finished selecting the days, tap .

## **■ NOTE**

No Days Selected: If no days are selected when you tap , the schedule is set to off and the remaining sleep schedule settings are not displayed. The remaining instructions do not apply to an incomplete schedule.

8. Tap Start Time.

- 9. Tap **Time**. The numbered keypad is displayed.
- 10. Enter the time you would like the Sleep Schedule to start by entering the number(s) for the hour followed by the minutes. For example, tap 9 3 0 to set the time to 9:30 or 2 1 0 0 to set the time to 21:00.
- 11. Tap . You are returned to the Start Time screen.
- 12. Tap **AM** or **PM** to set the Time of Day, if applicable.
- 13. Tap . You are returned to the Sleep Schedule 1 screen.
- 14. Tap End Time.
- 15. Tap **Time**. The numbered keypad is displayed.
- Enter the time you would like the Sleep Schedule to end and tap
   You are returned to the End Time screen.
- 17. Tap **AM** or **PM** to set the Time of Day, if applicable.

- 18. Tap . The Sleep Schedule 1 screen is displayed.
- 19. Tap to save the schedule.
- ✓ The SETTING SAVED screen is temporarily displayed, followed by the Sleep Schedules screen.
- 20. When you are done configuring sleep, press to return to the *Activity* screen or tap the **Tandem** logo to return to the *Home* screen.

# 30.6 Activate or Deactivate a Sleep Schedule

Once a Sleep Schedule is configured, it is activated by default when it is saved. If you have multiple Sleep Schedules configured, you can change the active Sleep Schedule or turn them off completely.

# Activate a Sleep Schedule

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap **OPTIONS**.
- 2. Tap Activity.

- 3. Tap Sleep Schedules.
- Tap the schedule summary next to the name of the Sleep Schedule you want to activate. (If no sleep schedules are configured, see Section 30.5 Schedule Sleep.)
- 5. Tap the toggle next to the schedule name.
- 6. Tap

# Deactivate a Sleep Schedule

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap Activity.
- 3. Tap Sleep Schedules.

Tap the schedule summary next to the Sleep Schedule you want to deactivate.



- 4. Tap the toggle.
- 5. Tap 🔽.

# **30.7 Manually Start or Stop Sleep**

In addition to scheduling sleep, Sleep can be manually started and/or stopped.

Sleep time determines when Control-IQ technology, if enabled, switches to Sleep activity. Control-IQ technology must be on and a CGM session must be active to start Sleep.

# Manually Start Sleep

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- Tap Activity.
- 3. Tap the START text next to Sleep.



 A SLEEP STARTED screen is temporarily displayed. The Sleep icon is displayed on the Home screen.

## Manually Stop Sleep

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- Tap Activity.

3. Tap the STOP text next to Sleep.



✓ A SLEEP STOPPED message is temporarily displayed. The Sleep icon is removed from the Home screen.

# 30.8 Manually Start or Stop Exercise

#### Start Exercise

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- Tap Activity.
- 3. Tap the START text next to Exercise.

✓ An EXERCISE STARTED message is temporarily displayed. The Exercise icon is displayed on the Home screen.

# Stop Exercise

- 1. From the *Home* screen, tap OPTIONS.
- 2. Tap Activity.
- 3. Tap the STOP text next to Exercise.
- ✓ An EXERCISE STOPPED message is temporarily displayed. The Exercise icon is removed from the Home screen.

# 30.9 Control-IQ Technology Information on Your Screen

# Control-IQ Technology Status Icon

When Control-IQ technology is on, the CGM Trend Graph displays a diamond icon in the top left corner. This icon uses different colors to communicate information about how Control-IQ technology is operating. Each different

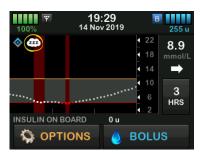
color and its meaning can be found in Section 28.2 Explanation of Control-IQ Technology Icons.

When Control-IQ technology is on but not active (i.e. insulin is being delivered normally), the diamond icon is gray as depicted below. Regardless of the color, the icon always appears in the same place.



## Exercise and Sleep Icons

When Exercise or Sleep is turned on, the respective icon displays in the same place on the screen, since they can never be active at the same time. The following image shows the sleep icon active on the CGM Trend Graph screen.



When Exercise is on, the Exercise icon is displayed in the same location.

## Basal Status Icons

There are several basal status icons that display in different colors, each of which communicates information about how Control-IQ technology is operating. Each different color and its meaning can be found in Section 28.2 Explanation of Control-IQ Technology Icons.

The following image highlights where the basal status icons display.



# Automatic Correction Bolus Status Icon

When Control-IQ technology is on and delivering an automatic correction bolus, an icon displays to the left of the basal status icon. (The manual bolus icon displays in the same place on the screen; see the Section 3.3 Explanation of t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Icons for the manual bolus icon image.) The following image shows the location of the bolus icon.

## **■ NOTE**

**Control-IQ Technology Bolus Indicator:** The text **BOLUS** followed by 3 ellipses displays

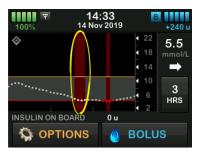
below the CGM graph. The Control-IQ text appearing below BOLUS indicates that there is an automatic correction bolus delivered by Control-IQ technology. The amount of the bolus is also displayed.



# CGM Trend Graph Insulin Delivery Suspended

Portions of the CGM Trend Graph that display a red band in the background indicate the times when Control-IQ technology was delivering 0 units/hour.

Each dot on the CGM graph represents a five-minute increment.



CHAPTER 30 • Configure and Use Control-IQ Technology

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 31** 

# Control-IQ Technology Alerts

Information in this section will help you learn how to respond to Control-IQ technology alerts and errors. It applies only to the Control-IQ technology within your System. The Control-IQ technology alerts follow the same pattern as other pump alerts according to your Sound Volume selection.

For information on insulin delivery reminders, alerts, and alarms see Chapters 12 t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Alerts, 13 t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Alarms, and 14 t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Malfunction.

For information on CGM Alerts and Errors, see Chapter 25 CGM Alerts and Errors.

# 31.1 Out of Range Alert – Control-IQ Technology Off

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?  Out Of Range Alert (14C)  Transmitter out of range for 30 min.	What does it mean?	The transmitter and pump are not communicating. The pump will not receive sensor glucose readings, and Control-IQ technology is not able to predict glucose levels or adjust insulin delivery.
	How will the System notify me?	1 vibrate, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes until the transmitter and pump are back in range.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, if the transmitter and pump remain out of range.
ок	How should I respond?	Tap ok to confirm and move the transmitter and pump closer together, or remove the obstruction between them.

## **A** WARNING

Control-IQ technology can only adjust insulin delivery when your CGM is in range. If you go out of range during insulin adjustment, your basal insulin delivery will revert to the basal rate settings in your active Personal Profile, limited to 3 units/hr. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour while the sensor is not communicating with the pump, turn Control-IQ technology off.

# 31.2 Out of Range Alert – Control-IQ Technology On

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?  Out Of Range Alert (14C)  Control-IQ is currently unavailable and your regular basal rate has been set to 1.0 u/hr.	What does it mean?	Control-IQ technology is turned on, but the transmitter and pump are not communicating. The pump will not receive sensor glucose readings. Control-IQ technology will continue to adjust basal rates and deliver automatic correction boluses for the first 20 minutes that the transmitter and pump are out of range. Control-IQ technology will resume automated insulin dosing once the transmitter and pump are back within range.
Control-IQ will resume when your transmitter is back in range.	How will the System notify me?	1 vibrate, then vibration/beep every 5 minutes until the transmitter and pump are back in range.
OK	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, if the transmitter and pump remain out of range.
	How should I respond?	Tap to confirm and move the transmitter and pump closer together, or remove the obstruction between them.

#### WARNING

Control-IQ technology can only adjust insulin delivery when your CGM is in range. If you go out of range during insulin adjustment, your basal insulin delivery will revert to the basal rate settings in your active Personal Profile, limited to 3 units/hr. In order to receive more than 3 units/hour while the sensor is not communicating with the pump, turn Control-IQ technology off.

# **■ NOTE**

**Out Range Alert and Automated Insulin Dosing:** It is recommended that you keep the Out of Range Alert turned on and set to 20 minutes. If your pump and CGM are not connected for 20 minutes, the automated insulin dosing feature will not work. The automated insulin dosing feature will begin working immediately when the transmitter and pump are back within range.

# 31.3 Control-IQ Technology Low Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Control-IQ Low Alert has predicted that your glucose reading will drop below 3.9 mmol/L, or below 4.4 mmol/L if Exercise is enabled, in the next 15 minutes.
Control-IQ Low Alert (51T) Control-IQ has predicted that you will drop below 3.9 mmol/L in the	How will the System notify me?	2 vibrations, then 2 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
next 15 minutes.	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
Control-IQ Low Alert (51T) Control-IQ has predicted that you will drop below 4.4 mmol/L in the next 15 minutes.	How should I respond?	Eat carbs and test your BG. Tap octoose the alert screen.
Eat carbs and test your BG.  OK		

# 31.4 Control-IQ High Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?	What does it mean?	Control-IQ technology has increased insulin delivery, but detects a glucose reading above 11.1 mmol/L and does not predict that the glucose reading will decrease in the next 30 minutes.
Control-IQ High Alert (50T) Control-IQ has increased your insulin, but your sensor readings remain above 11.1 mmol/L.	How will the System notify me?	2 vibrations, then 2 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
Check your cartridge, tubing and site, and test your BG.  OK	How should I respond?	Check your cartridge, tubing, and site, and test your BG. Treat your high glucose as necessary. Tap ok to close the alert screen.

# 31.5 Max Insulin Alert

Screen	Explanation	
What will I see on the screen?  Max Insulin Alert (52T)  Control-IQ has delivered the maximum allowable insulin in a 2-hour period.	What does it mean?	The pump has delivered the maximum allowable 2 hour insulin amount based on your Total Daily Insulin setting. You see this alert when Control-IQ technology has delivered 50% of your Total Daily Insulin (through basal and/or bolus deliveries) over the previous rolling 2 hour window, and detects this condition for 20 minutes in a row. Control-IQ technology will suspend insulin delivery for a minimum of 5 minutes, and then resume insulin delivery once the condition is no longer detected.
Make sure your Total Daily Insulin is correct in Control-IQ settings.  OK	How will the System notify me?	2 vibrations, then 2 vibrations/beeps every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
	Will the System re-notify me?	Yes, every 5 minutes until acknowledged.
	How should I respond?	Тар ок .

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 32** 

# Overview of Control-IQ Technology Clinical Studies

#### 32.1 Introduction

The following data represents the clinical performance of the t:slim X2™ insulin pump with Control-IQ™ technology in two studies. The first pivotal study (the DCLP3) included participants ≥14 years old. A second pivotal study (the DCLP5) included partipants ≥6 years to 13 years old. In both studies, the t:slim X2 insulin pump with Control-IQ technology was compared to Sensor Augmented Pump (SAP) therapy alone (the control group). All participants in both studies used the Dexcom G6 CGM.

#### **32.2 Clinical Study Overview**

The goal of both the DCLP3 and the DCLP5 was to assess the safety and efficacy of Control-IQ technology when used 24-hours a day for 4 to 6-months under normal conditions. The system performance was evaluated in these two randomized controlled trials comparing the use of Control-IQ technology to the use of SAP over the same period of time. The two study

protocols were very similar. In the DCLP3, participants (N=168) were randomly assigned to use Control-IQ or SAP of the study in a 2:1 ratio. The Control-IQ group included 112 participants, and the SAP group included 56 participants. All 168 participants completed the trial. The study population consisted of patients with a clinical diagnosis of type 1 diabetes, 14 to 71 years of age, treated with insulin via an insulin pump or injections for at least one year. Females known to be pregnant were not included. The summary statistics presented for the DCLP3 describe the primary outcome measure of the glucose time in range between 3.9-10 mmol/L, reported by treatment group. Analysis of the secondary endpoints and additional metrics was also performed.

In the DCLP5, participants (N=101) were randomly assigned to Control-IQ or SAP in a 3:1 ratio. In this study, the Control-IQ group included 78 participants, and the SAP group included 23 participants. The study population was similar to the DCLP5 in that participants had a clinical diagnosis

of type 1 diabetes, but they were younger; 6 to 13 years of age. They were treated with insulin via an insulin pump or injections for at least one year. They weighed ≥25 kg and ≤140 kg and took at least 10 units of insulin/day. Females known to be pregnant were not included. Participants were required to be living with at least one parent or guardian knowledgeable about diabetes and managing diabetes-related emergencies and willing to participate in all training sessions.

During both clinical studies, subjects were given an opportunity to complete a training period to become comfortable with the t:slim X2 insulin pump and CGM prior to being randomized into the study. Eighty-three (83) participants in the DCLP3 and 68 participants in the DCLP5 declined the training, while 85 participants in the DCLP3 and 33 participants in the DCLP5 completed the training. Those that completed the training were primarily new to either pump or CGM therapy, or both.

There was one episode of Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA), caused by infusion

site failure, in the DCLP3 Control-IQ group. There were no episodes of DKA in the DCLP5. There were no severe hypoglycemic events in either study. No other adverse events related to the device were reported.

#### 32.3 Demographics

Baseline characteristics including demographics of the study participants are provided in the table below.

DCLP3: Baseline Characteristics Including Demographics at Enrollment (N=168)

	Average Age (years)	Gender	Average HbA <sub>1c</sub> (range)	MDI Users	CGM Users	Median Diabetes Duration (years)
Control-IQ	33 (14-71)	48% Female 52% Male	7.4% (5.4%–10.6%)	20%	70%	17 (1–62)
SAP	33 (14–63)	54% Female 46% Male	7.4% (6.0%–9.0%)	23%	71%	15 (1–53)

#### DCLP5: Baseline Characteristics Including Demographics at Enrollment (N=101)

	Average Age (years)	Gender	Average HbA <sub>1c</sub> (range)	MDI Users	CGM Users	Median Diabetes Duration (years)
Control-IQ	11 (6–13)	49% Female 51% Male	7.6% (5.7%–10.0%)	21%	92%	5 (1–12)
SAP	10 (6–13)	52% Female 48% Male	7.9% (6.0%–10.1%)	17%	91%	6 (1–12)

No participants with the following conditions were enrolled in the DCLP5 study:

Inpatient psychiatric treatment in the past 6 months, Presence of a known adrenal disorder, Untreated thyroid disease, Cystic fibrosis, Severe infectious process not anticipated to resolve prior to study procedures (e.g. meningitis, pneumonia, osteomyelitis), Any skin condition in the area of insertion that prevents safe sensor or pump placement (e.g. bad sunburn, pre-existing dermatitis, intertrigo, psoriasis, extensive scarring, cellulitis), Use of any medication, any carcinogenic disease, or other significant medical disorder if that injury, medication, or disease in the judgment of the investigator will affect the completion of the protocol, Abnormal liver function tests (transaminase > 3 times the upper limit of normal), Abnormal renal function test results (estimated GFR <60 mL/min/1.73m2)

The safety and/or effectiveness of Control-IQ in pediatric users with the conditions above is unknown.

#### **32.4 Intervention Compliance**

The following tables provide an overview of the how often the t:slim X2 insulin pump with Control-IQ technology, Dexcom G6 CGM, and BG meters were used during the studies, respectively. The analysis for Control-IQ technology use is specific to the Control-IQ group, while the analysis for CGM and BG meter use represents both the Control-IQ group and the SAP group.

DCLP3: Percentage of t:slim X2 Insulin Pump with Control-IQ Technology Use Over the 6-Month Period (n=112)

	Average Pump Use*	Average Time Control-IQ Available**
Weeks 1–4	100%	91%
Weeks 5–8	99%	91%
Weeks 9–12	100%	91%
Weeks 12-16	99%	91%
Weeks 17-20	99%	91%
Weeks 21–End	99%	82%
Overall	99%	89%

<sup>\*</sup>The denominator is the total possible time within the 6-month study period.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Control-IQ Available is calculated as the percent of time when Control-IQ technology was available and operating normally during the 6-month study period.

DCLP5: Percentage of t:slim X2 Insulin Pump with Control-IQ Technology Use Over the 4-Month Period (n=78)

	Average Time Control-IQ Available*		
Weeks 1–4	93.4%		
Weeks 5–8	93.8%		
Weeks 9–12	94.1%		
Weeks 13-End	94.4%		
Overall	92.8%		
*Control-IQ Available is calculated as the percent of time when Control-IQ technology was available and operating normally during the 4-month study period.			

#### DCLP3: Percentage of CGM Use Over the 6-Month Period (N=168)

	Control-IQ*	SAP*	
Weeks 1–4	96%	94%	
Weeks 5–8	96%	93%	
Weeks 9–12	96%	91%	
Weeks 12-16	96%	90%	
Weeks 17-20	97%	91%	
Weeks 21–End	95%	90%	
Overall	96%	91%	
*The denominator is the total possible time within the 6-month study period. CGM use includes warm-up time.			

#### DCLP5: Percentage of CGM Use Over the 4-Month Period (N=101)

	Control-IQ*	SAP*	
Weeks 1–4	98%	95%	
Weeks 5–8	98%	96%	
Weeks 9–12	98%	96%	
Weeks 13–End	97%	97%	
Overall	97%	96%	
*The denominator is the total possible time within the 4-month study period. CGM use includes warm-up time.			

#### DCLP3: Daily BG Meter Use Over the 6-Month Period (N=168)

	Control-IQ	SAP
BG Meter Use Per Day (average)	0.67	0.73

#### DCLP5: Daily BG Meter Use Over the 4-Month Period (N=101)

	Control-IQ	SAP
BG Meter Use Per Day (average)	0.37	0.36

#### **32.5 Primary Analysis**

The primary outcome of both the DCLP3 and DCLP5 studies was to compare the CGM sensor values in range between 3.9–10 mmol/L between the Control-IQ groups and the SAP groups. The data represent the overall system performance 24-hours per day.

DCLP3: Comparison of CGM Values Between Control-IQ and SAP Users (N=168)

Characteristic	Control-IQ	SAP	Difference Between Study Arm and Control Arm
Average Glucose (std dev)	8.7 mmol/L (1.1 mmol/L)	9.4 mmol/L (1.4 mmol/L)	-0.7 mmol/L
Average % 3.9–10mmol/L (std dev)	71.4% (11.7%)	59.2% (14.6%)	+11%
Average % >10mmol/L (std dev)	27% (12%)	38.5% (15.2%)	-10%
Average % <3.9 mmol/L (std dev)	1.59% (1.15%)	2.25% (1.46%)	-0.88%
Average % <3 mmol/L (std dev)	0.29% (0.29%)	0.35% (0.32%)	-0.10%

DCLP5: Comparison of CGM Values Between Control-IQ and SAP Users (N=101)

Characteristic	Control-IQ	SAP	Difference Between Study Arm and Control Arm
Average Glucose (std dev)	9.0 mmol/L (1.0 mmol/L)	9.9 mmol/L (1.4 mmol/L)	-0.9 mmol/L
Average % 3.9–10mmol/L (std dev)	67% (10%)	55% (13%)	+11%
Average % >10mmol/L (std dev)	31% (10%)	43% (14%)	-10%
Average % <3.9 mmol/L (std dev)	1.8% (1.38%)	2.1% (1.18%)	-0.40%
Average % <3 mmol/L (std dev)	0.34% (0.35%)	0.38% (0.35%)	-0.07%

The tables below describes the average time participants in both studies spent with glucose levels between 3.9–10 mmol/L by month at baseline and during the study period.

DCLP3: Percentage of Time in Range per Study Arm by Month (N=168)

Month	Control-IQ	SAP
Baseline	61%	59%
Month 1	73%	62%
Month 2	72%	60%
Month 3	71%	60%
Month 4	72%	58%
Month 5	71%	58%
Month 6	70%	58%

#### DCLP5: Percentage of Time in Range per Study Arm by Month (N=101)

Month	Control-IQ	SAP
Baseline	53%	51%
Month 1	68%	56%
Month 2	68%	54%
Month 3	67%	56%
Month 4	66%	55%

#### **32.6 Secondary Analysis**

The following tables compares the percent of time that participants spent at the indicated glucose levels during the daytime and nighttime. The definitions of daytime and nighttime differ slightly between the two studies and are defined in the tables.

DCLP3: Secondary Analysis by Time of Day (N=168)

Characteristic	Unit of Measure	Daytime (06:00 – 24:00)		Nighttime (24:00 – 06:00)	
		Control-IQ SAP		Control-IQ	SAP
Overall Glucose	Average Glucose (std dev)	8.8 mmol/L (1.1 mmol/L)	9.4 mmol/L (1.4 mmol/L)	8.3 mmol/L (1.0 mmol/L)	9.4 mmol/L (1.5mmol/L)
Control	Average % Glucose 3.9 – 10 mmol/L (std dev)	69.8% (12.4%)	59.4% (14.6%)	76.1% (12.4%)	58.5% (16.2%)

#### DCLP5: Secondary Analysis by Time of Day (N=101)

Characteristic	Unit of Measure	Daytime (06:00 – 22:00)		Nighttime (22:00 – 06:00)	
		Control-IQ	SAP	Control-IQ	SAP
Overall Glucose	Average Glucose (std dev)	9.3 mmol/L (1.5 mmol/L)	9.9 mmol/L (1.5 mmol/L)	8.1 mmol/L (0.9 mmol/L)	10.0 mmol/L (1.5 mmol/L)
Control	Average % Glucose 3.9 – 10 mmol/L (std dev)	63% (11%)	56% (14%)	80% (9%)	54% (16%)

The following table compares the percent of time spent between 3.9–10 mmol/L across the different baseline HbA1c values observed in the DCLP3 study in both treatment groups.

Percentage of Time in Range per Study Arm by Baseline HbA1c (N=168)

Baseline HbA1c	Time in Range		
Daseille HDATC	Control-IQ	SAP	
≤6.5	85%	78%	
6.6–7.0	76%	69%	
7.1–7.5	71%	49%	
7.6–8.0	69%	56%	
≥8.1	60%	47%	

The following table compares the average HbA1c values for all DCLP3 participants at baseline to, after 13-weeks, and 26-weeks. There was a relative difference of -0.33% between the Control-IQ group and the SAP group.

#### Comparison of HbA1c Values (N=168)

Time Period	Control-IQ	SAP
Baseline	7.40	7.40
After 13 Weeks	7.02	7.36
After 26 Weeks	7.06	7.39

#### **32.7 Insulin Delivery Differences**

The following table compares the insulin delivery statistics between the Control-IQ group and the SAP group in the DCLP3 study. DCLP3: Insulin Delivery Comparison (N=168)

Characteristic	Timepoint	Control-IQ	SAP
	After 2-weeks Average (std dev)	50 (25)	50 (21)
Total Daily Insulin Units	After 13-weeks Average (std dev)	54 (27)	50 (19)
	After 26-weeks Average (std dev)	55 (27)	51 (20)
	After 2-weeks Average (std dev)	1.1 (0.5)	1.2 (0.8)
Basal to Bolus Ratio	After 13-weeks Average (std dev)	1.1 (0.6)	1.3 (1.6)
	After 26-weeks Average (std dev)	1.1 (0.7)	1.2 (0.6)

#### CHAPTER 32 • Overview of Control-IQ Technology Clinical Studies

The following table compares the insulin delivery statistics between the Control-IQ group and the SAP group in the DCLP5 study. Total daily insulin is reported as Units of insulin per body weight of participant, in kilograms (kg), per day.

DCLP5: Insulin Delivery Comparison (N=101)

Characteristic	Timepoint	Control-IQ	SAP
Total Daily Insulin (U/kg/day)  After 16-weeks Averag (std dev)	Baseline	0.89 (0.24)	0.94 (0.24)
	After 16-weeks Average (std dev)	0.94 (0.25)	0.98 (0.32)
Basal to Bolus Ratio	Baseline	0.73 (0.26)	0.89 (0.33)
basai to boius natio	After 16-weeks Average (std dev)	0.87 (0.30)	0.84 (0.38)

#### 32.8 Control-IQ Technology High and Low Alert Accuracy

The following data table characterizes the accuracy of the Control-IQ technology high and low alerts, respectively. This analysis depicts the percent of alerts that were triggered relative to the resulting glucose value achieving the level the alert predicted.

The Control-IQ technology Low Alert notifies the user when Control-IQ technology predicts that the glucose value will be below 3.9 mmol/L 15 minutes in the future, or 4.4 mmol/L when the exercise activity is enabled.

The Control-IQ technology High Alert notifies the user when Control-IQ technology predicts that the glucose value will remain above 11.1 mmol/L for 30 minutes or more.

#### DCLP3: Percentage of False and Missed Alerts for Control-IQ Technology Alerts (n=112)

Predictive Alert	False Alerts	Missed Alerts
Control-IQ Technology Low Alert	57%	41%
Control-IQ Technology High Alert	16%	23%

#### DCLP5: Percentage of False and Missed Alerts for Control-IQ Technology Alerts (n=78)

Predictive Alert	False Alerts	Missed Alerts
Control-IQ Technology Low Alert	50%	54%
Control-IQ Technology High Alert	17%	25%

The table below depicts the performance of the Control-IQ technology high and low alerts when evaluating the resulting glucose value after 15-minutes and 30-minutes.

DCLP3: Percentage of Accurate Control-IQ Technology Alerts (n=112)

Predictive Alert	Performance		
FIGUICIIVE AIGIT	15-minutes 30-minutes		
Control-IQ Technology Low Alert	49%	59%	
Control-IQ Technology High Alert	75%	77%	

#### DCLP5: Percentage of Accurate Control-IQ Technology Alerts (n=78)

Predictive Alert	Performance		
r i edictive Alei t	15-minutes 30-minute		
Control-IQ Technology Low Alert	38%	46%	
Control-IQ Technology High Alert	78%	63%	

#### 32.9 Additional Analysis of Glucose Value Auto-Population with CGM

Upon completion of the Pivotal Study, an evaluation of the auto-population of CGM readings into the bolus calculator was performed. The results of the analysis indicate, when a glucose value was >13.9 mmol/L, there was an increased incidence of CGM values <3.9 mmol/L five hours after a bolus was delivered using auto-populated CGM readings compared to the five hours after the bolus was delivered using manually entered glucose values.

#### DCLP3: Post-Correction Bolus CGM Readings (5 hours): All Boluses

Entry Type	One or More CGM	Three Consecutive CGM	Five or More CGM
	Reading <3.0 mmol/L	Readings <3.9 mmol/L	Readings <3.9 mmol/L
	(95% Cl)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
Automatically Populated (n=17,023)	4%	8%	12%
	(3.6, 4.2)%	(7.5, 8.3)%	(11.2, 12.2)%
Manually Entered (n=1,905)	5%	9%	12%
	(3.8, 5.7)%	(7.4, 10.0)%	(10.3, 13.2)%

#### DCLP5: Post-Correction Bolus CGM Readings (5 hours): All Boluses

Entry Type	One or More CGM	Three Consecutive CGM	Five or More CGM
	Reading <3.0 mmol/L	Readings <3.9 mmol/L	Readings <3.9 mmol/L
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% Cl)
Automatically Populated (n=12,323)	6%	15%	9%
	(5.7, 6.5)%	(14.4, 15.6)%	(8.4, 9.4)%
Manually Entered (n=1,630)	6%	14%	9%
	(4.9, 7.3)%	(12.1, 15.5)%	(7.4, 10.2)%

DCLP3: Post-Correction Bolus CGM Readings (5 hours): Based on Starting Glucose Readings

CGM Reading	Entry Type	One or More CGM Reading <3.0 mmol/L (95% CI)	Three Consecutive CGM Readings <3.9 mmol/L (95% CI)	Five or More CGM Readings <3.9 mmol/L (95% CI)
3.9–10.0 mmol/L	Automatically Populated (n=8,700)	3% (2.8, 3.5)%	7% (6.6, 7.6)%	11% (10.3, 11.6)%
3.9-10.0 Hillio/L	Manually Entered (n=953)	5% (3.2, 5.8)%	9% (7.4, 11.1)%	13% (10.4, 14.6)%
10.1–13.9 mmol/L	Automatically Populated (n=6,071)	4% (3.9, 5.0)%	9% (8.0, 9.4)%	12% (11.3, 13.0)%
10.1–13.9 1111101/L	Manually Entered (n=568)	5% (3.4, 7.1)%	9% (6.6, 11.3)%	12% (9.5, 14.8)%
>13.9 mmol/L	Automatically Populated (n=2,252)	5% (4.0, 5.8)%	9% (7.5, 9.8)%	13% (11.9, 14.7)%
>13.9 IIIIII0I/L	Manually Entered (n=384)	4% (2.4, 6.5)%	7% (4.5, 9.6)%	9% (6.5, 12.3)%

DCLP5: Post-Correction Bolus CGM Readings (5 hours): Based on Starting Glucose Readings

CGM Reading	Entry Type	One or More CGM Reading <3.0 mmol/L (95% Cl)	Three Consecutive CGM Readings <3.9 mmol/L (95% CI)	Five or More CGM Readings <3.9 mmol/L (95% CI)
3.9–10.0 mmol/L	Automatically Populated (n=5,646)	6% (5.5 6.7)%	16% (15.0, 17.0)%	9% (8.4, 10.0)%
3.9-10.0 Hillion E	Manually Entered (n=627)	7% (4.7, 8.7)%	16% (13.2, 19.0)%	11% (8.6, 13.4)%
10.1–13.9 mmol/L	Automatically Populated (n=3,622)	7% (6.0, 7.6)%	16% (14.4, 16.8)%	10% (9.1, 11.1)%
10.1–13.9 IIIII0//L	Manually Entered (n=437)	6% (3.4, 7.6)%	14% (10.9, 17.5)%	7% (4.5, 9.2)%
>13.9 mmol/L	Automatically Populated (n=3,035)	6% (4.7, 6.3)%	13% (11.5, 13.9)%	7% (6.2, 8.0)%
≥13.3 IIIIII0l/L	Manually Entered (n=566)	6% (3.9, 7.7)%	11% (8.4, 13.6)%	8% (5.6, 10.0)%

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

**CHAPTER 33** 

# Technical Specifications

#### 33.1 Overview

This section provides tables of technical specifications, performance characteristics, options, settings, and electromagnetic compliance information for the t:slim X2™ pump. The specifications in this section meet the international standards set forth in IEC 60601-1 and IEC 60601-2-24.

#### 33.2 t:slim X2 Pump Specifications

#### t:slim X2 Pump Specifications

Specification Type	Specification Details
Classification	External PSU: Class II, Infusion Pump. Internally-powered equipment, Type BF applied part. The risk of ignition of flammable anesthetics and explosive gases by the pump is remote. While this risk is remote, it is not recommended to operate the t:slim X2 pump in the presence of flammable anesthetics or explosive gases.
Size	7.95 cm x 5.08 cm x 1.52 cm (L x W x H) - (3.13" x 2.0" x 0.6")
Weight (with full disposable)	112 grams (3.95 ounces)
Operating Conditions	Temperature: 5°C (41°F) to 37°C (98.6°F) Humidity: 20% to 90% RH non-condensing
Storage Conditions	Temperature: -20°C (-4°F) to 60°C (140°F) Humidity: 20% to 90% RH non-condensing
Atmospheric Pressure	-396 meters to 3,048 meters (-1,300 feet to 10,000 feet)
Moisture Protection	IPX7: Watertight to a depth of 0.91 meters (3 feet) for up to 30 minutes
Cartridge Volume	3.0 mL or 300 units
Cannula Fill Amount	0.1 to 1.0 units of insulin

#### t:slim X2 Pump Specifications (Continued)

Specification Type	Specification Details		
Insulin Concentration	U-100		
Alarm Type	Visual, audible, and vibratory		
Basal Delivery Accuracy at all Flow Rates (tested per IEC 60601-2-24)  ±5%  The pump is designed to vent automatically when there is a pressure difference between in and the surrounding air. In certain conditions, such as a gradual elevation change of 305 method pump may not vent immediately and delivery accuracy can vary up to 15% until 3 units or elevation changes by more than 305 meters (1,000 feet).			
Bolus Delivery Accuracy at all Volumes (tested per IEC 60601-2-24)	±5%		
Patient Protection from Air Infusion	The pump provides subcutaneous delivery into interstitial tissue and does not deliver intravenous injections. Clear tubing aids in detecting air.		
Maximum Infusion Pressure Generated and Occlusion Alarm Threshold	30 PSI		
Frequency of Basal Delivery	5 minutes for all Basal Rates		
Retention Time of Electronic Memory when Internal System Battery is Fully Discharged (including Alarm Settings and Alarm History)	Greater than 30 days		
Infusion Set used for Testing	Unomedical Comfort Infusion Set		
Typical Operating Time when System is Operating at Intermediate Rate	During normal use, the intermediate rate is 2 units/hr; battery charge can be reasonably expected to last between 4 and 7 days, depending on your use of CGM features from a fully charged state to a totally discharged state		

#### t:slim X2 Pump Specifications (Continued)

Specification Type	Specification Details
Handling of Over-Infusion or Under- Infusion	The method of delivery isolates the insulin chamber from the patient and the software performs frequent monitoring of system status. Multiple software monitors provide redundant protection against unsafe conditions.  Over-infusion is mitigated by monitoring glucose, (whether via CGM, BG meter, or both), layering of redundancies and confirmations, and numerous other safeguard alarms. Users are required to review and confirm the details of all bolus deliveries, basal rates, and temp rates to ensure certainty before initiating a delivery. In addition, once bolus deliveries are confirmed, the user is given 5 seconds to cancel the delivery before it is started. An optional Auto-Off alarm triggers when the user has not interacted with the pump's user interface for a predefined period of time.  Under-infusion is mitigated by occlusion detection and BG monitoring as BG entries are recorded. Users are prompted to treat high BG conditions with a correction bolus.
Bolus Volume at Release of Occlusion (2 units per hour Basal)	Less than 3 units with Unomedical Comfort (110cm) Infusion Set
Residual Insulin Remaining in the Cartridge (unusable)	Approximately 15 units
Minimum Audible Alarm Volume	45 dBA at 1 meter

#### **■ NOTE**

**Delivery Accuracies:** Accuracies stated in this table are valid for all Tandem Diabetes Care, Inc. branded infusion sets including: AutoSoft™ 90, AutoSoft™ XC, AutoSoft™ 30, VariSoft™, TruSteel™ branded infusion sets.

#### USB Charging/Download Cable Specifications

Specification Type	Specification Detail
Tandem P/N	004113
Length	2 meters (6 feet)
Туре	USB A to USB Micro B

#### Power Supply/Charger, AC, Wall Mount, USB Specifications

Specification Type	Specification Detail
Tandem P/N	007866
Input	100 to 240 Volts AC, 50/60 Hz
Output Voltage	5 Volts DC
Max Output Power	5 Watts
Output Connector	USB type A

#### Car Power USB Adapter (sold separately), Specifications

Specification Type	Specification Detail
Tandem P/N	003934
Input	12 Volts DC
Output Voltage	5 Volts DC
Max Output Power	5 Watts minimum
Output Connector	USB type A

#### Computer, USB Connector, Specifications

Specification Type	Specification Detail
Output Voltage	5 Volts DC
Output Connector	USB type A
Safety Standard Compliance	60950-1 or 60601-1 or equivalent

### Requirements for Charging from a Computer

The t:slim X2 pump is designed to be connected to a host computer for battery charging and data transfer. The following minimum characteristics are required of the host computer:

- USB 1.1 port (or later)
- Computer compliant with 60950-1 or equivalent safety standard

Connecting the pump to a host computer that is attached to other equipment could result in previously unidentified risks to the patient, operator, or a third party. The user should identify, analyze, evaluate, and control these risks.

Subsequent changes to the host computer could introduce new risks and require additional analysis. These changes can include but are not limited to changing the configuration of the computer, connecting additional items to the computer, disconnecting items from the computer, and updating or upgrading equipment connected to the computer.

#### 33.3 t:slim X2 Pump Options and Settings

#### t:slim X2 Pump Options and Settings

Option/Setting Type	Option/Setting Detail	
Time	May be set to 12-hour or 24-hour clock (default is 12-hour clock)	
Maximum Basal Rate	0.1 – 15 units/hr	
Insulin Delivery Profiles (Basal and Bolus)	6	
Basal Rate Segments	16 per delivery profile	
Basal Rate Increment	0.001 at programed rates equal to or greater than 0.1 units/hr	
Temp Basal Rate	15 minutes to 72 hours with 1 minute resolution with a range of 0% to 250%	
Bolus Setup	Can deliver based on carb input (grams) or insulin input (units). The range for carbs is 1 to 999 grams, the range for insulin is 0.05 to 25 units	
Insulin-to-Carb (IC) Ratio	16 time segments per 24-hour period; Ratio: 1 unit of insulin per x grams of carb; 1:1 to 1:300 (can be set by 0.1 below 10)	
BG Target Value	16 time segments. 3.9 to 13.9 mmol/L in 0.1 mmol/L increments	
Correction Factor	16 time segments; Ratio: 1 unit of insulin reduces glucose x mmol/L; 1:0.1 to 1:33.3 (0.1 mmol/L increments)	
Duration of Insulin Action	1 time segment; 2 to 8 hours in 1-minute increments (default is 5 hrs)	
Bolus Increment	0.01 at volumes greater than 0.05 units	
Quick Bolus Increments	When set to units of insulin: 0.5, 1, 2, 5 units (default is 0.5 units); or when set to grams of carb: 2, 5, 10, 15 grams (default is 2 g)	

#### t:slim X2 Pump Options and Settings (Continued)

Option/Setting Type	Option/Setting Detail
Maximum Extended Bolus Time	8 hours (2 hours when Control-IQ technology is enabled)
Maximum Bolus Size	25 units
Maximum Automatic Bolus Size	6 units
Low Cartridge Volume Indicator	Status indicator visible on <i>Home</i> screen; Low Insulin Alert is user adjustable from 10 to 40 units (default is 20 units).
Auto-Off Alarm	On or Off (default is on); user-adjustable (5 to 24 hours; default is 12 hours, which you can change when option is set to on).
History Storage	At least 90 days of data
Language	Dependent on region of use. May be set to English, Czech, Danish, Dutch, Finnish, French, German, Italian, Norwegian, Spanish, or Swedish (default is English).
Security PIN	Protects from unintentional access, and blocks access to quick bolus when enabled (default is off).
Screen Lock	Protects from unintentional screen interactions.
Site Reminder	Prompts user to change infusion set. Can be set for 1 to 3 days at a time selected by user (default is off).
Missed Meal Bolus Reminder	Prompts user if a bolus has not occurred during the period of time the reminder is set for. 4 reminders available (default is off).
After Bolus Reminder	Prompts user to test BG at a selected time period after a bolus has been delivered. Can be set between 1 to 3 hours (default is off).
High BG Reminder	Prompts user to retest BG after a High BG has been entered. User selects High BG value and time for reminder. (default is off).
Low BG Reminder	Prompts user to retest BG after a Low BG has been entered. User selects Low BG value and time for reminder. (default is off).

#### 33.4 t:slim X2 Pump Performance Characteristics

The t:slim X2 insulin pump delivers insulin in two ways: basal insulin delivery (continuous) and bolus insulin delivery. The following accuracy data was collected on both types of delivery in laboratory studies performed by Tandem.

#### **Basal Delivery**

To assess basal delivery accuracy, 32 t:slim X2 pumps were tested by delivering at low, medium, and high basal rates (0.1, 2.0, and 15 U/hr). Sixteen of the pumps were new, and 16 had been aged to simulate four years of regular use. For both aged and unaged pumps, eight pumps were tested with a new cartridge, and eight with a cartridge which underwent two years of real time aging. Water was used as a substitute for insulin. The water was pumped into a container on a scale and the weight of the liquid at various time points was used to assess pumping accuracy.

The following tables report the typical basal performance (median) observed, along with the lowest and highest results observed for low, medium, and high basal rate settings for all pumps tested. For the medium and high basal rates, accuracy is reported from the time basal delivery started with no warm-up period. For the minimum basal rate, accuracy is reported after a 1-hour warm-up period. For each time period, the tables show the volume of insulin requested in the first row and the volume that was delivered as measured by the scale in the second row.

#### Low Basal Rate Delivery Performance (0.1 U/hr)

Basal Duration	1 hour	6 hours	12 hours
(Number of Units Delivered with 0.1 U/hr Setting)	(0.1 U)	(0.6 U)	(1.2 U)
Amount Delivered [min, max]	0.12 U	0.67 U	1.24 U
	[0.09, 0.16]	[0.56, 0.76]	[1.04, 1.48]

#### Medium Basal Rate Delivery Performance (2.0 U/hr)

Basal Duration	1 hour	6 hours	12 hours
(Number of Units Delivered with 2 U/hr Setting)	(2 U)	(12 U)	(24 U)
Amount Delivered [min, max]	2.1 U	12.4 U	24.3 U
	[2.1, 2.2]	[12.0, 12.8]	[22.0, 24.9]

#### High Basal Rate Delivery Performance (15 U/hr)

Basal Duration	1 hour	6 hours	12 hours
(Number of Units Delivered with 15 U/hr Setting)	(15 U)	(90 U)	(180 U)
Amount Delivered [min, max]	15.4 U	90.4 U	181 U
	[14.7, 15.7]	[86.6, 93.0]	[175.0, 187.0]

#### **Bolus Delivery**

To assess bolus delivery accuracy, 32 t:slim X2 pumps were tested by delivering consecutive low, medium, and high bolus volumes (0.05, 2.5, and 25 units). Sixteen of the pumps were new, and 16 had been aged to simulate four years of regular use. For both aged and unaged pumps, eight pumps were tested with a new cartridge, and eight with a cartridge which underwent two years of real time aging. Water was used as a substitute for insulin for this testing. The water was pumped into a container on a scale, and the weight of the liquid at various time points was used to assess pumping accuracy.

Delivered bolus volumes were compared to the requested bolus volume delivery for minimum, intermediate, and maximum bolus volumes. The tables below show average, minimum and maximum bolus sizes observed as well as the number of boluses which were observed to be within the specified range of each target bolus volume.

#### Summary of Bolus Delivery Performance (n=32 pumps)

Individual Bolus Accuracy Performance	Target Bolus Size [Units]	Mean Bolus Size [Units]	Min Bolus Size [Units]	Max Bolus Size [Units]
Min Bolus Delivery Performance (n=800 boluses)	0.050	0.050	0.000	0.114
Intermediate Bolus Delivery Performance (n=800 boluses)	2.50	2.46	0.00	2.70
Max Bolus Delivery Performance (n=256 boluses)	25.00	25.03	22.43	25.91

#### Low Bolus Delivery Performance (0.05U) (n=800 boluses)

		Units of Insulin Delivered After a 0.05 U Bolus Request								
	<0.0125 (<25%)	0.0125– 0.0375 (25–75%)	0.0375– 0.045 (75–90%)	0.045– 0.0475 (90–95%)	0.0475– 0.0525 (95–105%)	0.0525– 0.055 (105–110%)	0.055– 0.0625 (110–125%)	0.0625– 0.0875 (125–175%)	0.0875– 0.125 (175–250%)	>0.125 (>250%)
Number and Percent of Boluses Within Range	21/800 (2.6%)	79/800 (9.9%)	63/800 (7.9%)	34/800 (4.3%)	272/800 (34.0%)	180/800 (22.5%)	105/800 (13.1%)	29/800 (3.6%)	17/800 (2.1%)	0/800 (0.0%)

#### Intermediate Bolus Delivery Performance (2.5U) (n=800 boluses)

		Units of Insulin Delivered After a 2.5 U Bolus Request								
	<0.625 (<25%)	0.625– 1.875 (25–75%)	1.875– 2.25 (75–90%)	2.25– 2.375 (90–95%)	2.375– 2.625 (95–105%)	2.625– 2.75 (105–110%)	2.75– 3.125 (110–125%)	3.125– 4.375 (125–175%)	4.375– 6.25 (175–250%)	>6.25 (>250%)
Number and Percent of Boluses Within Range	9/800 (1.1%)	14/800 (1.8%)	11/800 (1.4%)	8/800 (1.0%)	753/800 (94.1%)	5/800 (0.6%)	0/800 (0.0%)	0/800 (0.0%)	0/800 (0.0%)	0/800 (0.0%)

#### High Bolus Delivery Performance (25U) (n=256 boluses)

	Units of Insulin Delivered After a 25 U Bolus Request									
	<6.25 (<25%)	6.25– 18.75 (25–75%)	18.75– 22.5 (75–90%)	22.5– 23.75 (90–95%)	23.75– 26.25 (95–105%)	26.25– 27.5 (105–110%)	27.5– 31.25 (110–125%)	31.25– 43.75 (125–175%)	43.75– 62.5 (175–250%)	>62.5 (>250%)
Number and Percent of Boluses Within Range	0/256 (0.0%)	0/256 (0.0%)	1/256 (0.4%)	3/256 (1.2%)	252/256 (98.4%)	0/256 (0.0%)	0/256 (0.0%)	0/256 (0.0%)	0/256 (0.0%)	0/256 (0.0%)

#### Rate of Delivery

Characteristic	Value
25 Unit Bolus Delivery Speed	2.97 Units/min Typical
2.5 Unit Bolus Delivery Speed	1.43 Units/min Typical
20 Unit Prime	9.88 Units/min Typical

#### **Bolus Duration**

Characteristic	Value
25 Unit Bolus Duration	8 minutes 26 seconds Typical
2.5 Unit Bolus Duration	1 minute 45 seconds Typical

#### Time to Occlusion Alarm\*

Operating Rate	Typical	Maximum
Bolus (3 units or Greater)	1 minute 2 seconds	3 Minutes
Basal (2 units/hr)	1 Hour 4 Minutes	2 Hours
Basal (0.1 units/hr)	19 Hours 43 Minutes	36 Hours

<sup>\*</sup>The time to occlusion alarm is based on insulin volume not delivered. During an occlusion event, boluses of less than 3 units may not trigger an occlusion alarm if no basal insulin is being delivered. The bolus amount will reduce the time to occlusion depending on the basal rate.

#### 33.5 Electromagnetic Compatibility

The information contained in this section is specific to the System. This information provides reasonable assurance of normal operation, but does not quarantee such under all conditions. If the System must be used in close proximity with other electrical equipment, the System should be observed in this environment to verify normal operation. Special precautions for electromagnetic compatibility must be taken when using medical electrical equipment. The System shall be placed into service with adherence to the EMC information provided here. Using cables and accessories not specified in this user quide may adversely impact safety, performance, and electromagnetic compatibility, including increased emissions and/or decreased immunity.

For IEC 60601-1 testing, Essential Performance for the System is defined as follows:

- The System will not over deliver a clinically significant amount of insulin.
- The System will not under deliver a clinically significant amount of insulin without notification to the user.
- The System will not deliver a clinically significant amount of insulin after occlusion release.
- The System will not discontinue reporting CGM data without notification to the user.

This section contains the following tables of information:

- Wireless Co-existence and Data Security
- Electromagnetic Emissions
- Electromagnetic Immunity
- Distances Between the System and RF Equipment

## 33.6 Wireless Co-existence and Data Security

The System is designed to work safely and effectively in the presence of wireless devices typically found at home, work, retail stores, and places of leisure where daily activities occur. See Section 33.9 Distances Between the t:slim X2 Pump and RF Equipment for more information.

The System is designed to send and accept Bluetooth wireless technology communication. Communication is not established until you enter the appropriate credentials into your pump.

The System and system components ensure data security via proprietary means and ensure data integrity using error checking processes, such as cyclic redundancy checks.

#### **33.7 Electromagnetic Emissions**

The System is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. Always make sure that the System is used in such an environment.

Guidance and Manufacturer's Declaration - Electromagnetic Emissions

Emissions Test	Compliance	Electromagnetic Environment – Guidance		
RF Emissions, CISPR 11	Group 1	The System uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.		
RF Emissions, CISPR 11	Class B	The System is suitable for use in all establishments,		
Harmonic Emissions, IEC 61000-3-2	N/A	including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply		
Voltage Fluctuations/Flicker Emissions, IEC 61000-3-3	N/A	network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.		

# 33.8 Electromagnetic Immunity

The System is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. Always make sure that the System is used in such an environment.

Guidance and Manufacturer's Declaration - Electromagnetic Immunity

Immunity Test	IEC 60601 Test Level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment – Guidance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	± 8 kV contact ± 15 kV air	± 8 kV contact ± 15 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.
Electrical Fast Transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/ output lines (100 kHz repetition frequency)	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines (100 kHz repetition frequency)	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	± 1 kV differential mode ± 2 kV common mode	± 1 kV differential mode ± 2 kV common mode	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.

## Guidance and Manufacturer's Declaration – Electromagnetic Immunity (Continued)

Immunity Test	IEC 60601 Test Level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment – Guidance
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz	10 Vrms	Portable and mobile RF communications
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	10 V/m 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz	30 V/m	equipment should be used no closer to any part of the pump, including cables, than the recommended separation
Proximity Field from Wireless Transmitters	385 MHz: 27 V/m @ 18 Hz Pulse modulation 450 MHz: 28 V/m @ FM modulation 710 MHz, 745 MHz, 780 MHz: 9 V/m @ 217 Hz Pulse modulation 810 MHz, 870 MHz, 930 MHz: 28 V/m @ 18 Hz Pulse modulation 1720 MHz, 1845 MHz, 1970 MHz: 28 V/m @ 217 Hz Pulse Modulation 2450 MHz: 28 V/m @ 217 Hz Pulse modulation 5240 MHz, 5500 MHz, 5785 MHz: 9 V/m @ 217 Hz Pulse modulation	385 MHz: 27 V/m @ 18 Hz Pulse modulation 450 MHz: 28 V/m @ FM modulation 710 MHz, 745 MHz, 780 MHz: 9 V/m @ 217 Hz Pulse modulation 810 MHz, 870 MHz, 930 MHz: 28 V/m @ 18 Hz Pulse modulation 1720 MHz, 1845 MHz, 1970 MHz: 28 V/m @ 217 Hz Pulse Modulation 2450 MHz: 28 V/m @ 217 Hz Pulse modulation 5240 MHz, 5500 MHz, 5785 MHz: 9 V/m @ 217 Hz Pulse modulation	distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.  Recommended separation distance: 150 MHz to 80MHz, d = 1.20√P 80 MHz to 800 MHz, d = 1.20√P 800 MHz to 2.5GHz, d = 2.30√P Where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in meters (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey*, should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range**. Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol: (♀)

#### Guidance and Manufacturer's Declaration – Electromagnetic Immunity (Continued)

Immunity Test	IEC 60601 Test Level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment – Guidance
Voltage Dips, Short Interruptions, and Voltage Variations on Power Supply Input Lines IEC 61000-4-11	70% UR (30% dip in Ur) for 25 cycles 0% Ur (100% dip in Ur) for 1 cycle at 0 degrees 0% Ur (100% dip in Ur) for 0.5 cycles at 0, 45, 90, 135, 180, 225, 270, and 315 degrees 0% Ur (100% dip in Ur) for 250 cycles	70% UR (30% dip in Ur) for 25 cycles 0% Ur (100% dip in Ur) for 1 cycle at 0 degrees 0% Ur (100% dip in Ur) for 0.5 cycles at 0, 45, 90, 135, 180, 225, 270, and 315 degrees 0% Ur (100% dip in Ur) for 250 cycles	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the pump requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the pump be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.  NOTE: Ur is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.
Power Frequency (50/60 Hz) Magnetic Field IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m	400 A/m (IEC 60601-2-24)	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.

NOTE 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects, and people.

\*Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast, and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the pump is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the pump should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the System.

\*\*Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 10 V/m.

## 33.9 Distances Between the t:slim X2 Pump and RF Equipment

The System is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment typically found in the home, at work, retail stores, and places of leisure, where daily activities occur. The chart below can be used as a guideline for determining the recommended minimum distance to maintain between a radio frequency (RF) transmitter and the System. For specific concerns about a particular RF transmitter interfering with your System's operation, please contact the CGM transmitter manufacturer for its rated power and frequency.

#### Recommended Distances Between the System and a Radio Frequency Transmitter

Rated Maximum Output Power	Separation Distance According to Frequency of Transmitter in meters		
of Transmitter in Watts	150 kHz to 80 MHz (d = 1.20√P)	80 MHz to 800 MHz (d = 1.20√P)	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz (d = $2.30\sqrt{P}$ )
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23
0.1	0.38	0.38	0.73
1	1.2	1.2	2.3
10	3.8	3.8	7.3
100	12	12	23

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance (d) in meters (m) can be determined using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects, and people.

The table below provides a list of typical devices for various levels of transmitter power and frequency, and the recommended separation distances from the transmitter and the System.

Recommended Distances Between the System and Devices

Rated Maximum Output Power of Transmitter in Watts	Typical Devices		eparation Distance s (Inches)
0.001W	Bluetooth Class 3 (standard 1 meter range). Commonly used as Bluetooth headset.	0.007 m (0.3 in)	<b>□</b> -((() <b>⊘</b>
0.01W	Internet to music adapter. Commonly used for FM wireless music streaming	0.013 m (0.5 in)	(((· []
0.1W	Bluetooth Class 1 (100 meter range). Wireless router (WiFi). Typical cellular/smart phone*	0.073 m (2.9 in)	
1W	Typical microwave oven RF leakage.	0.23 m (9.0 in)	<b>□</b> (((• □ □

<sup>\*</sup>Caution: Interference with pump electronics by cell phones can occur if worn in close proximity. It is recommended that your pump and cell phone be worn at least 0.163 meters (6.4 inches) apart.

## **33.10 Quality of Wireless Service**

The manufacturer defines the quality of service of the System as the percent of readings successfully received by the pump, where the CGM transmitter and pump attempt to communicate every 5 minutes. One of the System's essential performance requirements states that the System will not discontinue reporting data and/or information from the Dexcom G6 transmitter to the user without notification.

The System notifies the user of a missed reading, or when the transmitter and pump are out of range of one another in several ways. The first is when a dot is missed on the CGM Trend Graph which will occur within five minutes of the previous reading. The second indication occurs after 10 minutes when the Out of Range Icon is displayed on the *CGM Home* screen. The third is a user settable alert that will notify the user when the transmitter and pump are out of range of one another. Setting this alert is defined in Section 21.6 Setting Your Out of Range Alert.

The System performance requirements state that 90% of readings will be successfully transferred to the pump display while the transmitter and pump are within 6 meters (20 feet) of each other, and no more than 12 consecutive readings (1 hour) will be missed.

To improve quality of service when other devices operating in the 2.4 GHz band are around, the t:slim X2 insulin pump uses the built-in coexistence features provided by Bluetooth wireless technology.

# 33.11 FCC Notice Concerning Interference

The transmitter covered by this user guide has been certified under FCC ID: PH29433.

Although the transmitter has been approved by the United States Federal Communications Commission, there is no guarantee that it will not receive interference or that any particular transmission from the transmitter will be free from interference.

#### Compliance Statement (Part 15.19)

This device complies with Part 15 of the ECC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### Warning (Part 15.21)

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

# FCC Interference Statement (Part 15.105 (b))

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference

in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no quarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This portable transmitter with its antenna complies with FCC/IC RF exposure limits for general population/uncontrolled exposure.

### **33.12 Warranty Information**

For warranty information for your region, visit tandemdiabetes.com/warranty.

### **CGM Warranty**

Tandem Diabetes Care does not sell CGM sensors or transmitters and therefore provides no warranty for CGM sensors or transmitters used with the t:slim X2 insulin pump. For more information about CGM warranty information, visit the manufacturer's website.

#### **33.13 Returned Goods Policy**

For information on the returned goods policy for your region, visit tandemdiabetes.com/warranty.

#### 33.14 t:slim X2 Insulin Pump Event Data (Black Box)

Your t:slim X2 pump's event data is monitored and logged on the pump. The information stored on the may be obtained and used by your local customer support for troubleshooting purposes when a pump is uploaded to a data management application that supports use of the t:slim X2 pump, or if the pump is returned for any reason. Others who may assert a legal right to know, or who obtain your consent to know such information may also have access to read and use this data.

## 33.15 Product List

For a complete product list, please contact your local customer support service.

#### Insulin Delivery

- t:slim X2 insulin pump with Control-IQ™ technology
- t:case (pump cover with clip)
- t:slim X2 user guide

- USB cable
- USB charger with power plugs
- · cartridge removal tool

#### Consumables

- cartridge
  - t:slim X2 cartridge (t:lock™ connector)
- infusion set (all with t:lock connector)

Infusion sets are available in different cannula sizes, tubing lengths, insertion angles, and may come with or without an insertion device. Some infusion sets have a soft cannula and others and have a steel needle.

Contact your local customer support service for available sizes and lengths of the following infusion sets with t:lock connectors:

- AutoSoft™ 90 infusion set
- AutoSoft 30 infusion set
- VariSoft™ infusion set

TruSteel™ infusion set

Optional Accessories/Replacement Parts

- t:case pump cover (black, blue, pink, purple, turquoise, olive)
- t:slim USB charging cable
- t:slim USB charger
- power plug for t:slim USB charger
- car adapter for t:slim USB charging cable
- cartridge removal tool
- t:slim screen protector
- USB rubber door

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank

#### **INDEX** Alerts & Reminders . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50 CGM ..... 189, 213 Α CGM. Calibrate CGM Alert ..... 221 Air Bubbles Removing Before Delivery .......83 CGM, Incomplete Calibration Alert ..... 218 CGM, Low Transmitter Battery Alert . . . . . . . . . . 231 CGM, Out of Range Alert ..... 230, 281, 282 CGM, Second Startup Calibration Alert ........ 216 CGM, Startup Calibration Alert . . . . . . . . . . . . 215 Low Power Alarm .....140 Control-IQ Technology . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 279 Temperature Alarm .....144 Control-IQ Technology, Low Alert . . . . . . . . . . . 283 Control-IQ Technology, Max Insulin Alert ...... 285

Data Error Alert136
High Glucose Alert, Set190
Incomplete Bolus Alert
Incomplete Cartridge Change Alert
Incomplete Fill Cannula Alert
Incomplete Fill Tubing Alert
Incomplete Load Sequence Alerts
Incomplete Personal Profile Alert
Incomplete Setting Alert
Incomplete Temp Rate Alert121
Low Glucose Alert, Set191
Low Insulin Alert112, 117
Low Power Alerts118, 119
Max Bolus Alerts128, 129
Max Hourly Bolus Alert127
Min Basal Alerts
Out of Range Alert, Set
Power Source Alert
Alternate Site BG Testing
<b>Altitude</b>
<b>Altitude Alarm</b>
Aquatic Activities, Pump
Arrows
CGM Trends
Up/Down Arrows

# В

<b>Basal</b>	34
Basal Rate Required Alert	26
Current Basal Rate	4
Delivery Accuracy	)9
Frequency of Delivery	)9
in Personal Profiles	'3
Set a Temp Rate7	7
Stop a Temp Rate7	'8
Temp Basal Rate3	35
Timed Settings	1
Basal Rate Required Alert12	26
<b>Battery</b>	0
Battery Level40, 4	12
Charging Tips	31
Battery, Charge6	06
<b>BG</b>	34
High BG Reminder	)8
Low BG Reminder	)8
Target BG34, 7	1
Target BG in Personal Profiles	'3
BG Reminder	)9
<b>Bluetooth</b>	34
Bluetooth, Recommended Distance Between Devices 32	

<b>Bolus</b>	Cannula, Fill Cannula		
Active Bolus Icon	<b>Carb Ratio</b>		
After Bolus BG Reminder	Current Status 44		
	in Personal Profiles		
Bolus Screen	Timed Settings		
Cancel a Bolus	Carbohydrate 35		
Correction Bolus	Carbohydrates		
Delivery Accuracy	Carbs, in Personal Profiles		
Extended Bolus35, 97	Food Bolus Using Grams		
Food Bolus Using Grams	Food Bolus, on Bolus Screen		
Food Bolus Using Units96	<b>Carbs</b>		
in Personal Profiles	Carbs, on Bolus Screen		
Quick Bolus			
Stop a Bolus	<b>Cartridge</b>		
Timed Settings	Cartridge Tubing		
	Change Cartridge		
C	Fill Cartridge		
	Load Cartridge 82, 86		
<b>Calculation</b>	Load the Cartridge 35		
Calibrate CGM Alert221	Cartridge Error Alarm		
Calibration Alert, 12 Hour217	Cartridge Removal Alarm		
Calibration Error Alert220	CGM		
Calibration Timeout Alert219	12 Hour Calibration Alert		
Cancel a Bolus	Alerts and Errors		
<b>Cannula</b>	Automatic Sensor Shut-Off		

Calibrate Blood Glucose Value	High Glucose Alert, Set190
Calibrate CGM Alert	History, View211
Calibrating Your CGM	Incomplete Calibration Alert218
Calibration Error Alert220	Low BG Alert Default191
Calibration Overview	Low BG Alert Repeat191
Calibration Prompts	Low Glucose Alert, Set
Calibration Timeout Alert219	Low Transmitter Battery Alert
CGM Fall Alert	My CGM Screen176
CGM High Alert	Out of Range Alert
CGM Info	Out of Range Alert, Set193
CGM Low Alert	Out of Range/No Antenna, Troubleshooting 239
CGM Rise Alert	Pair Your CGM
CGM Settings184	Rate of Change Arrows208
CGM System Error	Receiver
CGM Unavailable	Rise and Fall Alerts192
Clinical Studies, Sensor	Second Startup Calibration Alert216
Default Volume	Sensor Inaccuracies, Troubleshooting240
Distance to Pump and other devices	Sensor Startup Period197
End a Sensor Session	Set Correction Bolus204
Enter Transmitter ID	Set Volume185
Failed Sensor	Start Calibration202
Failed Sensor, Troubleshooting	Start or Stop a CGM Sensor195
Glucose Trend Arrows	Startup Calibration Alert215
Glucose Trend Graphs	Status Symbols170
High BG Alert Default	System Overview180
High BG Alert Repeat	Transmitter Error232

Transmitter ID184	Control-IQ Technology
Troubleshooting237	Automatic Correction Bolus Delivery 265
Unknown Sensor Reading229	Calculate Total Daily Insulin
Unknown Sensor Reading, Troubleshooting238	During Exercise
View Data on Pump, Overview206	During Sleep
<b>CGM Fall Alert</b>	High Alert 284
<b>CGM High Alert</b>	Home Screen
<b>CGM ID</b> 184	How it Works
<b>CGM Low Alert</b> 223, 224	Increasing Insulin Delivery
<b>CGM Rise Alert</b>	Information on Your Screen
CGM Safety Information	Insulin Decreased
<b>CGM System Error</b>	Insulin Suspended 261
CGM Unavailable	Low Alert
Charge	Manually Start or Stop Sleep
AC Power Outlet	Max Insulin Alert 285
Car Adapter	Maximum Insulin Delivery
Charging Tips	No Activity Enabled
Computer	Overview
Charge the Pump60	Personal Profile Basal Rate Delivery
Cleaning Your System	Required Settings
Colors	Responsible Use
Explanation of Pump Colors	Schedule Sleep
Computer Charging Specifications	Set Weight
Connection Error Alert	Start or Stop Exercise
	Total Daily Insulin
Contents, of Pump Package34	Turn On or Off

Weight	Low BG Reminder
Control-IQ Technology Safety Information 244	Low Glucose Alert191
<b>Correction Bolus</b>	Low Insulin Alert
<b>Correction Factor</b>	Quick Bolus99
in Personal Profiles73	Screen Timeout65
Timed Settings71	Site Reminder110
Current Status Screen44	Delete Personal Profile77
	Delivery Summary
D	<b>Device Settings</b>
<u></u>	Disconnect When Filling87
<b>D. F. M.</b> I.	Display Settings
Data Error Alert	Disposing of System Components
Data, View CGM Overview	
Date	E
Date and Time Display	<u> </u>
Edit Date63	
Default	Edit
Auto-Off Alarm112	Edit Date63
Basal Temp Rate	Edit Time63
CGM Default Volume185	Site Reminder90
CGM Fall Alert	Electromagnetic Compatibility321
CGM Out of Range Alert193	Electromagnetic Emissions322
CGM Rise Alert192	Electromagnetic Immunity323
Extended Bolus	Empty Cartridge Alarm141
High BG Reminder109	End CGM Sensor Session
High Glucose Alert	Extended Bolus
	Extended Boldo

Default97	Control-IQ Technology
	High BG Reminder
F	History
<u> </u>	CGM History
Failed Sensor Error	Control-IQ Technology History 106
	Pump History 106
<b>Fall Alert, Set</b>	Home Screen
Fill	Home Screen, CGM
Fill Cannula	Home Screen, Control-IQ Technology
Fill Port83, 84	1
Fill Tubing87	<u> </u>
G	Icons
<u>d</u>	Explanation of Icons
	Incomplete Bolus Alert
Glucose Rate of Change Arrows	Incomplete Calibration Alert
Glucose Trend Graphs207	Incomplete Cartridge Change Alert
Grams	Incomplete Fill Cannula Alert
Food Bolus, on Bolus Screen	Incomplete Fill Tubing Alert
Food Bolus, using96	Incomplete Load Sequence Alerts
	Incomplete Setting Alert
H	Incomplete Temp Rate Alert
	Infusion Set Risks
Healthcare Provider31 High Alert	Infusion Site Care

Infusion Site Care, Pediatric20	Load Cartridge82, 86
Insulin	Low BG Reminder
Insulin Duration71	Low Insulin Alert
Insulin Level Display	<b>Low Power Alarm</b> 140
Insulin On Board (IOB)	<b>Low Power Alerts</b>
Insulin On Board (IOB) Display	Low Transmitter Battery Alert
Resume Insulin Delivery	•
Stop Insulin Delivery104	M
Insulin Duration, in Personal Profiles	<u> </u>
Insulin on Board (IOB), in Personal Profiles72	Maintaining Vann Dona
Interference, FCC Notice	Maintaining Your Pump
	Malfunction
K	Manual Bolus
··-	Max Basal Alerts
<b>Keypad</b>	<b>Max Bolus</b>
Letter Keypad	Max Bolus Alerts
Number Keypad	Max Hourly Bolus Alert127
Name of Noypad	Max Insulin Alert
1	Control-IQ Technology
<u>L</u>	Min Basal Alerts131, 132
	Missed Meal Bolus Reminder
<b>Language</b> 62	<b>My Pump Screen</b>
<b>LED</b>	
LED, location on Home Screen42	
Lifestyle Issues	

0	<b>Pump History</b>
	Pump History, Delivery Summary
<b>Occlusion Alarms</b>	<b>Pump Info</b>
<b>Options Screen</b>	Pump Info, Serial Number
Out of Range Alert	Pump Package Contents
Overview	Pump Performance, Specifications
CGM Overview	Pump Settings, Specifications
	Pump Specifications
P	
	Q
Pediatric	-
Infusion Site Care	<b>Quick Bolus</b>
Security PIN	Pediatric
Personal Profiles	
Activate a Profile76	R
Add Profiles	
Copy an Existing76	Receiver. CGM
Create a New Profile70	Reminders
Delete a Profile	
Edit or View75	After Bolus BG
Personal Profiles Overview	Alerts & Reminders
Program a Personal Profile	High BG
Rename a Profile77	Low BG
Power Adapter, AC60	Missed Meal Bolus
Power Source Alert	Site Reminder

<b>Reset Alarm</b> 149	Device Settings52
Resume Insulin Delivery	Home Screen
Resume Pump Alarm139	Letter Keypad Screen
Returned Goods Policy329	Lock Screen
<b>Rise Alert, Set</b>	My CGM Screen176
Risks from Using the Pump30	My Pump Screen50
Risks from Using the System	Number Keypad Screen
	Options Screen48
0	Unlock
S	Second Startup Calibration Alert, CGM216
	<b>Security PIN</b>
Safety Information	Pediatric
CGM161	Select Language
Control-IQ Technology243	Sensor
Pump23	Applicator
Screen On/Quick Bolus Button Alarm	Automatic Shut-Off
<b>Screen Protector</b>	CGM Clinical Studies
Screen Timeout, set	Failed Sensor, Troubleshooting240
Screens	Out of Range Alert
Bolus Screen	Out of Range/No Antenna, Troubleshooting 239
CGM Home Screen	Troubleshooting237
CGM Lock Screen	Troubleshooting Sensor Reading238
Control-IQ Technology	Unknown Reading229
Control-IQ Technology Home Screen	Sensor Startup Period
Control-IQ Technology Lock Screen	Sensor, Start a Session
Current Status Screen44	Sensor, Start Calibration

<b>Serial Number</b>
<b>Set CGM Volume</b>
Settings, Pump Setting Specifications314
Site Reminder
Set Site Reminder110
Site Reminder, Set90
<b>Sound</b>
Specifications
Computer Charging313
Distance Between CGM, Pump, other devices 326
Electromagnetic Compatibility321
Electromagnetic Emissions322
Electromagnetic Immunity323
Pump
Pump Performance316
Water Resistance
Startup Calibration Alert
<b>Stop a Bolus</b>
Stop a Temp Rate78
Stop CGM Sensor Session
Stop Insulin Delivery104
Storing Your System
Supply Reordering

## Т

<b>Tandem Logo</b>
<b>Target BG</b>
in Personal Profiles
Timed Settings 71
Technical Specifications
Temp Rate
Stop a Temp Rate
Temp Rate, Set a Temp Basal Rate
Temperature Alarm 144
Temperature, Extreme
Time
Date and Time Display 40
Edit Time 63
Time Segments 70
Time Segments, in Personal Profiles 72
Time Segments
add to Personal Profile
<b>Timed Settings</b>
in Personal Profiles
Transmitter
Safety Lock
Transmitter Error
<b>Transmitter ID</b>

<b>Travel</b>
<b>Traveling, by Air</b>
Trend Graphs, Glucose Trends, Arrows207
Troubleshooting CGM237
Tubing
Cartridge Tubing42
Fill Tubing87
Tubing Connector
U
<b>Units</b>
Food Bolus, on Bolus Screen
Food Bolus, Using Units96
Units, on Bolus Screen
Unknown Sensor Reading229
<b>Unlock the Screen</b>
USB
USB Adapter
USB Cable
USB Port

# 

View Calculation Volume											
W											
Warranty											
Pump Warranty	 										329
Water Resistance, Pump											158
Watertight, Pump	 			 							158

#### **COPYRIGHTS, PATENTS, AND TRADEMARKS**

© 2020 Tandem Diabetes Care, Inc. All rights reserved.

Covered by one or more patents. For a list of patents, see tandemdiabetes.com/legal/patents.

Tandem Diabetes Care, the Tandem Diabetes Care logo, t:lock, t:slim X2, Control-IQ, AutoSoft, TruSteel, and VariSoft are trademarks of Tandem Diabetes Care, Inc. Dexcom and Dexcom G6 are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Dexcom, Inc. in the U.S. and/or other countries. The Bluetooth word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc. and any use of such marks by Tandem Diabetes Care, Inc. is under license.

All other third party marks are the property of their respective owners.

EC REP

**C**€

MDSS GmbH Schiffgraben 41 30175 Hannover Germany



#### CONTACT INFORMATION:

tandemdiabetes.com/contact

#### UNITED STATES:

(877) 801-6901 tandemdiabetes.com

#### CANADA:

(833) 509-3598 tandemdiabetes.ca



1006229\_C AW-1006230\_C

© 2020 Tandem Diabetes Care, Inc. All rights reserved.